Staff Responses to Council Questions August 2, 2016

5. Consent Agenda

C. Motion: Award \$94,104.52 to Lakes and Rivers Contracting, Inc., Lemont, IL, for the 2016 Bridge Compliance Improvements

What are the 6 bridges?

There are 5 box culvert structures that meet the qualification of bridges in IDOT's bridge inspection program. Three of the structures are located on St. Joseph Creek (Brookbank Road, south of Gilbert), (Jacqueline Drive, south of Gilbert) and (Lee Avenue, south of Gilbert); two structures are located on Prentiss Creek (Woodward Avenue, north of Prentiss Drive) and (Prentiss Drive, west of Woodward Avenue).

Given the reduced scope, why don't we go out for additional bids?

Lakes & Rivers is willing to hold their prices, even with the reduced scope and it's staff's opinion that re-bidding the project would likely result in higher prices.

Is there a sense of why we only received two bids?

The overall scope of the work is not very extensive and the work is specialized. Many of the larger bridge repair firms are not interested in bidding small-scale projects because it is not worth mobilizing their people and equipment for a limited amount of work.

Why were the estimates so off?

The Village's consultant, Epstein, underestimated some of the unit prices due to the low quantities within the bid. For example, Epstein originally estimated \$1,000/SY for the cast-in-place concrete structures versus a \$2,000 bid resulting in a \$21,000 cost differential, \$100/LF estimated for pedestrian railings versus a \$186 bid resulting in a \$22,000 differential, and an estimated \$250 per guard posts versus \$875 bid per post resulting in a \$15,000 cost differential.

D. Motion: Authorize a Change Order for \$60,000 to Homer Tree Care, Inc., Lockport, IL, for Tree and Stump Removal Services

When the original RFP was issued, who responded and what were their responses (numbers)? The bid tabulation for this contract is attached

Can we issue a new RFP and extend the contract out past the original contract? Yes, however it is staff's opinion there would be a risk to the favorable pricing the Village received for this contract. This contract was issued in October 2015 and covers the years 2016, 2017 and 2018. The Village received very favorable pricing and the contractor is not increasing the unit pricing through contract term. Per the terms of the contract the Village is allowed to increase the contract quantities up to 50%.

E. Resolution: Authorize a License Agreement with Crown Castle for Use of Village Rights-of-Way

Who is Crown Castle and what damage are they likely to do?

Crown Castle NG Central LLC is a public utility authorized by the Illinois Commerce Commission as a telecommunications provider. Crown Castle provides the infrastructure that other companies, typically, wireless cellular companies, need to keep people connected and businesses running. In this instance, Crown Castle is installing fiber optic cable both above and below ground in the Village to allow a wireless carrier to enhance their existing network. Fiber installation below ground is generally done via directional bore, which results in less physical impact to the right of way. Following the execution of the license agreement, Crown Castle will be submitting formal applications for construction, and detailed engineer's drawings will be provided at that time. Crown Castle uses contractors that are locally licensed for its excavation and restoration work. Crown Castle and its contractors will work with the Village to make sure any ground that is disturbed by its installation is restored to the Village's satisfaction.

Will they be doing ANY work on private property?

No new uses of private property are planned. Crown Castle's fiber optic installations will either be hung on existing utility poles, or placed underground in the public right of way in new or existing communications conduits.

Will they be leaving any boxes, poles, or other structure on Village ROW that will appear as if on private property (parkways etc.)? Will what they leave behind be visible? Describe. The infrastructure Crown will build in the Village consists of fiber optic cable. No above-ground boxes, poles, or other structures will be added to the right of way. All poles that Crown intends to use are those already existing in the right of way. Crown may need to place approximately two to four new hand holes in the ground in order to service the underground portions of their cable. Hand holes do not extend above ground, and will under no circumstances be placed on private property.

Crown Castle's fiber optic cable will be seen hanging in the communications space of some existing utility poles, similar to that of Comcast or AT&T. These aerial installations will follow all NESC guidelines and state and local regulations.

A-D. Ordinances for property at 1815 Ogden Avenue

Has the DGEDC reviewed the redevelopment agreement?

Yes, the DGEDC has reviewed the redevelopment agreement and supports it (see attached letter from Michael Cassa).

PWF will move to new location but PW will remain at old location as well? How does this affect the current sales tax agreement? Will the old one remain in effect? Are there any penalties on PWF for moving out of current agreement?

All Packey Webb Ford operations will relocate to the 1815 Ogden property. PWF has indicated that they intend to attract another new car dealership to their existing location. Once PWF relocates to 1815 Ogden, the sales tax rebate agreement for the existing property will terminate without penalty.

IF PWF moves as intended, what are the negatives to the Village based on the current agreement? What are the net gains/losses to the Village in terms of cash? The existing PWF site does not meet Ford Motor Company requirements and the 1815 Ogden property is the only site available in the Village that meets the requirements. PWF would likely relocate out of the Village if this redevelopment agreement is not approved.

The relocation of PWF to 1815 Ogden is projected to increase the net sales tax revenue in the General Fund by about \$2.6 million over the term of the redevelopment agreement (2018 to 2032) with the existing dealership projected to generate about \$7.0 million and the relocated, expanded dealership projected to generate about \$9.6 million. This does not include any sales tax revenue that may be generated by a new car dealership moving into the existing PWF dealership.

Dealership at Existing Location

	Taxes Paid	Base Amount	Rebated	Net General Fund Revenue
2018 Proj	\$541,008	\$240,000	\$150,504	\$390,504
2019 Proj	\$551,828	\$240,000	\$155,914	\$395,914
2020 Proj	\$562,865	\$240,000	\$161,432	\$401,432
2021 Proj	\$574,122	\$240,000	\$167,061	\$407,061
2022 Proj	\$585,604	\$240,000	\$172,802	\$412,802
2023 Proj	\$597,317	\$240,000	\$178,658	\$418,658
2024 Proj	\$609,263			\$609,263
2025 Proj	\$621,448			\$621,448
2026 Proj	\$633,877			\$633,877

Total 2018-2030		\$6,955,805
2030 Proj	\$686,129	\$686,129
2029 Proj	\$672,675	\$672,675
2028 Proj	\$659,486	\$659,486
2027 Proj	\$646,555	\$646,555

Relocated, Expanded Dealership

			General Fund	General Fund Revenue if Rebates are Paid
	Annual Sales	Rebated to PWF	Revenue	with TIF Funds
2018	\$619,140	\$309,570	\$309,570	\$619,140
2019	\$631,523	\$315,761	\$315,761	\$631,523
2020	\$644,153	\$322,077	\$322,077	\$644,153
2021	\$657,036	\$328,518	\$328,518	\$657,036
2022	\$670,177	\$335,089	\$335,089	\$670,177
2023	\$683,581	\$341,790	\$341,790	\$683,581
2024	\$697,252	\$348,626	\$348,626	\$697,252
2025	\$711,197	\$355,599	\$355,599	\$355,599
2026	\$725,421	\$362,711	\$362,711	\$362,711
2027	\$739,930	\$369,965	\$369,965	\$369,965
2028	\$754,728		\$754,728	\$754,728
2029	\$769,823		\$769,823	\$769,823
2030	\$785,219		\$785,219	\$785,219
2031	\$800,924		\$800,924	\$800,924
2032	\$816,942		\$816,942	\$816,942
Total	\$10,707,046	\$3,389,705	\$7,317,341	\$9,618,772

Will the new property, once remediated, no longer be classified as an LPDA? The LPDAs will remain on the property. As designed, some of the LPDA will be within stormwater vaults underground at the northeast corner of the property and an at-grade LPDA will be located in the southeast corner of the property.

What is the schedule for approvals and waiting for all reports of concern to the neighboring residents?

Some residents have expressed interest in the environmental remediation process. This process is managed by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency. There are two reports required to be submitted and approved by the IEPA as part of this remediation process - a Remedial Action Plan (RAP) and a Remedial Action Completion Report (RACR). The RAP outlines the actions that will be taken to remediate environmental contamination.

The RAP has been prepared and submitted to the IEPA (see attached). The IEPA has reviewed and approved the report.

The RACR details the actual actions that were taken to complete the remediation. It will be prepared once the remediation actions have been completed. It will then be sent to the IEPA for review and approval. It is likely that the RACR will not be completed until the construction of the project is nearly completed.

Are the remediation costs for usage as an auto dealership less, the same, or more intensive (expensive) than if it was used as a police station?

The estimated remediation costs for the automobile dealership development are about the same as the estimated costs for the construction of the police station.

E. Ordinance: Restrict Certain Turns at Middaugh Road and Ogden Avenue

While the turn restrictions are in effect, what is the expected flow of traffic and will that create other traffic challenges?

Because the demographics of the school change each year it is difficult to determine a number of vehicles that will turn right during the morning peak hour. Staff estimates it will be somewhere between 25 and 50. It is not anticipated that this change will create any other traffic challenges.

G. A motion awarding a contract to Elgin Recycling for collection and recycling of residential electronics

Given that the Extravaganza preceded Amnesty Day by a week, that would mean less material by weight and cost for the Village subsidy of Amnesty Day. Can we leverage the two events (this year or in future) to save Amnesty Day costs?

The contract terms negotiated for the current two-year contract extension anticipated a coordinated Recycling Extravaganza, but do not obligate the Village to hold one. Staff scheduled the Extravaganza immediately preceding Amnesty Day in an effort to reduce the volume collected on Amnesty Day and the reduce the likelihood that residents will place electronics on the curb for pick up. Electronic items will not be picked up on Amnesty Day pursuant to State

law. In future contracts, the Village will continue to explore options for reducing the volume of Amnesty Day material and related costs for pick-up.

ATTACHMENTS

Tree and Stump Removal bid tabulation document Downers Grove Economic Development Corporation letter Remedial Action Plan for 1815 Ogden Avenue There are no online rEmarks.

Downers Grov	e Bid Tabul	ation - Tre	e and Stum	n Remova	al - Opened N	Jonday C	october 12 2	015 (Bid	No CFB-0-6	30-2015/	<u>ΓΤ</u>)
30111010 0101			o and otam		и ороност	ionday c	0.00001 12, 2	.0.0 (5.0		20 10/	/
											Page 1 of 2
2016											
		Homer Tre	e Care, Inc.	NJ Ryan T Landscape		Groundske Landscape	eeper e Care LLC	Steve Pipe	r & Sons, Inc.		
Tree or Stump Removal	Estimated Quantities	Unit Price per inch or stump	Extension	Unit Price per inch or stump	Extension	Unit Price per inch or stump	Extension	Unit Price per inch or stump	Extension		
Removal 420 rees 4-19" diam.	6,000	\$8.00	\$48,000.00	\$8.50	\$51,000.00	\$12.75	\$76,500.00	\$13.25	\$79,500.00		
Removal 200 trees >19" diameter	4,600	\$13.99	\$64,354.00	\$14.00	\$64,400.00	\$17.25	\$79,350.00	\$19.30	\$88,780.00		
Removal 620 stumps	620	\$69.99	\$43,393.80	\$70.00	\$43,400.00	\$92.00	\$57,040.00	\$89.75	\$55,645.00		
TOTAL			\$155,747.80		\$158,800.00		\$212,890.00		\$223,925.00		
2017											
		Homer Tre	e Care, Inc.	NJ Ryan T Landscape		Groundske Landscape	eeper Care LLC	Steve Pipe	r & Sons, Inc.		
Tree or Stump Removal	Estimated Quantities	Unit Price per inch or stump	Extension	Unit Price per inch or stump	Extension	Unit Price per inch or stump	Extension	Unit Price per inch or stump	Extension		

	•			\$51,000.00	\$13.23	\$79,500.00	\$13.25	\$79,500.00		
4,600	\$13.99	\$64,354.00	\$14.00	\$64,400.00	\$17.75	\$81,650.00	\$19.30	\$88,780.00		
620	\$69.99	\$43,393.80	\$70.00	\$43,400.00	\$92.00	\$57,040.00	\$89.75	\$55,645.00		
		\$155,747.80		\$158,800.00		\$218,190.00		\$223,925.00		
			620 \$69.99 \$43,393.80	620 \$69.99 \$43,393.80 \$70.00	620 \$69.99 \$43,393.80 \$70.00 \$43,400.00	620 \$69.99 \$43,393.80 \$70.00 \$43,400.00 \$92.00	620 \$69.99 \$43,393.80 \$70.00 \$43,400.00 \$92.00 \$57,040.00	620 \$69.99 \$43,393.80 \$70.00 \$43,400.00 \$92.00 \$57,040.00 \$89.75	620 \$69.99 \$43,393.80 \$70.00 \$43,400.00 \$92.00 \$57,040.00 \$89.75 \$55,645.00	620 \$69.99 \$43,393.80 \$70.00 \$43,400.00 \$92.00 \$57,040.00 \$89.75 \$55,645.00

2018										
		Homer Tre		NJ Ryan T Landscape		Groundske Landscape	eeper e Care LLC	Steve Pipe	er & Sons, Inc.	
Tree or Stump Removal	Estimated Quantities	Unit Price per inch or stump	Extension	Unit Price per inch or stump	<u>Extension</u>	Unit Price per inch or stump	<u>Extension</u>	Unit Price per inch or stump	Extension	
Removal 420 trees 4-19" diam.	6,000	\$8.00	\$48,000.00	\$8.50	\$51,000.00	\$13.90	\$83,400.00	\$13.25	\$79,500.00	
Removal 200 trees >19" diameter	4,600	\$13.99	\$64,354.00	\$14.00	\$64,400.00	\$18.50	\$85,100.00	\$19.30	\$88,780.00	
Removal 620 stumps	620	\$69.99	\$43,393.80	\$70.00	\$43,400.00	\$92.00	\$57,040.00	\$89.75	\$55,645.00	
TOTAL			\$155,747.80		\$158,800.00		\$225,540.00		\$223,925.00	
TOTAL 3 YEA	RS									
		Homer Tre		NJ Ryan T Landscape		Groundske Landscape	eeper e Care LLC	Steve Pipe	er & Sons, Inc.	
TOTAL 2016+2017	+2018		\$467,243.40		\$476,400.00		\$656,620.00		\$671,775.00	



Downers Grove Economic Development Corporation

5159 Mochel • Downers Grove, IL 60515 630.729.0380 • www.dgedc.com

Date: August 1, 2016

To: Mayor Tully and Village Commissioners

From: Michael Cassa, President & CEO

Downers Grove Economic Development Corporation

Re: Packey Webb Ford

On behalf of the Downers Grove Economic Development Corporation, I am presenting our position on the proposed Redevelopment and Sales Tax Rebate Agreement between the Village of Downers Grove and 1815, LLC for the redevelopment of the vacant property at Ogden and Lacey.

Packey Webb Ford currently operates a dealership at Ogden and Finley. The existing facility no longer complies with Ford Motor Company standards. Specifically, there is insufficient parking for new and used cars and an insufficient number of service bays. Packey Webb has indicated that they need to relocate the dealership to a larger site that meets Ford Motor Company requirements. The only site available in the Village that meets those requirements is the vacant property at Ogden and Lacey.

Packey Webb is proposing to build a 53,759 sq. ft. dealership at 1815 Ogden. The 9.75 acre site is located on the south side of Ogden, at the intersection of Lacey Road, east of Stonewall. The two-story building would include a showroom, offices, and service and detail areas. Packey Webb is also requesting approval of a future stand-alone car wash facility that will not be part of the initial construction phase. The project will include 815 vehicle parking spaces.

The property has been vacant for several decades. The site has many costly impediments to redevelopment, which is the principal reason why this important catalyst site has remained vacant for so long. These impediments include:

- <u>Environmental Contamination</u>: A large portion of the site was previously used as a salvage yard. The site must be remediated to Illinois Environmental Protection Agency standards.
- <u>Wetlands</u>: The site contains a wetland near the southern property line. The environmental contamination extends into the wetlands, which requires mitigation.
- <u>Local Poor Drainage Area (LPDA):</u> A large portion of the site lies within two LPDA's. Development within the LPDA's must conform to the Village's stormwater management regulations.
- <u>Significant Elevation Change</u>: The site contains a 25-foot change in elevation from west to east.
 This topography is not conducive for commercial redevelopment. The site must be re-graded to accommodate commercial uses.

The Redevelopment and Sales Tax Rebate Agreement includes the following terms:

- Packey Webb shall develop the site with a new car dealership pursuant to development plans reviewed and approved by the Village.
- Packey Webb shall complete the development according to the schedule approved by the Village and attached to the redevelopment agreement.
- The Village shall reimburse Packey Webb for TIF eligible expenses in an amount not to exceed \$5 million. The reimbursement shall be paid upon completion of the development and submittal of paid invoices for the TIF eligible expenses.
- The Village shall pay Packey Webb an amount equal to 50% of the municipal sales tax revenue generated by the development.
- Packey Webb shall continue operating the dealership for a period of fifteen years from the start of operations at the new dealership.
- In the event Packey Webb fails to continue to operate the dealership for that period, they shall reimburse the Village all or a portion of the sales tax rebate payments according to the following schedule:
 - Year one through five : 100% of the payments
 - Year six through year ten: 75% of the payments
 - Year eleven through year fifteen: 50% of the payments
- The Village shall waive the Village portion of Downers Grove Sanitary District recapture fee for the sanitary sewer improvements previously constructed by the Village.
- Once Packey Webb opens the new dealership, the Village shall terminate the existing sales tax rebate agreement for the existing dealership located at Ogden and Finley.

There are many benefits to this redevelopment project:

- The redevelopment is projected to generate \$7.3 million in net sales tax revenue for the Village during the 15 year term of the agreement. In the event that the Village makes the sales tax rebate payments for years 2018 to 2024 from the Ogden TIF fund, the net sales tax revenue in for the Village could be as much as \$9.6 million.
- Packey Webb is projecting \$10.7 million in sales for the 15 year period of the agreement, further enhancing Ogden Avenue in Downers Grove as a premier location for new auto dealerships.
- An important catalyst site that has remained vacant for decades will be redeveloped. Packey
 Webb Ford will become an important anchor business for that portion of Ogden Avenue, helping
 to spur other redevelopment on adjacent parcels.
- Environmental contamination on a large commercial site will be remediated.

- The project represents a significant retention and expansion of an existing Downers Grove business.
- Packey Webb will have the opportunity to operate another auto dealership at their site at Ogden and Finley, which would generate additional sales tax revenue for the Village.

The Downers Grove Economic Development Corporation strongly supports the proposed Redevelopment and Sales Tax Rebate Agreement between the Village of Downers Grove and 1815, LLC.

Environmental and Natural Resource Services Provider

July 7, 2016

Mr. Rhett Rossi, Project Manager Illinois Environmental Protection Agency-Site Remediation Program Bureau of Land – Remedial Project Management Section 1021 North Grand Avenue East // P.O. Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

Subject:

Remedial Action Plan Document

Aldi, Inc. 9.75 Acre Site – Proposed Packey Webb Ford Dealership Located at 1815 West Ogden Avenue in Downers Grove, IL. 60515;

LPC # 0430305287 - DuPage County / Aldi, Inc.

Site Remediation / Technical Reports

Dear Mr. Rossi:

Enclosed please find the Remedial Action Plan (RAP) document for the above-referenced Aldi, Inc., a 9.75 acre site that was a reported automobile scrapyard operation at this location from 1932 to 1982. This RAP document describes proposed remedial action activities that will occur in conjunction with site redevelopment pending IEPA approval. Descriptions of the GEOTHINK subsurface investigation involving soil, soil gas and groundwater sampling and testing for potential contaminants of concern; along with the summarized results of the prior EPI 2007, Versar 2000, and RUST 1996 investigations have already been described in the Comprehensive Site Investigation and Remedial Objectives Report, which the Agency found acceptable in Correspondence dated June 14, 2016.

If you have questions regarding the information in this Remedial Action Plan, please do not hesitate to contact GEOTHINK at (630) 208-5050.

Sincerely,

GEØTHINK, LLC

Thomas M. Mangan, P.G.

Senior Professional Geologist / President

C:

Mr. Brad Webb, Packey Webb Ford

Mr. Jeff Lietz, CVGA

Mr. Stan Popovich, Village of Downers Grove

GEOTHINK, LLC - Project File

REMEDIAL ACTION PLAN

of the

9.75 Acre Aldi Inc. Commercial Property (Former Pollack Auto Scrapyard) 1815 West Ogden Avenue (LPC #0430305287) Downers Grove, Illinois 60515, DuPage County

Prepared for:

Mr. Brad Webb
Packey Webb Ford
2150 West Ogden Avenue
Downers Grove, Illinois 60515

&

Mr. Rhett Rossi, Project Manager
Illinois EPA- Site Remediation Program
Bureau of Land – Remedial Project Management Section
1021 North Grand Avenue East// P.O. Box 19276
Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

Prepared by:

GEOTHINK, LLC 611 Stevens Street Geneva, Illinois 60134 (630) 208-5050

GEOTHINK, LLC Project # 2015-01028

July 7, 2016

REMEDIAL ACTION PLAN

of the

9.75 Acre Aldi, Inc. Commercial Property (Former Pollack Auto Scrapyard) 1815 West Ogden Avenue (LPC #0430305287) Downers Grove, Illinois 60515, DuPage County

Prepared for:

Mr. Brad Webb Packey Webb Ford 2150 West Ogden Avenue Downers Grove, Illinois 60515

&

Mr. Rhett Rossi, Project Manager Illinois EPA- Site Remediation Program Bureau of Land – Remedial Project Management Section 1021 North Grand Avenue East// P.O. Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

Prepared by:

GEOTHINK, LLC 611 Stevens Street Geneva, Illinois 60134 (630) 208-5050

Thomas M. Mangan, P.G. # 196-000449

Senior Professional Geologist

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A Remedial Action Plan (RAP) in accordance with Section 740.450 regulation has been completed for Mr. Brad Webb of Packey Webb Ford (Remedial Applicant), located at 1815 West Ogden Avenue, Downers Grove, DuPage County, Illinois (Remediation Site). Proposed remedial activities include soil excavation, soil consolidation, soil relocation and envelopment, soil containment under engineered barriers, and/or limited soil disposal off-site at licensed landfill to mitigate metal and PNA contaminated fill/soils to below applicable Tier 1 Class II Soil Remediation Objectives (SROs). Engineered barriers will be employed like the proposed building slab for capping remaining impacted and encapsulated soils with clean soil, or asphalt layer, and/or concrete pavement as needed for placement after completion of multiple remediation stages. Remedial activities will occur during 2016–2017 site redevelopment process into an operating Packey Webb Ford (PWF) automotive dealership sometime in 2017-2018.

A Comprehensive Site Investigation (CSI) was performed to evaluate the possible presence of potential constituents of concern (PCOC), which are the volatile organic compounds (VOCs), Poly-Nuclear-Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PNAs), semi-volatile organics (SVOCs), Polychlorinated-Biphenyls (PCBs), and metals specifically, arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, copper, cyanide, lead, mercury, nickel, selenium, silver, and zinc in the subsurface soil, soil vapor, and/or groundwater on the former auto yard site. The evaluation of the possible presence of PCOCs was done in order to support development of risk-based remedial objectives (if necessary) and issuance of a Comprehensive No Further Remediation determination for this industrial/commercial (I/C) brownfield property to allow its redevelopment into an automobile dealership. The results of the CSI and other environmental investigations were presented in the GEOTHINK, LLC (GEOTHINK) CSIR and Remediation Objectives Report (ROR), submitted to the IEPA on April 11, 2016, and Agency approved on June 14, 2016.

The soil contaminants of concern (COCs) above Tier 1 Class II SROs are identified as PNA compounds Benzo (a) pyrene and Dibenzo (a, h) anthracene, and metals Antimony, Barium, Chromium, Lead, Mercury and Selenium. No groundwater COCs above Tier 1 Class II Ground Water Remediation Objectives (GROs) have been identified for the subject property.

The Subject Property is located on two parcels covering approximately 9.75 acres that is currently unoccupied and owned by Aldi, Inc. The site is located at the south side of Ogden Avenue, directly south of the intersection of Ogden Avenue and Lacey Street in the Village of Downers Grove, IL northwest side. The surrounding properties are currently occupied by commercial to the north, northwest and northeast, while residential areas are to the west, south and southeast sides of the site.

Most of the subject property consists of open field with scattered clumps of trees that contain broken concrete piles and/or automobile scrap metal parts. The uneven ground surface contains broken concrete pieces along with metal pieces of car parts as part of the surface fill layer that seems to extend across the eastern and southern portions of the property. Wooded areas were observed along the eastern, southern, and western property boundaries. A small intermittent drainage flowing from west to east was observed along the southern property boundary that was delineated to be 0.33-acre regulated wetland. This wetland drainage along the southern portion of the site discharges by surface flow into large open water wetland observed off-site adjacent to the southeastern corner of the subject property. Remnant scrapyard auto parts are intermixed in the ground surface composed of topsoil and fill impacted with metals 1 to 2 feet deep, and less extensive 'pockets' of metals and/or PNA impacted soils that extend 2 to 4 feet deep, or isolated "pockets" of impacted soil 6 to 8 feet deep as determined at the subject property by the CSIR. The subject property slopes from high ground along the western property line to the northeast and to the southeast with a ridge divide at the east-central part of the property. The northeast and southeast corners of the site each contain low elevation areas.

The proposed RAP will address soil COC exceedences above ROR identified Tier 1 Industrial/Commercial Soil Ingestion SROs, Construction Worker Soil Inhalation SRO, and Tier 1 Class II Soil Component to Groundwater Ingestion Exposure Route (SCGIER) SROs. The RAP will be conducted in multiple stages of soil management actions across the subject property prior to and concurrently with the excavation and construction of two (2) underground stormwater detention systems (includes LA2) and one (1) above ground open compensatory storage area (LA3), along with subsequent cut and fill grading work to construct dealership building pad and adjacent parking lot pads. In addition, the 0.33-acre Village regulated wetland along the southern portion of the site will be excavated to remove surface and subsurface metal contamination. A Village issued stormwater permit will be obtained authorizing wetland impacts to be mitigated off-site through "Payment in Lieu" to the Village. The stormwater permit will allow the necessary removal of trees in the southern and eastern boundary limits to allow subsequent remediation excavation and grading access to those areas.

The Village of Downers Grove has a ground water ordinance that prohibits water well installation within the Village limits. Therefore, a separate ground water use restriction for the PWF property is not necessary. No groundwater COCs above Tier 1 Class II GROs have been identified for the subject property in the IEPA approved CSIR. Therefore, a groundwater management zone is not required for the PWF site and this RAP. A construction worker notification is recommended as part of the GEOTHINK generated RAP Health and Safety Plan in order to notify and protect construction/remediation workers from COCs including mercury soil contamination above Tier 1 SRO construction worker soil inhalation SRO. A copy of the RAP Health and Safety Plan (HSP) will be posted on-site at an accessible location(s).

A significant volume of COC contaminated topsoil/fill/soil materials are present at the subject property. The excavation, transport and landfill disposal of significant volumes of contaminated materials is cost-prohibitive to this PWF redevelopment project. Therefore, GEOTHINK on behalf of PWF request IEPA approval of the Establishment of Soil Management Zones at the subject property per Section 740.535 regulations to remediate on-site a majority of the COC contaminated soils. The purpose of the proposed soil management zones (SMZ) is to allow the consideration and approval of on-site solutions to on-site non-hazardous soil contamination that complies with IEPA solid waste disposal regulations.

The proposed RAP implementation Stages and the establishment of Soil Management Zones to conduct an effective remediation of the COCs to applicable Tier 1 SROs for I/C land is as follows:

Soil Management Zone areas are identified as: Soil Management Zone #1 (SMZ #1) is the LA3 above ground compensatory storage area at the southeast corner of the site, Soil Management Zone #2 (SMZ #2) includes the 45,505 sf dealership building footprint (slab on grade – 740' F.F.E.) and Soil Management Zone #3 (SMZ #3) are those designated asphalt parking lot pad areas on the east, north, south and west sides of the building as needed to manage and contain COC impacted soils.

Soil Remediation will commence only after receipt of IEPA letter approving this RAP and concurrently the Village issuance of grading / stormwater permit to PWF. Once the IEPA approves the RAP, the RA (PWF) will begin proceedings to complete the purchase of the subject property from the current owner ALDI, Inc. and consolidate the two PIN parcels into one (1) new parcel.

STAGE 1 of soil remediation will take place after site preparation tree removals and updated groundwater testing have been completed and prior to STAGE 2 excavation and construction of stormwater systems. STAGE 1 soil excavation will remove the top 1-2 foot layer of topsoil/fill (non-contaminated) and topsoil/fill contaminated with metals/PNAs across the site. The 1 to 2 foot layer of topsoil/fill is an estimated 14,000 cubic yards and the contaminated portion of that material is an estimated 7,000 to 8,000 cubic yards in volume.

Additional ground surface areas (2 underground storage detention areas, 1 above ground compensatory storage area, parking lots, utility right of ways) identified as containing lead contaminated soils with lesser coverage "impacted areas" of metal contaminated (antimony, barium, chromium, mercury, or selenium) topsoil/fill from near the eastern and southern property line areas will be removed and temporarily stockpiled on-site. Organic topsoil material is unsuitable as fill material beneath proposed building slab or parking lots or sidewalks.

STAGE 1 will include the COC sampling and testing of groundwater (PNAs and 5 Metals) collected from the existing 5 monitor wells to provide the RA and IEPA a Pre-Remediation Groundwater Quality Baseline Characterization. In addition, 3 new monitoring wells will be drilled, constructed and tested for COCs along the southern and eastern boundaries for use in Post-Remediation Groundwater monitoring. The wells MW-2, MW-3, MW and MW-5 will be properly abandoned after groundwater sampling and testing has been conducted and prior to STAGE 1 earthmoving excavation of impacted surface topsoil/fill.

The STAGE 1 impacted soils will be temporarily stockpiled at designated on-site locations and covered/secured to prohibit erosion runoff. Scattered piles of concrete rubble and larger automobile parts in the ground surface will be exhumed, segregated and stockpiled on-site at designated locations for later recycling. Upon the removals of the surface 1-2 feet of impacted topsoil/fill materials, GEOTHINK geologist will conduct select soil confirmation sampling and testing for metals and PNAs at specific locations along excavation base floor depths within: a) the footprint of the building, b) footprints of the 2 underground and 1 above ground stormwater structures, and c) designated parking lot pads around the building for documentation of contaminant site remediation conditions.

STAGE 2 involves the excavation and construction of the 2 underground storm water detention systems (includes LA2) and 1 above ground open compensatory storage area (LA3) stretching along the entire eastern portion of the subject property. The larger underground detention system will be composed of 8' and 10' diameter CMP to store a potential 4.6 acre-feet, while LA2 underground detention will be composed of 8' diameter CMP to store a potential 0.96 acre-feet. The above ground LA3 compensatory storage area will be excavated to sufficient depth for impacted topsoil/fill placement and encapsulation, while performing 2.06 acre-feet of runoff storage. Excavation will be performed in these three designated areas from 8 to 15 feet below existing grades (potentially deeper as needed) to allow construction of these stormwater structures. While these 3 structures are excavated, the GEOTHINK geologist will direct the work to ensure isolated hot spots of impacted soils are identified, segregated and stockpiled on-site, while clean clay material is segregated and placed in designated stockpiles for later re-use as fill.

During these STAGE 2 excavations, several dewatering sumps will be constructed per excavation area at locations to be determined by GEOTHINK geologist. Ground water pumped from dedicated excavations sumps will be run through pretreatment train to remove sediments prior to discharge to Village authorized Ogden Avenue stormwater system, and/or to the far southeast corner of the site. Since each of these 2 underground detention and 1 above ground compensatory storage area currently contain areas of impacted soils/fill, the GEOTHINK geologist will conduct selective soil confirmation sampling and testing for COCs at specific locations along the below ground detention structure excavation sidewalls and floor depths to determine the effectiveness of remedial excavation and document clean soil conditions.

The ~0.55 acre designated LA3 compensatory storage area located at the far southeast corner of the PWF site is proposed to manage several critical functions towards the achieving the successful remediation and redevelopment of the property to comply with IEPA SRP and TACO regulations and Village Stormwater Ordinance requirements. The existing portion of the on-site 0.33-acre wetland that crosses the LA3 area along with the rest of the wetland will be removed and mitigated through the Village.

The LA3 above ground open compensatory storage area is designed to comply with Village Stormwater Ordinance requirements. A total of 2.06 acre feet of stormwater storage on-site are available to aid in minimizing possible off-site Wetland #2401 impacts from periodic floodwaters that inundate the adjacent off-site wetlands and ease the potential for flood damages to nearby residences. The LA3 bottom (above ground) and slopes are to be planted after construction with appropriate native seed mixes and cover crop.

This LA3 above ground compensatory storage area is RAP proposed to become the Soil Management Zone #1 (SMZ #1) area for soil consolidation, engineered burial and envelopment of the STAGE 1 spoils containing mostly metal contaminated topsoil/fill materials. Under the direction of GEOTHINK geologist during STAGE 2 excavation work, the SMZ #1 area will be excavated into clean clay materials to an ideal depth of 15 feet BGL with 1:1 slopes. However the excavation may extend deeper as needed. Exposed and anticipated clean clay walls and excavation bottom conditions will be confirmed with sufficient number of confirmation COCs soil tests conducted to confirm clean conditions at SMU #1.

STAGE 3 will involve the transport and relocation on-site of contaminated topsoil/fill materials from their designated stockpile(s) to the SMZ #1 facility. GEOTHINK geologist will then direct the placement and consolidation below ground of an estimated 7,000 cubic yards of contaminated topsoil/fill materials into the open excavation in appropriate lifts to within 3 feet of the proposed LA3 bottom elevation, where a three-foot layer of compacted clean clay will be emplaced at the top as an engineered barrier, while the existing 3 foot + thick native silty clay soils along the floor and walls of the excavated and filled SMZ #1 will perform as natural engineered barrier. The proposed 3 foot thick clay layer cap atop SMZ #1 along with the existing native clay walls and floor will together perform as an engineered barrier for SMZ #1 to mitigate soil vapor inhalation exposure, soil ingestion exposure and SCGIER exposure pathways. The actual SMZ #1 structure is estimated to be constructed weather permitting in September-November 2016.

An as-built drawing of the SMZ #1:(LA3) facility along with photographic log will be generated by GEOTHINK after remediation/construction completion for incorporation into the pending Remedial Action Completion Report (RACR).

Three (3) monitoring wells are proposed in STAGE 1 to monitor ground water quality at the property boundary next to Soil Management Zone #1 area (LA3). Well MW-6 will be installed near the south side of SMZ #1, while well MW-7 and MW-8 will be installed on the east side of SMZ #1. These wells will be tested Pre-Remediation and Pre-Construction of SMZ #1. After STAGE 2 construction of the SMZ #1 is completed along with slope grading and native planting work, Post-remediation groundwater samples will be collected from these monitoring wells and be analyzed for COCs and pH. Monitor wells MW-1, MW-3, MW-4 and MW-5 will be abandoned and sealed during STAGE 1 earth moving.

STAGE 4 remediation area identified as Soil Management Zone #2 (SMZ #2) addresses the residual COC soil contamination that remains in the subsurface within the 45,505 sf building footprint after the STAGE 1 excavation and removal of the top 1-2 foot layer of topsoil/fill containing metal debris and metal/PNA contamination has been completed. The proposed first floor concrete slab elevation is 740.0 feet. Additional clean fill along with engineered fill will be placed atop the exposed excavated ground surface to allow the installation of a 10-ml sheet vapor barrier underneath the proposed 5-inch thick poured concrete slab floor that is an engineered barrier covering the entire 45,505 sf building footprint. The 10-ml sheet vapor barrier and the overlying building concrete floor slab (no basements or sump pump basins) will together perform as an engineered barrier for the SMZ #2 dealership building to mitigate soil vapor inhalation exposure, soil ingestion exposure and SCGIER exposure pathways. One (1) concrete lined elevator vault will extend below the building footprint. The actual building concrete floor slab is estimated to be constructed weather permitting in April-June 2017.

STAGE 5 remediation area includes those areas of the site where utility conduit/ utility right of way trenching excavations expose COCs in the subsurface at depths below 1-2 feet BGL, where the previously conducted Stage 1 remediation actions removed the surface topsoil/fill materials for subsequent encapsulation and containment in SMZ #1. These exposed and excavated utility trench COC impacted fills/soils will be transported on-site to a designated stockpile, while clean soils will be removed, segregated and stockpiled on-site for later reuse as fill.

GEOTHINK geologist will conduct selective soil confirmation sampling and testing for metals and PNAs at specific locations along trench excavation sidewalls and floors to determine the effectiveness of remedial excavation and document clean soil conditions. These impacted COC soils along with other COC impacted soils not placed in SMZ #1 or SMZ #2 areas, or those COC soils not transported off-site for landfill disposal will be consolidated, transported and contained in the subsurface beneath an engineered barrier of designated asphalt parking lots identified as Soil Management Zone #3 (SMZ #3). During STAGE 1 and STAGE 2 excavations across the site, and depending upon grade requirements, some deeper contaminated soils may remain in-place for eventual encapsulation by engineered fill and asphalt pavement as part of SMZ #3.

STAGE 5 remediation area also includes residual COC soil contamination that remains in the subsurface within scattered pockets of the proposed asphalt parking lot footprints for use as SMZ #3, where the previously conducted Stage 1 remediation actions removed the surface topsoil/fill materials for subsequent encapsulation and containment in SMZ #1. GEOTHINK geologist will conduct selective soil confirmation sampling and testing for metals and PNAs at specific locations at the prior Stage 1 excavation limits to determine the effectiveness of remedial excavation and document clean soil conditions. Additional clean fill along with engineered fill will be placed atop the exposed excavated ground surface to allow the installation of a minimum 4-inch layer of asphalt pavement to construct the SMZ #3 parking lots. The asphalt parking lot layer and engineered barrier for SMZ #3 will mitigate soil ingestion exposure and SCGIER exposure pathways from residual impacted soils beneath. The completed asphalt pavement engineered barrier (2 lifts of 2" thick asphalt) parking lots are estimated to be constructed weather permitting in July – September 2017.

It is estimated that between 600 to 1,000 cubic yards of unsuitable contaminated soils/fill materials exhumed at this PWF site will have to be managed for off-site disposal at licensed landfill as "special wastes". The actual volume of materials transported off-site to landfill will be documented, as the general source areas of these "special wastes" will be documented as well.

Post construction groundwater monitoring of the SMZ #1 and the PWF site will be conducted by sampling and testing of wells MW-6, MW-7 and MW-8 for COCs, along with well MW-2 near the northwest corner of the site in July 2017.

The results of the site remediation on-site by soil management zones, soil landfill disposal, soil confirmation and groundwater testing and implementation of engineered barriers and institutional controls will be included with the Remedial Action Completion Report (RACR) along with DRM-2 form certification and signoff by licensed Illinois professional engineer (P.E.) and licensed Illinois professional geologist (P.G.). The RACR will be generated and submitted to the IEPA in September/October 2017 after the last SMZ #3 asphalt parking lot pad(s) has been constructed to comply with IEPA Part 742 definition of engineered barrier.

Upon receipt of a "Draft NFR" from the IEPA, GEOTHINK and RA will review and modify as appropriate the draft document, then resubmit with changes to the IEPA for completion of Final NFR letter that will be recorded with the property deed in DuPage County Illinois.

1.0 BACKGROUND AND INTRODUCTION

This Remedial Action Plan (RAP) has been completed for Mr. Brad Webb of Packey Webb Ford (Remedial Applicant), located at 1815 West Ogden Avenue, Downers Grove, DuPage County, Illinois (Remediation Site). Proposed remedial activities include soil excavation, soil consolidation, and soil placement for encapsulation activities associated with site redevelopment. Engineered barriers consisting concrete and asphalt pavements for the building footprint and surrounding parking lot areas, and 3 feet of clean clay materials for the stormwater compensatory storage area will perform effective environmental barriers to contain metal and PNA impacted soils on-site encapsulated within the subsurface. Remedial activities will occur in stages during the site redevelopment process into an automotive dealership.

A Comprehensive Site Investigation (CSI) was performed to evaluate the possible presence of potential constituents of concern (PCOC), which are the volatile organic compounds (VOCs), Poly-Nuclear-Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PNAs), semi-volatile organics (SVOCs), Polychlorinated-Biphenyls (PCBs), and metals specifically, arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, copper, cyanide, lead, mercury, nickel, selenium, silver, and zinc in the subsurface soil, soil vapor, and/or groundwater on the former auto yard site in order to support development of risk-based remedial objectives (if necessary) and issuance of a Comprehensive No Further Remediation (NFR) determination for this industrial/commercial (I/C) brownfield property to allow its redevelopment into a PWF automobile dealership. The results of the CSI and other environmental investigations are presented in the Comprehensive Site Investigation Report (CSIR) and Remediation Objectives Report (ROR), submitted to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) on April 11, 2016, and approved by the Agency on June 14, 2016. A copy of the IEPA correspondence and IEPA SRP DRM-2 form for this RAP submittal are provided in **Appendix A**.

The soil COCs above Tier 1 Soil Remediation Objectives (SROs) are identified as PNA compounds Benzo (a) pyrene and Dibenzo (a, h) anthracene, and metals Antimony, Barium, Chromium, Lead, Mercury and Selenium. No groundwater COCs above Tier 1 Class II Ground Water Remediation Objectives (GROs) have been identified for the subject property.

1.1 Project Contacts

1.1.1 Remedial Applicant (Private)

Mr. Brad Webb Packey Webb Ford 2150 West Ogden Avenue Downers Grove, Illinois 630-624-7600

1.1.2 Environmental Consultant

Mr. Thomas M. Mangan, PG GEOTHINK, LLC 611 Stevens Street Geneva, Illinois 60134 Phone: 630.208.5050 Facsimile: 630.208.9895

1.2 Sources Reviewed or Consulted

The following sources were reviewed or consulted in relation to the work performed:

- Title 35 of the Illinois Administrative Code, Part 740: Site Remediation Program;
- Title 35 of the Illinois Administrative Code, Part 742: <u>Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives with 2013 Updates</u>;
- Title 35 of the Illinois Administrative Code, Part 620: <u>Groundwater Quality</u>;
- Fact Sheet: Use of Push Driven Technology, Illinois EPA Bureau of Land, April 2001;
- Fact Sheet: Performing Well Surveys, Illinois EPA Office of Community Relations, May 2003;
- Fact Sheet: SW-846 Method 5035, Illinois EPA Bureau of Land, October 1998; and
- GEOTHINK, LLC. April 11, 2016, Comprehensive Site Investigation Report and Remedial Objectives Report.

Other sources reviewed or consulted in relation to the work performed are referenced in the body of the Remedial Action Plan (RAP). The April 11, 2016 GEOTHINK CSIR-ROR document is incorporated by reference for use in this RAP document.

1.3 Remediation Site Location

The legal description of the site is as follows: "All Lot 4 and Lot 5 (Except The Westerly 165 Feet Of the North 264 Feet Thereof) In Branigar Bros' Ogden Avenue Farms, Being A Subdivision In The Southwest Quarter Of Section 6, Township 38 North, Range 11, East Of the Third Principal Meridian, According To The Plat recorded Thereof February 15, 1921 As Document 146501, In DuPage County, Illinois".

The site location map Figure 1 shows the subject property located on the south side of the Ogden Avenue business corridor south of Interstate 88 and east of Interstate 355. Figure 2 details the site location and the surrounding properties along Ogden Avenue to the north, Stonewall Avenue to the west, and Lee Avenue to the east of the 9.75 acre property.

1.4 Legal Description, PINs and Remediation Property Description

The legal description of the 9.75 acre site currently owned by Aldi, Inc. of Batavia, IL. is as follows: "All Lot 4 and Lot 5 (Except The Westerly 165 Feet Of the North 264 Feet Thereof) In Branigar Bros' Ogden Avenue Farms, Being A Subdivision In The Southwest Quarter Of Section 6, Township 38 North, Range 11, East Of the Third Principal Meridian, According To The Plat recorded Thereof February 15, 1921 As Document 146501, In DuPage County, Illinois". The Subject Property has two (2) real estate Parcel Identification Numbers (PIN): 09-06-304-013 and 09-06-304-014.

Most of the subject property consisted of an open field with scattered clumps of trees that contained broken concrete piles and/or automobile scrap metal parts. The uneven ground surface contained broken concrete pieces along with metal pieces of car parts as part of the surface fill zone that seemed to extend across the eastern and southern portions of the property. Wooded areas were observed along the eastern, southern, and western property boundaries. A modified R.A. Smith National Sheet C100 Demolition and Initial Erosion Control Plan drawing identified as Figure 3 provides a 2015 topographic map of the subject property that contains the on-site wetland drainageway along the southern portion of the site.

A small intermittent drainage flowing from west to east was observed along the southern property boundary that has been delineated and confirmed as 0.33-acre non-waters of the U.S. wetland regulated by County of DuPage and Village of Downers Grove (Village). This wetland drainage along the southern portion of the site discharges into the large open water wetland observed off-site adjacent to the southeastern corner of the subject property.

1.5 Site History and Recognized Environmental Conditions

GEOTHINK performed a Phase 1 ESA and CSI investigation between November 2015 and April 2016 on the undeveloped 9.75-acre sized former automobile scrap yard property (operated from 1932 to 1982) located at 1815 (formerly 1863) West Ogden Avenue, Downers Grove, Illinois 60515. GEOTHINK downloaded several environmental reports and related correspondence from the IEPA website, including two (2) previous ESAs and the titles and copies of these reports previously submitted to IEPA are incorporated by reference in this RAP. A copy of the GEOTHINK Phase I ESA was provided to the IEPA with the remediation site SRP application on January 19, 2016. These documents were incorporated by reference in prior GEOTHINK CSIR that was approved by the IEPA on June 14, 2016.

Prior Aldi consultant EPI determined in 2007 that Class II groundwater resource standards applied to the Aldi, Inc. SRP site. The subsequent remedial action plan by EPI dated November 30, 2007 on behalf of Bradford Real Estate Company recommended soil excavation remediation to achieve Tier 1 Residential SRO standards. This remediation work was never completed.

GEOTHINK performed subsurface site investigation activities between January 2016 and April 2016. These activities included digging twelve (12) test pits, advancing nineteen (19) soil borings, installing five (5) monitoring wells and six (6) soil vapor monitoring points, hydraulic conductivity testing, ground water sampling, soil vapor sampling, elevation survey and collection of multiple rounds of groundwater static levels. This site investigation was conducted in accordance with the IEPA Site Remediation Program (SRP) reporting requirements pursuant to *Title 35 Illinois Administrative Code (35 IAC) Part 740*, and the Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives (TACO) guidelines in *35 IAC Part 742*.

GEOTHINK confirmed Class II groundwater conditions at the site based on water levels that ranged from 3.0 to 6.6 feet below the ground surface, hydraulic conductivity testing and prior site findings by EPI 2007 and Versar 2000. GEOTHINK applied all soil testing results to industrial/commercial Tier 1 SROs and Class II SCGIER values, while groundwater results were compared to Class II GROs.

GEOTHINK collected a series of water level measurements from the five (5) existing monitor wells from February 12, 2016 to the most recent date of May 11, 2016. The 2016 water level measurements and groundwater elevations are provided in **TABLE 1**. This table details the higher (shallower) water levels recorded for May 11, 2016 (3.11 feet to 5.14 feet) associated with spring heavy rainfall events.

The twelve (12) exploratory test pit excavations conducted January 13th, 2016 had soil samples collected from 2 and 4 foot deep intervals per each test pit. No VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs or TCLP metals were detected above laboratory detection limits, and/or above Tier 1 SROs. One Total lead soil sample detected lead concentration above Tier 1 SROs. Each of the test pit excavations had fill materials tested for possible asbestos containing materials (ACMs) and the PLM testing indicated no ACMs. The TCLP metals soil results from 2 or 4 foot deep soil sample intervals indicate that: 1) no hazardous levels of metals are present on the subject property soils, and 2) surface soil contamination by metals Barium, Chromium, Lead, Mercury and Selenium above Tier 1 SROs confirmed by prior EPI site investigation work is not mobilizing and migrating through the surficial fill and silty clay materials to deeper horizons.

Subsequent soil borings, soil vapor probes and monitor well soil samples collected February 9th and 10th, 2016 were tested for pH, Total Lead, RCRA metals, and/or PNAs. Multiple soil samples contained total lead, barium and chromium levels above Tier 1 SROs, while PNA testing results were BDL, and/or below Tier I SROs. The five monitoring wells had groundwater samples collected on February 15th, 2016 and the samples were analyzed for VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, and RCRA metals. Analytical results were BDL and/or below Class II GROs for all tested parameters. Six (6) soil gas vapor samples were collected on February 23rd, 2016 for volatile organics per method TO-15; however no Indoor Inhalation Soil Gas remediation objective exceedances were observed or determined for these soil gas sample locations.

VOC testing was conducted within the shallow subsurface of the proposed 45,505 sf building footprint within soils (TP-4 at 2.0', TP-6 at 2.0'), soil gas (GVP-4) and groundwater (MW-1 and MW-5) mediums to potentially detect VOC soil, soil gas and/or groundwater contamination. Based on the testing results, no VOCs were detected in the soils beneath the building above BDL concentrations, no VOCs were detected in the shallow groundwater above BDL concentrations, and no soil gas vapors were detected above both residential and I/C Indoor Air Soil Gas remediation objectives (diffusion and advection) or Outdoor Air Soil Gas remediation objectives.

The soil COCs above Tier I SROs are identified as PNA compounds Benzo (a) pyrene and Dibenzo (a, h) anthracene, and metals Antimony, Barium, Chromium, Lead, Mercury and Selenium. No groundwater COCs above Tier I Class II GROs have been identified for the subject property.

The results of the CSI and other environmental investigations were presented in the CSIR and ROR, submitted to the IEPA on April 11, 2016, and approved by the Agency on June 14, 2016. Copies of IEPA correspondence pertaining to this subject property are included as **Appendix A**.

1.6 Topographic Setting

Based upon the **Figure 3** 2015 Topographic and Existing Site Conditions Map along with on-site observations during the site investigation, surface topography at the southern one-third of the subject property appears to flow east to southeast toward an off-site wetland observed adjacent to the southeast corner of the subject property. Surface topography appeared to dip in a northeasterly direction across the northern two-thirds of the subject property, towards a stormwater drainage swale that appeared to flow in a northerly direction underneath Ogden Avenue. Site elevation ranges from 756 feet (NW corner of site) to 729-feet (SE and NE corners of site) above mean sea-level. Wooded areas were observed along the eastern, southern, and western property boundaries.

1.7 Proposed Future Redevelopment Land Use of Remediation Site

The planned future land-use for the current undeveloped subject site is dependent upon IEPA SRP approvals of this proposed RAP remediation work for Packey Webb Ford to eventually allow them to purchase the 9.75 acre property from Aldi, Inc. and then redevelop the location into an automobile dealership sales and service operation. The modified **Figure 4** Packey Webb Ford Site Plan drawing (R.A. Smith National Sheet C200) displays the most recent June 10, 2016 Site Plan layout for construction of the automobile dealership that includes 45,505 square foot slab on grade building with adjacent parking lots and two access driveways to Ogden Avenue. The existing Village regulated 0.33-acre wetland will be storm water permitted and fee in kind paid to the Village to mitigate on-site wetland impacts off-site.

The modified Figure 5 Packey Webb Ford Grading Plan drawing (R.A. Smith National Sheet C300) displays the most recent June 10, 2016 Grading Plan and Earthwork Estimate for construction of the automobile dealership. Significant grading work is needed to balance the site and allow 45,505 sf building slab at 740 feet (F.F.E.) to be constructed with adjacent terraced parking lots, two access driveways to Ogden Avenue, stormwater drainage swale along southern boundary, compensatory storage area at southeast corner of the site with overflow swale at eastern boundary and allow installation of two subsurface stormwater detention basins.

The modified Figure 6 Packey Webb Ford Utility Plan drawing (R.A. Smith National Sheet C400) displays the most recent June 10, 2016 Utility Plan for construction of the automobile dealership. Significant utility work is to conducted at the site to comply with Village Stormwater Ordinance regulations to construct two (2) underground detention systems (LA2 Compensatory Storage and Proposed Underground Detention) and one (1) above ground LA3 Compensatory Storage area to store 7.62 acre feet of stormwater runoff (100-yr. event) along the entire eastern portion of the site. In addition, numerous utility conduits for fire protection, drinking water, electrical, communications, sanitary sewer and stormwater conveyance will crisscross the planned facility.

A graphic display of site renderings showing the proposed building and property layout from different directions of viewing are provided in **Appendix B** along with the Site Plan drawing (R.A. Smith National Sheet C200) showing the proposed configuration of the building on the subject property.

The Village of Downers Grove will be supplying water and sanitary services to the subject property. The Village of Downers Grove has a ground water ordinance that prohibits water well installation within the Village limits. Ordinance Number 4423 effective August 1, 2003 prohibits groundwater supply wells on private property within the Village of Downers Grove limits. This Ordinance Number 4423 has been approved by the IEPA Bureau of Land (BOL) and a copy is provided in **Appendix C**. The source of the Village supplied potable water is Lake Michigan origin.

1.8 Current & Future Surrounding Land Use

Future off-site property usage is expected to be similar to current usage.

South — Wooded areas adjacent to residential properties. An off-site open water Village regulated wetland was observed east of the southeast corner of the subject property.

West - One (1) commercial property (West Suburban Humane Society) and multiple residential properties that front Stonewall Avenue upslope from the subject property.

North – Ogden Avenue and associated right-of-way. Commercial properties (including several auto sales and repair facilities, were observed adjacent to the north side of Ogden Avenue.

East - Two (2) vacant parcels were observed immediately adjacent to the east side of the subject property. What appeared to be a residence and closed tavern/eating establishment were observed at 1731 Ogden Avenue, which appears to be adjacent to the east side of the vacant parcels. Star Motors (1725 Ogden Avenue) reportedly purchased the 1731 property to be incorporated into larger redevelopment of Star Motors facility that fronts Ogden Ave. and Lee Street. Lee Street sits at lower elevation than PWF.

2.0 SITE TESTING CONDITIONS AND REMEDIATION OBJECTIVES

GEOTHINK evaluated four (4) general exposure pathways at this industrial/commercial (I/C) Remediation Site:

- 1. Soil Ingestion Exposure Route;
- 2. Soil Inhalation Exposure Route; and
- 3. Groundwater Ingestion Exposure Route:
 - a. Soil Component of the Groundwater Ingestion Exposure Route (SCGIER), and
 - b. Direct Ingestion of Groundwater Exposure Route.
- 4. Indoor Inhalation Exposure Route.

Due to the prior history of the subject site and planned future use as a car dealership, industrial/commercial (I/C) soil remediation objectives were employed for risk evaluation as part of the comprehensive site investigation (CSIR) and remedial objectives report (ROR) that was IEPA approved on June 14, 2016. GEOTHINK 2016 investigation soil testing results from exploratory test pits, soil borings and soil probes did not detect any VOCs and PCBs parameters in concentrations above Tier 1 industrial/commercial SROs. Test pit soil samples tested for TCLP metals (arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, mercury, nickel and zinc) detected BDL concentrations, and/ or below Tier 1 SROs for all metals. See TABLE 2 and TABLE 3 for GEOTHINK soil testing results from the CSIR.

EPI 2007 investigation soil testing results did not detect VOCs, SVOCs, Pesticides, PCBs and PNAs except compounds Benzo (a) pyrene and Dibenzo (a, h) anthracene above Tier 1 SROs.

The GeoThink 2016, EPI 2007, Versar 2000 and RUST 1996 investigation results for RCRA metals, Total lead and Priority Pollutant metals detected antimony, barium, chromium, lead and selenium at concentrations above industrial/commercial Tier 1 Class II SROs and mercury was detected above Tier 1 I/C construction worker inhalation SRO at one location along southern boundary of site at SE corner.

The soil COCs identified for the subject property as a result of the CSIR are identified as PNA compounds Benzo (a) pyrene and Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene, and metals Antimony, Barium, Chromium, Lead, Mercury and Selenium.

GeoThink 2016 groundwater investigation results for VOCs, PNAs, PCBs, SVOCs, pH, cyanide, zinc and RCRA metals were BDL concentrations or below Class II GROs. EPI 2007 and Versar 2000 groundwater investigation results for VOCs, Pesticides, PNAs, SVOCs, PCBs and RCRA metals were BDL concentrations or below Class II GROs. See TABLE 4 for the GEOTHINK groundwater testing results from the CSIR. TABLE 5 provides a groundwater elevation graph of 2016 water levels.

No COCs were identified in the groundwater for the subject property as a result of the CSIR.

The extents of impacted soils by the COCs are shown on the Figure 7 Soil Contamination Map Existing Topography and Wetlands and the Figure 8 Soil Contamination Map —Site Plan. The majority of the southern third of the property and the far northern portion of the proposed building footprint contain lead soil contamination above Tier 1 I/C Class II SROs. A modest area of chromium soil contamination is present at the southeast corner and southern boundary area of the site. While isolated pockets of PNA soil contamination above Tier 1 I/C Soil Ingestion are present at far Northeast corner and north end of building on the site. Smaller isolated pockets of metals antimony, barium, mercury and selenium above Tier 1 Class II SCGIER SROs and mercury CW inhalation are located just east and south of the building footprint, as well as near the southern boundary at the Southeast corner of the site.

2.1 TACO Pathway Exclusion Analysis for On-Site Soil Management Zones

Subpart C of TACO prescribes the approach for exposure pathway exclusion that will apply to the proposed use of soil management zones in this RAP. General criteria for excluding the exposure pathways are outlined in Sections 300 (Exclusion of Exposure Route) and 305 (Contaminant Source and Free Product Determination). Criteria for excluding the groundwater ingestion exposure route are outlined in Section 320 (Groundwater Ingestion Exposure Route).

The proposed RAP implementation Stages and the establishment of Soil Management Zones to conduct an effective remediation of the COCs to applicable Tier 1 SROs for I/C land is as follows: Soil Management Zone areas are identified as: Soil Management Zone #1 (SMZ #1) is the LA3 above ground compensatory storage area at the southeast corner of the site, Soil Management Zone #2 (SMZ #2) includes the 45,505 sf dealership building footprint (slab on grade — 740' F.F.E.) and Soil Management Zone #3 (SMZ #3) are those designated asphalt parking lot pad areas on the east, north, south and west sides of the building as needed to manage and contain COC impacted soils. Figure 9 details the proposed locations and constructed functions of these SMZ #1, #2 and #3.

2.2 Contaminant Source and Free Product Determination (742.305)

In accordance with Subpart C, Section 305 of TACO, the following criteria must be met prior to excluding any potential exposure pathway using the prescriptive approach:

- 1. The sum of the concentrations of all organic contaminants of concern must be less than the soil attenuation capacity. Response: Analytical results demonstrate the soil attenuation capacity has not been exceeded. The sum of all reported VOC, SVOC, and PCB concentrations were below the lowest Fractional Organic Carbon (FOC) value of 0.00409 g/g (4,090 mg/kg) identified at TP-10 (4').
- 2. The concentrations of any organic contaminants of concern remaining in the soil must be below the soil saturation limit. Response: Soil Analytical results demonstrate that No VOCs, SVOCs, or PCBs exceeded their respective soil saturation limits.
- 3. Soils cannot exhibit any of the characteristics of reactivity for hazardous waste. Response: The COCs in the soils identified as metals antimony, barium, chromium, lead, mercury, and selenium are not characteristically reactive nor do they degrade into reactive by-products.
- 4. Soil pH must be greater than 2.0 or less than or equal to 12.5. Response: Analytical results report pH values between 6.49 standard units (su) (GSB-7, 8'-10') and 9.35 su (Test Pit 12, 4').
- 5. Any soils which contain arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury, selenium or silver as COC or their salts shall not exhibit any of the characteristics of toxicity for hazardous waste for these metals. Response: The GeoThink 2016 TCLP soil testing and the prior EPI 2007 TCLP metals testing results indicated no hazardous waste levels of these metals.
- 6. If contaminants of concern include polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), the concentration of any PCBs in the soil shall not exceed 50 parts per million as determined by SW-846 Methods. Response: The highest total PCBs concentration and the only PCB compound detection from GeoThink test pit soil samples was 0.403 mg/kg at Test Pit 4 (2'), and EPI 2007 investigation boring B-23 at 0-8" with a 0.256 mg/kg concentration.

2.3 Soil Ingestion Exposure Route

As shown in prior investigation results, total lead was identified to exceed the residential, construction worker, and industrial/commercial (I/C) soil ingestion exposure pathways at multiple soil sample locations. Lead was detected above Construction Worker Soil Ingestion SRO of 700 mg/kg —

GeoThink test results of 2,400 mg/kg @ MW-4 (1'-3'), 959 mg/kg @ GSB-3 (1'-3'), and 1,140 mg/kg @ GSB-4 (1'-3'); and EPI 2007 SI boring results of 3,010 mg/kg @ B23 (0-1') and 2,340 mg/kg @ B24 (0-1'); and **Versar** 2000 soil results of 740 mg/kg @ L-9 (1'), 1,480 mg/kg @ SB-4 (0-0.5'), 3,060 mg/kg @ SB-5 (0-0.5'), 3,410 mg/kg @ SB-5 (0.5 - 1.0'), 1,030 mg/kg @ SB-5 (1-1.5'), and 1700 mg/kg @ I-1 (1'); and

RUST 1996 surface samples (0-1') results of 967 mg/kg @ B8, 962 mg/kg @B9, 1,260 mg/kg @ B10, 1,160 mg/kg @ B11 at 1,400 mg/kg @ B12, 1,120 mg/kg @ C8, 1,020 mg/kg @ C9, 1,600 mg/kg @ C10, 1,220 mg/kg @ C11, 1,720 mg/kg @ C12, 948 mg/kg @ D4, 701 mg/kg @ D5, 1,290 mg/kg @ D7, 995 mg/kg @ D9, 3,150 mg/kg @ D10, 2,920 mg/kg @ D11, 832 mg/kg @ D12, 784 mg/kg @ E4, 1,400 mg/kg @ E5, 787 mg/kg @ E7, 974 mg/kg at E9, 5170 mg/kg at E10, 968 mg/kg @ E11, 914 mg/kg at F7, 1130 mg/kg @ F8, 1050 mg/kg @ F9, and 1,720 mg/kg at G8.

Lead was detected above Industrial/Commercial Soil Ingestion SRO of 800 mg/kg — GeoThink test results of 2,400 mg/kg @ MW-4 (1'-3'), 959 mg/kg @ GSB-3 (1'-3'), and 1,140 mg/kg @ GSB-4 (1'-3'); and EPI 2007 SI boring results of 3,010 mg/kg @ B23 (0-1') and 2,340 mg/kg @ B24 (0-1'); and Versar 2000 soil results of 1,480 mg/kg @ SB-4 (0-0.5'), 3,060 mg/kg @ SB-5 (0-0.5'), 3,410 mg/kg @ SB-5 (0.5 – 1.0'), 1,030 mg/kg @ SB-5 (1-1:5'), and 1700 mg/kg @ I-1 (1'); and RUST 1996 surface samples (0-1') results 967 mg/kg @ B8, 962 mg/kg @B9, 1,260 mg/kg @ B10, 1,160 mg/kg @ B11, 1,400 mg/kg @ B12, 1,120 mg/kg @ C8, 1,020 mg/kg @ C9, 1,600 mg/kg @ C10, 1,220 mg/kg @ C11, 1,720 mg/kg @ C12, 948 mg/kg @ D4, 1,290 mg/kg @ D7, 995 mg/kg @ D9, 3,150 mg/kg @ D10, 2,920 mg/kg @ D11, 832 mg/kg @ D12, 1,400 mg/kg @ E5, 974 mg/kg at E9, 5170 mg/kg at E10, 968 mg/kg @ E11, 914 mg/kg at F7, 1130 mg/kg @ F8, 1050 mg/kg @ F9, and 1,720 mg/kg at G8.

Under this RAP, these lead soil exceedences locations will either be excavated and relocated within SMZ #1, SMZ #2 or SMZ #3 areas, or remain in-place within SMZ areas #2 and #3, and/or hauled off-site for landfill disposal.

<u>2 PNA compounds were detected above I/C Soil Ingestion SROs of 0.80 mg/kg</u>: PNAs – Benzo (a) pyrene (BAP) was detected above I/C soil ingestion SRO of 0.8 mg/kg in: **EPI** 2007 investigation results of 0.866 mg/kg @ B10 (6-8'); and **Versar** boring soil samples of 0.860 mg/kg @ SB-5 (0-0.5') and 2.0 mg/kg @ SB-5 (1-1.5').

PNAs – Dibenzo (a, h) anthracene (DBA) was detected in only one sample above I/C soil ingestion SRO of 0.8 mg/kg in EPI 2007 investigation results of 0.804 mg/kg @ B10 (2-4').

Under this RAP, these PNA soil exceedences locations will either be excavated and relocated within SMZ #1, SMZ #2 or SMZ #3 areas, or remain in-place within SMZ areas #2 and #3, and/or hauled off-site for landfill disposal.

2.4 Soil Inhalation Exposure Route

EPI 2007 SI boring results detected 0.240 mg/kg mercury @ B23 (0-1') above 0.10 mg/kg SRO for construction worker soil inhalation caution near the southern boundary at the Southeast corner of the site per **Figure 8**.

Under this RAP, this mercury soil exceedences location will be excavated and relocated in SMZ #1.

2.5 Soil Component of the Groundwater Ingestion Exposure Route

The following SCGIER SRO exceedences were reported in the analytical results: Tier 1 Class II Soil Component to Ground Water Ingestion (pH-Specific)

Antimony – EPI test results of 20.3 mg/kg @ B23 (0'-1') and 24.2 mg/kg @ B24 (0-1') above 20 mg/kg SRO;

Barium - GeoThink result of 1,790 mg/kg @ MW-4 (1'-3') above 1,700 mg/kg SRO; no EPI SRO exceedance;

<u>Chromium</u> – **GeoThink** soil test results of 77.7 mg/kg @ MW-4 (1'-3'), 44.8 mg/kg @ GSB-3 (1'-3'), and 51.8 mg/kg @ GSB-4 (1'-3') above SCGIER Class II SRO of 36.0 mg/kg; and EPI 2007 results of 41.4 mg/kg @ B10 (2-4'), 69.0 mg/kg @ B23 (0-1'), 64.1 mg/kg @ B24 (0-1'), and 36.0 mg/kg @ B29 (0-1'); above Tier 1 Class II SRO of 36.0 mg/kg;

Lead – GeoThink test results of 2,400 mg/kg @ MW-4 (1'-3') above SRO of 1,420 mg/kg; and EPI 2007 SI boring results of 3,010 mg/kg @ B23 (0-1') and 2,340 mg/kg @ B24 (0-1') above 1420 mg/kg SRO; and Versar 2000 soil results of 1,480 mg/kg @ SB-4 (0-0.5'), 3,060 mg/kg @ SB-5 (0-0.5'), 3,410 mg/kg @ SB-5 (0.5 – 1.0'), and 1700 mg/kg @ I-1 (1') above 1,420 mg/kg SRO; and RUST 1996 surface samples (0-1') results of 1,600 mg/kg @ C10, 1,720 mg/kg @ C12, 3,150 mg/kg @ D10, 2,920 mg/kg @ D11, 5,70 mg/kg @ E10, and 1720 mg/kg @ G8 above Tier 1 Class II pH adjusted SCGIER SRO of 1,420 mg/kg.

<u>Selenium</u> – **EPI** investigation result of 15 mg/kg @ B19 (6-8') above 4.5 mg/kg SRO; and No GeoThink results above SRO;

Under this RAP, these metal soil exceedences locations will either be excavated and relocated within SMZ #1, SMZ #2 or SMZ #3 areas, or remain in-place within SMZ areas #2 and #3, and/or hauled off-site for landfill disposal.

2.6 Indoor and Outdoor Air Inhalation Exposure Routes

No VOCs or mercury were detected in groundwater at concentrations above BDL limits, and/or above the Tier 1 Class I and Class II groundwater remediation objectives pertaining to the indoor air inhalation exposure path. In addition, analytical results for soil vapor samples collected did not report concentrations above indoor air or outdoor air soil gas remediation objectives. Therefore, further assessment of this exposure pathway is not warranted, and therefore excluded from further assessment.

2.7 Groundwater Ingestion Exposure Route-Specific Exclusion Criteria (742.320)

In accordance with Subpart C, Section 320 of TACO, the following route-specific criteria must be met prior to excluding the groundwater exposure pathway using the prescriptive approach:

- 1. The requirements of Sections 742.300 and 742.305 are met. Response: The requirements of Sections 742.300 and 742.305 have been met. The Remediation Site has been characterized and the contaminant source and free product determination has been completed.
- 2. Free product has been removed to the maximum extent practicable. Response: Free product was not detected at the Remediation Site.
- 3. The source of the release is not located within the minimum or designated maximum setback zone or within a regulated recharges area of a potable water supply well. Response: No municipal and no private potable water supply wells exist within the minimum or maximum setback zone of the subject property.
- 4. For any area within 2,500 feet from the source of the release, an ordinance adopted by a unit of local government is in place that effectively prohibits the installation of potable water supply wells and the use of such wells. Response: The Village of Downers Grove has an ordinance that covers the subject property. A copy of the ordinance is provided in Appendix C.
- 5. As demonstrated using Equation R26, the concentration of any contaminant of concern in groundwater within the minimum or designated maximum setback zone of an existing potable water supply well will meet the applicable Tier 1 groundwater RO. Response: R-26 modeling is not needed for this subject property, since no groundwater sampling test results for VOCs, PNAs, Pesticides, PCBs, SVOCs, and metals exceeded Class I Tier 1 GROs, except for lead. Based on Class II groundwater remediation objectives, the lead groundwater concentration does not exceed Class II GRO of 0.10 mg/L. Therefore the subject property has no groundwater contamination and this exposure route pathway can be excluded from any further assessment.
- 6. As demonstrated using Equation R26, the concentration of any contaminant of concern in groundwater discharging into a surface water will meet the applicable surface water quality standard under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302. Response: Based on the groundwater testing results there is no groundwater contamination and R-26 modeling is not needed for the subject property. Therefore, no contaminants of concern have been identified in the local subject property groundwater to pose a threat to the closest surface water identified as off-site open water wetland pond southeast of the site. The subject property has no groundwater contamination and this exposure route pathway can be excluded from any further assessment.

3.0 PROPOSED REMEDIATION TECHNOLOGY

3.1 Soil Excavation, On-Site Reuse/Encapsulation, and Off-Site Disposal

The extents of impacted soils by the COCs are shown on the **Figure** 7 Soil Contamination Map Existing Topography and Wetlands predevelopment. Remnant scrapyard auto parts are intermixed in the ground surface composed of topsoil and fill impacted with COC metals 1 to 2 feet deep, and less extensive 'pockets' of COC metals and/or PNA impacted soils that extend 2 to 4 feet deep, or isolated "pockets" of impacted soil 6 to 8 feet deep as determined at the subject property by the CSIR.

The **Figure 8** Soil Contamination Map —Site Plan displays the COC impacted areas on-site per the proposed Site Plan. The majority of the southern third of the property and the far northern portion of the proposed building footprint contain lead soil contamination above Tier 1 I/C Class II SROs. A modest area of chromium soil contamination is present at the southeast corner and southern boundary area of the site. While isolated pockets of PNA soil contamination above Tier 1 I/C Soil Ingestion are present at far Northeast corner and north end of building on the site. Smaller isolated pockets of metals antimony, barium, mercury and selenium above Tier 1 Class II SCGIER SROs and mercury CW inhalation are located east and south of the building, as well as near the southern boundary at Southeast corner of site.

As part of the proposed site redevelopment grading plan per Figure 5, approximately 14,000 cubic yards of topsoil/fill material 1-2 feet deep will be scrapped/excavated from across the site (not suitable fill material) and managed accordingly depending upon if COC contaminated per Figure 7 and Figure 8 Soil Contamination maps. It is estimated that approximately 7,000 to 8,000 cubic yards (cy) of COC impacted soils will need to be excavated for site grading, building foundation, LA2 and LA3 compensatory storage areas, underground stormwater detention systems, and subsurface utilities. The proposed underground stormwater detention and compensatory storage areas will be constructed along the eastern portion and property boundary areas of the site. These will consist of two (2) subsurface stormwater detention systems that includes LA2 area and one (1) above ground open compensatory storage area (LA3) as shown in Figure 6 –Site Utility Plan (modified Sheet C400). The landfill disposal off-site of 7,000 to 8,000 cy of contaminated soil is cost-prohibitive to this PWF project.

Soil excavation followed by engineered barriers encapsulation is the most feasible remedial alternative since it will occur during site redevelopment. Contaminants not removed will be capped with engineered barriers or clean soil, which will minimize human exposure. This method is deemed satisfactory since it will remove contaminant mass from the exposed surface areas of the site, and minimize potential for human exposure. Most of this excavated impacted soil will remain on-site, being placed in proposed Soil Management Zone #1 (LA3 compensatory storage area) remediation area located at SE corner of property.

The proposed RAP will address COC exceedences above ROR identified Tier 1 Industrial/Commercial Soil Ingestion SROs, Construction Worker Soil Inhalation SRO, and Tier 1 Class II Soil Component to Groundwater Ingestion Exposure Route (SCGIER) SROs. The RAP will be conducted in multiple stages of soil management actions across the subject property prior to and concurrently with the excavation and construction of two (2) underground stormwater detention systems (includes LA2) and one (1) above ground open compensatory storage area (LA3), along with subsequent cut and fill grading work to construct dealership building pad and adjacent parking lot pads. In addition, the 0.33-acre Village regulated wetland along the southern portion of the site will be excavated to remove surface and subsurface metal contamination. A Village issued stormwater permit will be obtained authorizing wetland impacts to be mitigated off-site through "Payment in Lieu" to the Village. The stormwater permit will allow the necessary removal of trees in the interior areas of the site as well as to the southern and eastern boundary limits to allow subsequent remediation excavation and grading access to those areas.

The Village of Downers Grove has a ground water ordinance that prohibits water well installation within the Village limits. Therefore, a separate ground water use restriction for the PWF property is not necessary. No groundwater COCs above Tier 1 Class II GROs have been identified for the subject property in the IEPA approved CSIR. Therefore, a groundwater management zone is not required for the PWF site and this RAP. A construction worker notification is recommended as part of the GEOTHINK generated RAP Health and Safety Plan in order to notify and protect construction/remediation workers from COCs including mercury soil contamination above Tier 1 SRO construction worker soil inhalation SRO. A copy of the RAP Health and Safety Plan (HSP) will be posted on-site at an accessible location(s).

A significant volume of COC contaminated topsoil/fill/soil materials are present at the subject property. The excavation, transport and landfill disposal of significant volumes of contaminated materials is cost-prohibitive to this PWF redevelopment project. However, Approximately 600 to 1,000 cy of contaminated soil/fill is estimated for off-site disposal. Buried debris and automobile parts encountered during excavation activities will be included with soil selected for off-site disposal, and not placed into designated soil management areas on-site.

Therefore, GEOTHINK on behalf of PWF request IEPA approval of the Establishment of Soil Management Zones at the subject property per Section 740.535 regulations to remediate on-site a majority of the COC contaminated soils. The purpose of the proposed soil management zones (SMZ) is to allow the consideration and approval of on-site solutions to on-site non-hazardous soil contamination that complies with IEPA solid waste disposal regulations.

3.2 Proposed Soil Management Zones

GEOTHINK proposes the use of soil management zones per Section 740.535 for on-site solutions to on-site soil contamination that was previously documented in the IEPA approved CSIR-ROR.

The proposed three (3) soil management zones (see Figure 9) are to be used for A) placement of contaminated soils for structural fill (suitable clay materials for placement beneath asphalt or concrete barriers) and land reclamation (stripping contaminated topsoil/fill layer of ground surface including wetland area making it suitable for redevelopment) and B) consolidation of contaminated soils within the remediation site (stripping contaminated topsoil/fill layer of ground surface and re-deposit organic soils into SMU #1).

The RAP provides the following information to support the use of soil management zones that complies with the following requirements:

- 1) The soils identified for soil management zone uses for the subject property as a result of the CSIR (Section 740.420) are identified as COCs PNA compounds Benzo (a) pyrene and Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene, and metals Antimony, Barium, Chromium, Lead, Mercury and Selenium.
- 2) The horizontal and vertical dimensions of the soil management zones are defined in detail as Soil Management Zones #1, #2 and #3 per Figure 9 Proposed Soil Management Zones Map.
- 3) The uses of the soil management zone are defined as the following:

Soil Management Zone areas are identified as: Soil Management Zone #1 (SMZ #1) is the LA3 above ground compensatory storage area at the southeast corner of the site, Soil Management Zone #2 (SMZ #2) includes the 45,505 sf dealership building footprint (slab on grade – 740' F.F.E.) and

Soil Management Zone #3 (SMZ #3) are those designated asphalt parking lot pad areas on the east, north, south and west sides of the building as needed to manage and contain COC impacted soils.

- 4) All COCs proposed for encapsulation and containment within the soil management zones meet the Part 742.305 (a-f) criteria as follows:
- a) The sum of the concentrations of all organic contaminants of concern must be less than the soil attenuation capacity. Response: Analytical results demonstrate the soil attenuation capacity has not been exceeded. The sum of all reported VOC, SVOC, and PCB concentrations were below the lowest Fractional Organic Carbon (FOC) value of 0.00409 g/g (4,090 mg/kg) identified at Test Pit TP-10 (4' deep).
 - b) The concentrations of any organic contaminants of concern remaining in the soil must be below the soil saturation limit. Response: Soil Analytical results demonstrate that No VOCs, SVOCs, or PCBs exceeded their respective soil saturation limits.
 - c) Soils cannot exhibit any of the characteristics of reactivity for hazardous waste. Response: The COCs in the soils identified as metals antimony, barium, chromium, lead, mercury, and selenium are not characteristically reactive nor do they degrade into reactive by-products.
 - d) Soil pH must be greater than 2.0 or less than or equal to 12.5. Response: Analytical results report pH values between 6.49 standard units (su) (GSB-7, 8'-10') & 9.35 su (Test Pit 12, 4').
 - e) Any soils which contain arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury, selenium or silver as COC or their salts shall not exhibit any of the characteristics of toxicity for hazardous waste for these metals. Response: The GeoThink 2016 TCLP soil testing and the prior EPI 2007 TCLP metals testing results indicated no hazardous waste levels of metals.
 - f) If contaminants of concern include polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), the concentration of any PCBs in the soil shall not exceed 50 parts per million as determined by SW-846 Methods. Response: The highest total PCBs concentration and the only PCB compound detection from GeoThink test pit soil samples was 0.403 mg/kg at Test Pit 4 (2'), and EPI 2007 investigation boring B-23 at 0-8" with a 0.256 mg/kg concentration.
- 5) All applicable exposure routes will be addressed in the soil management zone that will include institutional controls of industrial/commercial land use for the subject property 2 parcels, use of Village Groundwater Ordinance and construction of engineered barriers (5-inches of concrete building footprint floor slab = SMZ #2), 4-inches of asphalt (asphalt parking lots-SMZ #3) and 3 feet of clean clay (top, sides and bottom of SMZ #1) to be in compliance with Part 742 Subparts J and K. The 3 soil management zones have been designated to address the applicable general exposure pathways which must be considered at an industrial/commercial site where encapsulation and containment with engineered barriers is the cost effective solution to manage and mitigate COC contaminated soils.

Since the PWF site exhibits shallow groundwater flow direction in the fill zone/silty clay interface (4 to 8 feet deep) zone is to the east as shown in the most recent **Figure 10** Groundwater Elevation Contour Map of May 19, 2016, and the proposed soil management zone structures are to be located across the eastern portion of the subject property (**Figure 9**); there is a real need to monitor the groundwater post remediation to ensure no groundwater contamination is occurring.

The four (4) general exposure pathways which must be considered at this industrial/commercial (I/C) Remediation Site:

- 1) Soil Ingestion Exposure Route; (does apply to Lead and PNAs)
- 2) Soil Inhalation Exposure Route; (does apply only to Mercury) and
- 3) Groundwater Ingestion Exposure Route:
 - a. Soil Component of the Groundwater Ingestion Exposure Route (SCGIER), (does apply to antimony, barium, chromium, lead, and selenium) and
 - b. Direct Ingestion of Groundwater Exposure Route (does not apply CSIR; may apply post remediation construction of SMZ #1, SMZ #2 and SMZ #3).
- 4) Indoor Inhalation Exposure Route. (does not apply)

The proposed RAP implementation Stages and the establishment of Soil Management Zones to conduct an effective remediation of the COCs to applicable Tier 1 SROs for I/C land is as follows:

SOIL MANAGEMENT ZONE #1 AREA (SMZ #1) = LA3 Compensatory Storage Basin Area – Stormwater Compliance; SMZ #1 – Contaminated organic topsoils/metal debris laden surface soils/fill 1-2 ft. deep will be removed from remediation site surfaces during STAGE 1 and stockpiled including SMZ #1 area. While excavation of LA3 are is deepened in STAGE 2 to 15+ feet deep to remove clean clays and stockpile for reuse as fill, any exposed contaminated soils will be segregated and stockpiled. During STAGE 3 the SMZ #1 excavation will be filled with ~ 7,000 CY contaminated topsoil/fill (STAGE 1 material) in a thickness of 10 – 11 feet to within 3' of LA3 bottom grade; Then 3' of clean clay placed as engineered barrier atop spoils with 3' of native clay walls and bottom floor of excavation, and with top of clay layer (LA3 bottom -Top of SMZ #1) is planted with native seed mix. Confirmation soil samples tested for COCs will be conducted at excavation limit walls and bottom.

SOIL MANAGEMENT ZONE #2 AREA (SMZ #2) Dealership Building Concrete Slab Floor Footprint Area – 45,505 SF; SMZ #2 – Contaminated organic topsoil/metal debris laden surface 1-2 ft, deep will be removed from 45,505 SF Building Footprint (SMZ #2) areas during STAGE 1 and stockpiled; then later placed into SMZ #1. While depending upon grade, deeper contamination can remain in-place per soil confirmation sample testing for COCs. Impacted soils exposed during utility trench work will be removed and stockpiled for later encapsulation in SMZ #2 or SMZ #3 areas. Impacted soils underneath the bldg. footprint encapsulated by engineered fill, 10 ml vapor barrier and covered with 5+" concrete floor slab to 740.0' elevation as engineered barrier. (**No basement**)

SOIL MANAGEMENT ZONE #3 AREA (SMZ #3) Dealership Parking Lot Areas excluding SW Detention – 4.4 acre area; SMZ #3 – Contaminated organic topsoil/metal debris laden surface 1-2 ft. Deep removed from those parking lots, sidewalks, and 2 underground SW detention system areas during STAGE 1 and stockpiled; then later placed into SMZ #1. During Stage 2 excavations of 2 SW detention basins, any exposed impacted soils will be segregated from clean clay and stockpiled for later encapsulation into SMZ #3 parking lots. While depending upon grade, deeper contamination may remain in-place as documented by confirmation soil testing for COCs. Impacted soils exposed during utility trench work will be removed and stockpiled for later encapsulation in SMZ #3 areas. Placed or remaining impacted soils encapsulated by engineered fill and covered by 4" Layer of protective Asphalt pavement in SMZ #3 as engineered barrier.

Figure 11 – Proposed Site Plan Conditions – June 2016 identifies three new wells MW-6, MW-7 and MW-8 to be placed on the south and east sides of SMZ #1 structure to monitor pre-remediation and post-remediation groundwater quality for this area of the subject property to address direct groundwater ingestion exposure pathway for COCs. As shown in TABLE 5 groundwater elevation graphs for 2016, the proposed excavation/construction elevations for SMZ #1 (LA3) bottom at roughly 715.0 feet and the two stormwater detention excavation bottoms at roughly 723.0 feet will require some significant dewatering of the shallow groundwater elevations per measured water levels in wells MW-4 (729 feet) and MW-3 (727 feet) from those immediate surrounding areas.

Figure 12 – Proposed Construction of SMZ #1 and Confirmation Soil Test/Monitor Well Location Map details the configuration of SMZ #1 during construction and post remediation construction. A total of 11 soil confirmation sample tests for COCs at the bottom elevation (estimated 715 feet) and total of 14 soil confirmation sample tests for COCs at the side wall elevation (estimated 720-722 feet) will be conducted to insure the clean clay soil conditions are present around the exterior perimeter of the SMZ #1 facility.

The geologic setting of the SMZ #1 location is suitable for the encapsulation and containment of an estimated 7,000 cy of COC impacted materials mostly topsoil/fill. According to ISGS Circular 532, the geologic setting of the subject site area has been rated as having a slight potential to transmit near surface contamination to shallow aquifer. The geology of the subject site area has been assigned a rating of E and D2 for the potential for contamination of shallow aquifers regarding land burial of municipal wastes (Plate 1), and near surface waste disposal (Plate 2), respectively. The E and D2 ratings indicates that the soil is generally impermeable silty clayey till more than twenty (20) feet thick, without any sand and gravel alluvium and is variable in composition and thickness (Berg et. al., 1984).

Appendix D contains soil boring logs (GEOTHINK, G2 and EPI) for those eleven (11) borings within or immediately adjacent to the proposed SMZ #1 location at the Southeast corner of the site. GEOTHINK borings GSB-3, GSB-4 and MW-4 located west of the SMZ #1 within 50 to 70 feet reached depths of 10 to 15 feet below grade. These 3 borings all documented the dominant presence of dense silty clay sediments with occasional silt seams at 10 and 15 feet bgs. Five (5) EPI borings B18, B21, B22, B23 and B50 located within the SMZ #1 footprint reaching depths of 3 to 12 feet bgs documented gray silty clay sediment to 12 feet of depth. G2 Consulting conducted 3 geotechnical borings some 60 to 80 feet west of SMZ #1 to depths ranging from 20 to 25 feet bgs. All 3 G2 borings detailed mostly dry hard silty clay sediments are present to depths ranging from 20 to 25 feet bgs. Based on this information, the existing hard silty clay sediments in the SMZ #1 area will provide suitable clean clay materials for reuse on-site and these same hard silty clay sediments will provide an effective minimum 3-feet plus of native low permeability clay engineered barrier at the SMZ #1 excavation walls and floor limits.

6) The soil management zone shall be constructed, operated and maintained in a manner that: A) the 2 PNA compounds and 6 metal COCs do not present any odors and the proposed encapsulation by engineered barriers of concrete, asphalt and/or soil will prohibit odors from occurring. B) the proposed handling, temporary stockpiling and then re-deposit of contaminated soils will involve temporary cover and water spraying as needed of the soils to keep dust generation minimized. C) The temporary stockpiles of contaminated soils will be covered in plastic sheeting and anchored at the ground surface by staked straw bales to prohibit contaminated runoff until which time the soils are relocated on-site for encapsulation in Soil Management Zones 1, 2, or 3. D) The soil management zones will be maintained and constructed properly to not provide a breeding place or food source for vectors.

- 7) No hazardous wastes were determined by the CSIR-ROR to be present on-site.
- 8) The COCs for this industrial/commercial site exceed Tier 1 Industrial/Commercial Soil Ingestion SROs, Construction Worker Soil Inhalation SRO, and Tier 1 Class II Soil Component to Groundwater Ingestion Exposure Route (SCGIER) SROs. The majority of the site surface area was previously identified as contaminated by metal Lead above Tier 1 residential SROs; however since Class II soil conditions apply to the commercial property, the size of the area contaminated by metal Lead above Tier 1 industrial/commercial SROs has been reduced by 50% coverage. All 3 soil management zones include some portions that contain impacted soils previously applicable under Tier 1 residential and currently applicable under industrial/commercial SROs.

Each of the 3 soil management zones will be located within the subject property (PWF) site boundaries. No boundary violations are proposed in this RAP. The three dimensional boundaries of the soil management zone are provided; however subject to change based on confirmation sampling testing of COCs. An as-built drawing of each constructed soil management zone when completed with required engineered barriers will be provided in the RACR document.

We propose the soil management zones will be in effect from date of RAP approval by the Agency, until which time an NFR is completed and recorded with DuPage County and the IEPA SRP.

3.3 Proposed Soil Remediation Work Plan Stages

Soil Remediation will commence only after receipt of IEPA letter approving this RAP and concurrently the Village issuance of grading / stormwater permit to PWF. Once the IEPA approves the RAP, the RA (PWF) will begin proceedings to complete the purchase of the subject property from the current owner ALDI, Inc. and consolidate the two PIN parcels into one (1) new parcel.

STAGE 1 of soil remediation will take place after site preparation tree removals and updated groundwater testing have been completed and prior to STAGE 2 excavation and construction of stormwater systems. STAGE 1 soil excavation will remove the top 1-2 foot layer of topsoil/fill (non-contaminated) and topsoil/fill contaminated with metals/PNAs across the site. The 1 to 2 foot layer of topsoil/fill is an estimated 14,000 cubic yards and the contaminated portion of that material is an estimated 7,000 to 8,000 cubic yards in volume.

Additional ground surface areas (2 underground storage detention areas, 1 above ground compensatory storage area, parking lots, utility right of ways) identified as containing lead contaminated soils with lesser coverage "impacted areas" of metal contaminated (antimony, barium, chromium, mercury, or selenium) topsoil/fill from near the eastern and southern property line areas will be removed and temporarily stockpiled on-site. Organic topsoil material is unsuitable as fill material beneath proposed building slab or parking lots or sidewalks.

STAGE 1 will include the COC sampling and testing of groundwater (PNAs and 5 Metals) collected from the existing 5 monitor wells to provide the RA and IEPA a Pre-Remediation Groundwater Quality Baseline Characterization. In addition, 3 new monitoring wells will be drilled, constructed and tested for COCs along the southern and eastern boundaries for use in Post-Remediation Groundwater monitoring. The wells MW-2, MW-3, MW and MW-5 will be properly abandoned after groundwater sampling and testing has been conducted and prior to STAGE 1 earthmoving excavation of impacted surface topsoil/fill.

The STAGE 1 impacted soils will be temporarily stockpiled at designated on-site locations and covered/secured to prohibit erosion runoff. Scattered piles of concrete rubble and larger automobile parts in the ground surface will be exhumed, segregated and stockpiled on-site at designated locations for later recycling. Upon the removals of the surface 1-2 feet of impacted topsoil/fill materials, GEOTHINK geologist will conduct select soil confirmation sampling and testing for metals and PNAs at specific locations along excavation base floor depths within: a) the footprint of the building, b) footprints of the 2 underground and 1 above ground stormwater structures, and c) designated parking lot pads around the building for documentation of contaminant site remediation conditions.

STAGE 2 involves the excavation and construction of the 2 underground storm water detention systems (includes LA2) and 1 above ground open compensatory storage area (LA3) stretching along the entire eastern portion of the subject property. The larger underground detention system will be composed of 8' and 10' diameter CMP to store a potential 4.6 acre-feet, while LA2 underground detention will be composed of 8' diameter CMP to store a potential 0.96 acre-feet. The above ground LA3 compensatory storage area will be excavated to sufficient depth for impacted topsoil/fill placement and encapsulation, while performing 2.06 acre-feet of runoff storage. Excavation will be performed in these three designated areas from 8 to 15 feet below existing grades (potentially deeper as needed) to allow construction of these stormwater structures. While these 3 structures are excavated, the GEOTHINK geologist will direct the work to ensure isolated hot spots of impacted soils are identified, segregated and stockpiled on-site, while clean clay material is segregated and placed in designated stockpiles for later re-use as fill.

During these STAGE 2 excavations, several dewatering sumps will be constructed per excavation area at locations to be determined by GEOTHINK geologist. Ground water pumped from dedicated excavations sumps will be run through pretreatment train to remove sediments prior to discharge to Village authorized Ogden Avenue stormwater system, and/or to the far southeast corner of the site. Since each of these 2 underground detention and 1 above ground compensatory storage area currently contain areas of impacted soils/fill, the GEOTHINK geologist will conduct selective soil confirmation sampling and testing for COCs at specific locations along the below ground detention structure excavation sidewalls and floor depths to determine the effectiveness of remedial excavation and document clean soil conditions.

The ~0.55 acre designated LA3 compensatory storage area located at the far southeast corner of the PWF site is proposed to manage several critical functions towards the achieving the successful remediation and redevelopment of the property to comply with IEPA SRP and TACO regulations and Village Stormwater Ordinance requirements. The existing portion of the on-site 0.33-acre wetland that crosses the LA3 area along with the rest of the wetland will be removed and mitigated through the Village.

The LA3 above ground open compensatory storage area is designed to comply with Village Stormwater Ordinance requirements. A total of 2.06 acre feet of stormwater storage on-site are available to aid in minimizing possible off-site Wetland #2401 impacts from periodic floodwaters that inundate the adjacent off-site wetlands and ease the potential for flood damages to nearby residences. The LA3 bottom (above ground) and slopes are to be planted after construction with appropriate native seed mixes and cover crop.

This LA3 above ground compensatory storage area is RAP proposed to become the Soil Management Zone #1 (SMZ #1) area for soil consolidation, engineered burial and envelopment of the STAGE 1 spoils containing mostly metal contaminated topsoil/fill materials. Under the direction of GEOTHINK geologist during STAGE 2 excavation work, the SMZ #1 area will be excavated into clean clay materials to an ideal depth of 15 feet BGL with 1:1 slopes. However the excavation may extend deeper as needed. Exposed and anticipated clean clay walls and excavation bottom conditions will be confirmed with sufficient number of confirmation COCs soil tests conducted to confirm clean conditions at SMU #1.

STAGE 3 will involve the transport and relocation on-site of contaminated topsoil/fill materials from their designated stockpile(s) to the SMZ #1 facility. GEOTHINK geologist will then direct the placement and consolidation below ground of an estimated 7,000 cubic yards of contaminated topsoil/fill materials into the open excavation in appropriate lifts to within 3 feet of the proposed LA3 bottom elevation, where a three-foot layer of compacted clean clay will be emplaced at the top as an engineered barrier, while the existing 3 foot + thick native silty clay soils along the floor and walls of the excavated and filled SMZ #1 will perform as natural engineered barrier. The proposed 3 foot thick clay layer cap atop SMZ #1 along with the existing native clay walls and floor will together perform as an engineered barrier for SMZ #1 to mitigate soil vapor inhalation exposure, soil ingestion exposure and SCGIER exposure pathways. The actual SMZ #1 structure is estimated to be constructed weather permitting in September-November 2016.

An as-built drawing of the SMZ #1 (LA3) facility along with photographic log will be generated by GEOTHINK after remediation/construction completion for incorporation into the pending Remedial Action Completion Report (RACR).

Three (3) monitoring wells are proposed in STAGE 1 to monitor ground water quality at the property boundary next to Soil Management Zone #1 area (LA3). Well MW-6 will be installed near the south side of SMZ #1, while well MW-7 and MW-8 will be installed on the east side of SMZ #1. These wells will be tested Pre-Remediation and Pre-Construction of SMZ #1. After STAGE 2 construction of the SMZ #1 is completed along with slope grading and native planting work, Post-remediation groundwater samples will be collected from these monitoring wells and be analyzed for COCs and pH. Monitor wells MW-1, MW-3, MW-4 and MW-5 will be abandoned and sealed during STAGE 1 earth moving.

STAGE 4 remediation area identified as Soil Management Zone #2 (SMZ #2) addresses the residual COC soil contamination that remains in the subsurface within the 45,505 sf building footprint after the STAGE 1 excavation and removal of the top 1-2 foot layer of topsoil/fill containing metal debris and metal/PNA contamination has been completed. The proposed first floor concrete slab elevation is 740.0 feet. Additional clean fill along with engineered fill will be placed atop the exposed excavated ground surface to allow the installation of a 10-ml sheet vapor barrier underneath the proposed 5-inch thick poured concrete slab floor that is an engineered barrier covering the entire 45,505 sf building footprint. The 10-ml sheet vapor barrier and the overlying building concrete floor slab (no basements or sump pump basins) will together perform as an engineered barrier for the SMZ #2 dealership building to mitigate soil vapor inhalation exposure, soil ingestion exposure and SCGIER exposure pathways. One (1) concrete lined elevator vault will extend below the building footprint. The actual building concrete floor slab is estimated to be constructed weather permitting in April-June 2017.

STAGE 5 remediation area includes those areas of the site where utility conduit/ utility right of way trenching excavations expose COCs in the subsurface at depths below 1-2 feet BGL, where the previously conducted Stage 1 remediation actions removed the surface topsoil/fill materials for subsequent encapsulation and containment in SMZ #1. These exposed and excavated utility trench COC impacted fills/soils will be transported on-site to a designated stockpile, while clean soils will be removed, segregated and stockpiled on-site for later reuse as fill.

GEOTHINK geologist will conduct selective soil confirmation sampling and testing for metals and PNAs at specific locations along trench excavation sidewalls and floors to determine the effectiveness of remedial excavation and document clean soil conditions. These impacted COC soils along with other COC impacted soils not placed in SMZ #1 or SMZ #2 areas, or those COC soils not transported off-site for landfill disposal will be consolidated, transported and contained in the subsurface beneath an engineered barrier of designated asphalt parking lots identified as Soil Management Zone #3 (SMZ #3).

During STAGE 1 and STAGE 2 excavations across the site, and depending upon grade requirements, some deeper contaminated soils may remain in-place for eventual encapsulation by engineered fill and asphalt pavement as part of SMZ #3.

STAGE 5 remediation area also includes residual COC soil contamination that remains in the subsurface within scattered pockets of the proposed asphalt parking lot footprints for use as SMZ #3, where the previously conducted Stage 1 remediation actions removed the surface topsoil/fill materials for subsequent encapsulation and containment in SMZ #1. GEOTHINK geologist will conduct selective soil confirmation sampling and testing for metals and PNAs at specific locations at the prior Stage 1 excavation limits to determine the effectiveness of remedial excavation and document clean soil conditions. Additional clean fill along with engineered fill will be placed atop the exposed excavated ground surface to allow the installation of a minimum 4-inch layer of asphalt pavement to construct the SMZ #3 parking lots. The asphalt parking lot layer and engineered barrier for SMZ #3 will mitigate soil ingestion exposure and SCGIER exposure pathways from residual impacted soils beneath. The completed asphalt pavement engineered barrier (2 lifts of 2" thick asphalt) parking lots are estimated to be constructed weather permitting in July – September 2017.

It is estimated that between 600 to 1,000 cubic yards of unsuitable contaminated soils/fill materials exhumed at this PWF site will have to be managed for off-site disposal at licensed landfill as "special wastes". The actual volume of materials transported off-site to landfill will be documented, as the general source areas of these "special wastes" will be documented as well. Prior to disposal, waste characterization profiling may be necessary. Required samples will be submitted for laboratory analysis of landfill-required analytical parameters. The required parameters are currently unknown, and will depend upon the chosen landfill.

Post construction groundwater monitoring of the SMZ #1 and the PWF site will be conducted by sampling and testing of wells MW-6, MW-7 and MW-8 for COCs, along with well MW-2 near the northwest corner of the site in July/August 2017.

4.0 CONFIRMATION SAMPLING PLAN

As shown in Figure 12 – Proposed Construction of SMZ #1 and Confirmation Soil Test/Monitor Well Location Map details the configuration of SMZ #1 during construction and post remediation construction. A total of 11 soil confirmation sample tests for COCs at the bottom elevation (estimated 715 feet) and total of 14 soil confirmation sample tests for COCs at the side wall elevation (estimated 720-722 feet) will be conducted to insure the clean clay soil conditions are present around the exterior perimeter of the SMZ #1 facility.

For all other soil remediation areas excluding SMZ #2, SMZ #3 and 2 underground detention excavations, soil samples for COCs will be collected for floor samples from STAGE 1 excavation of surface 1-2 ft. deep topsoil/fill proposed to be collected on 40 foot centers with no sidewall samples taken. In the SMZ #2, SMZ #3 and 2 underground detention excavations an appropriate number of sidewall samples will be collected at 30 foot intervals along each excavation sidewall and at 30 foot center intervals at each excavation floor as needed. The purpose is to determine if SRO exceedences remain at excavated locations that will be covered with engineered barriers.

The proposed project schedule for confirmation soil sampling and testing is on TABLE 6.

5.0 ENGINEERED BARRIERS AND INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS

Engineered barriers will be installed at the site to minimize human exposure to subsurface contaminants, and minimize potential for contaminant migration by soil erosion and leaching to ground water. Proposed engineered barriers include 5-inches of concrete slab pavement for the proposed 45,505 sf building (SMZ #2 area), 4-inches of asphalt pavement for the parking lot areas (SMZ #3 areas) and three (3) feet of clean clay over impacted soils buried at SMZ #1 (LA3) area. Proposed G2 specifications for asphalt and concrete pavement materials that can be employed as engineered barriers are provided in **Appendix B**.

The Village of Downers Grove has a ground water ordinance that prohibits water well installation within the Village. Therefore, a separate ground water use restriction for the property will not be necessary if GRO impacts are encountered during additional ground water sampling, post-remediation monitoring and/or dewatering activities. **Appendix C** contains a copy of the Ordinance.

A construction worker notification is also recommended for mercury inhalation exposure. The purpose is to protect construction workers from undetected subsurface contaminants.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS

This Remedial Action Plan (RAP) has been completed for Mr. Brad Webb of Packey Webb Ford (Remedial Applicant), located at 1815 West Ogden Avenue, Downers Grove, DuPage County, Illinois (Remediation Site). Proposed remedial activities include soil excavation, soil consolidation, and soil placement for encapsulation activities associated with site redevelopment. Engineered barriers consisting concrete and asphalt pavements for the building footprint and surrounding parking lot areas, and 3 feet of clean clay materials for the stormwater compensatory storage area will perform effective environmental barriers to contain metal and PNA impacted soils on-site encapsulated within the subsurface. Remedial activities will occur in stages during the site redevelopment process into an automotive dealership.

The results of the site remediation on-site by soil management zones, soil landfill disposal, soil confirmation and groundwater testing and implementation of engineered barriers and institutional controls will be included with the Remedial Action Completion Report (RACR) along with DRM-2 form certification and signoff by licensed Illinois professional engineer (P.E.) and licensed Illinois professional geologist (P.G.). The RACR will be generated and submitted to the IEPA in September/October 2017 after the last SMZ #3 asphalt parking lot pad(s) has been constructed to comply with IEPA Part 742 definition of engineered barrier. Manifests and/or landfill disposal tickets documenting proper disposal will be collected, and copies will be included with the Remedial Action Completion Report (RACR).

Upon receipt of a "Draft NFR" from the IEPA, GEOTHINK and RA will review and modify as appropriate the draft document, then resubmit with changes to the IEPA for completion of Final NFR letter that will be recorded with the property deed in DuPage County Illinois.

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Engineered barriers will be installed at the site to minimize human exposure to subsurface contaminants, and minimize potential for contaminant migration by soil erosion and leaching to ground water. Proposed engineered barriers include 5-inches of concrete slab pavement for the proposed 45,505 sf building (SMZ #2 area), 4-inches of asphalt pavement for the parking lot areas (SMZ #3 areas) and three (3) feet of clean clay over impacted soils buried at SMZ #1 (LA3) area. Proposed G2 specifications for asphalt and concrete pavement materials that can be employed as engineered barriers are provided in **Appendix B**.

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A construction worker notification is also recommended for mercury inhalation exposure. The purpose is to protect construction workers from undetected subsurface contaminants. The site will remain industrial/commercial land use as part of deed restriction.

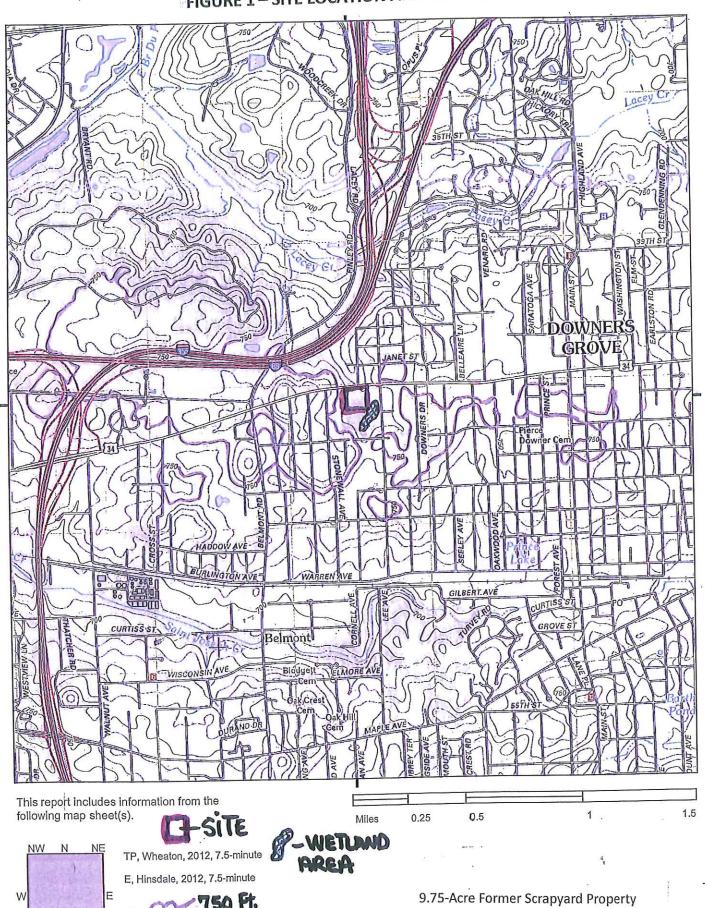
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FIGURE 1 – SITE LOCATION And TOPOGRAPHIC MAP



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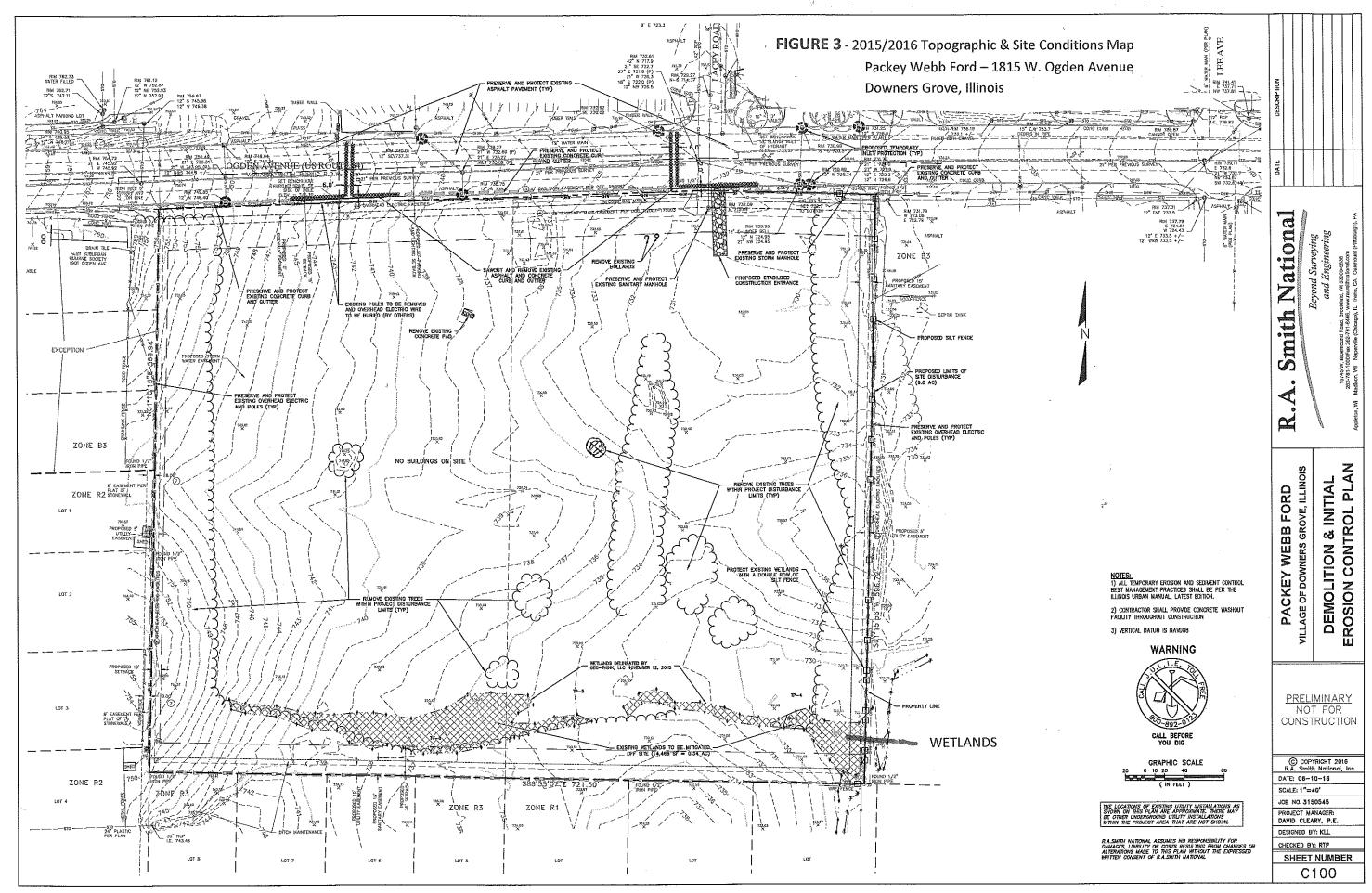
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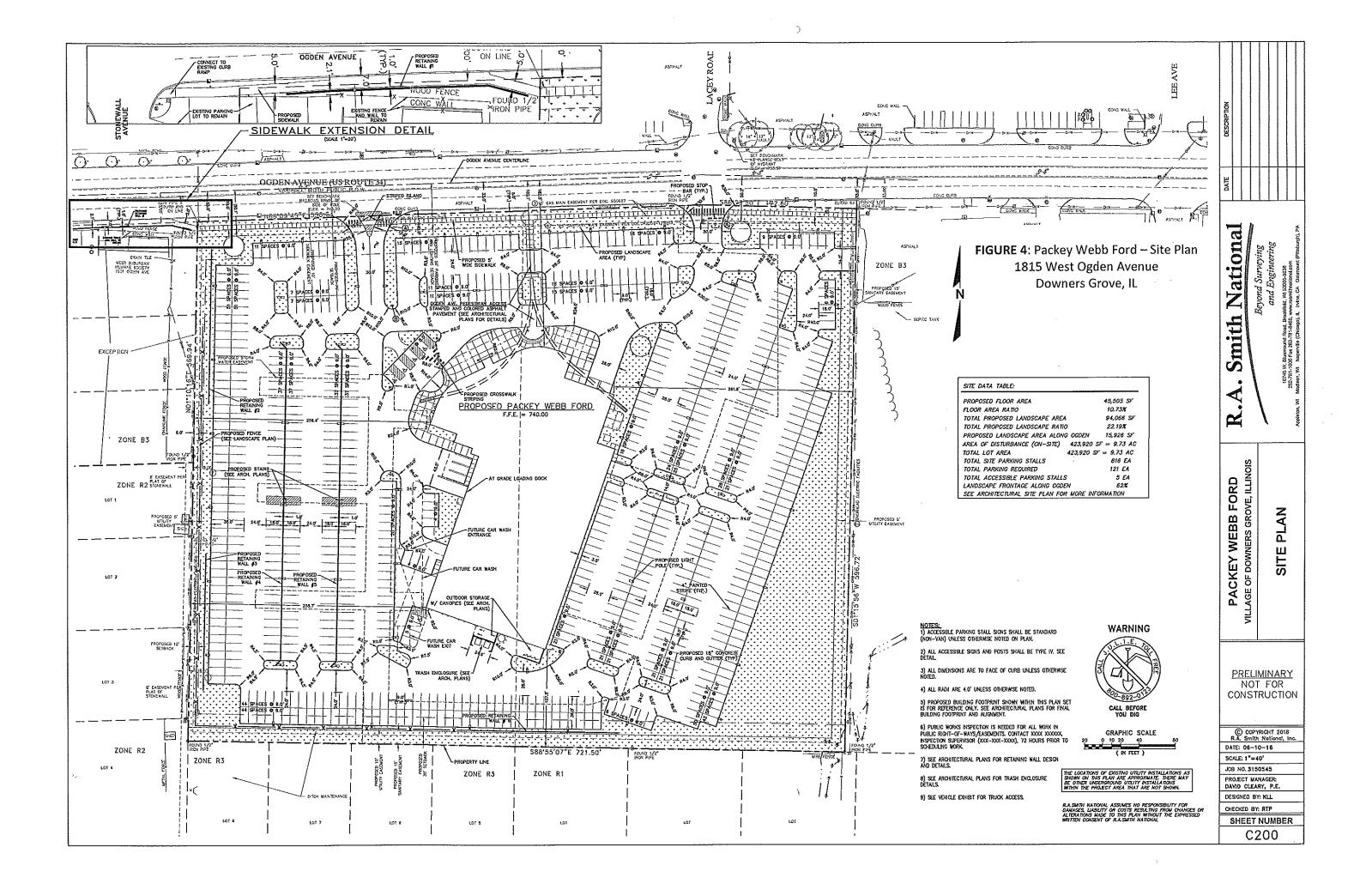
1815 Ogden Avenue (formerly 1863) Downers Grove, IL. 61515, DuPage Co.

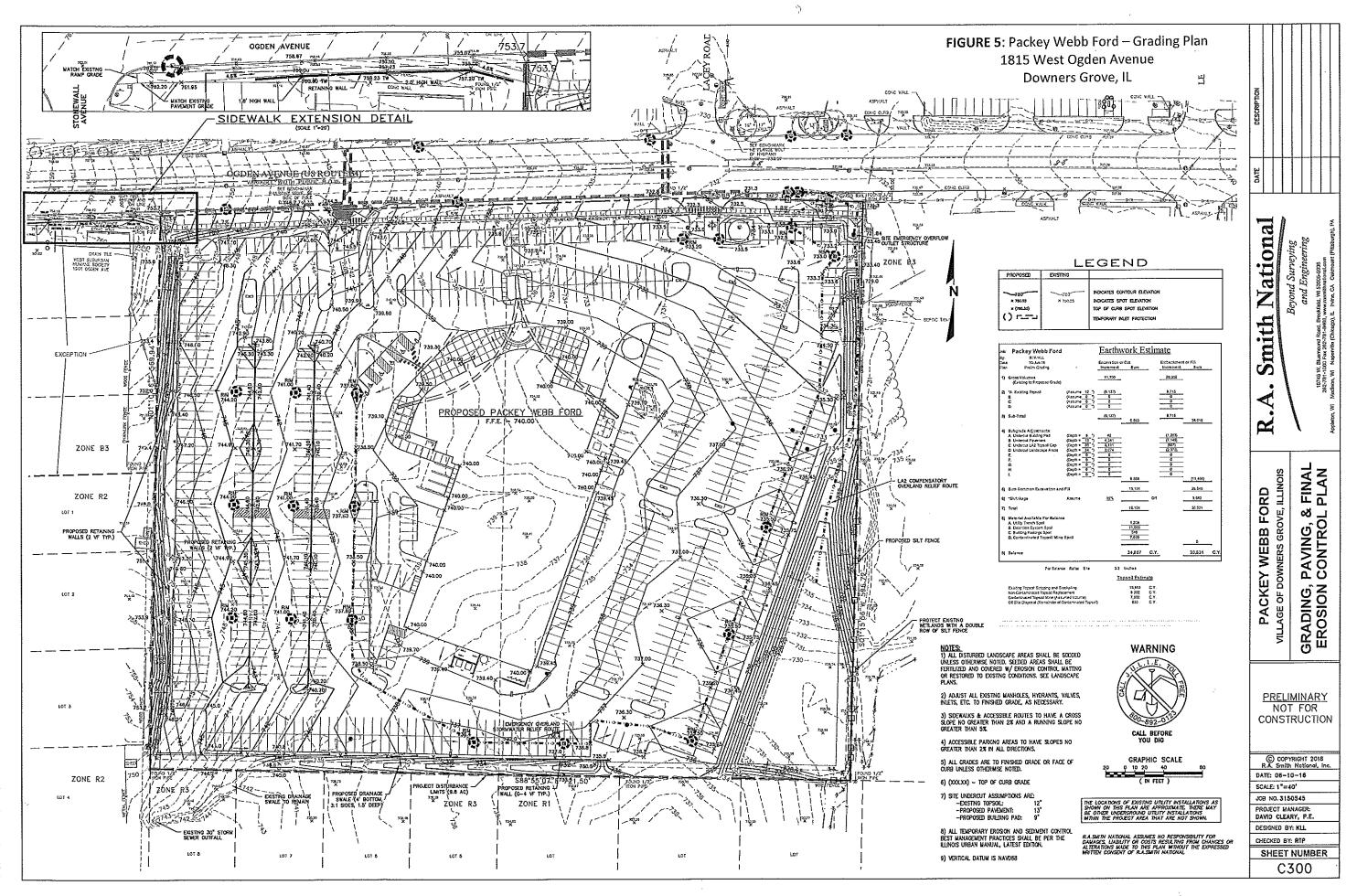
GEO-THINK, LLC ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCE PROVIDER Note: Drawing adapted from EPI report - 2007 SURROUNDING PROPERTIES MAP Downers Grove, IL. 61515, DuPage Co. NTS = Not to Scale 9.75-Acre Former Scrapyard Property 1815 Ogden Avenue (formerly 1863) FIGURE 2 - SITE LOCATION And 611 Stevens Street Geneva, IL 60134 630-208-5050 SUBJECT PROPERTY BOUNDARY PROJECT NO.: 2015-01028 DATE: DECEMBER 8, 2015 REGULATED WETLANDS LEGEND OPEN GRASS AREA (PARK) MERLIN MUFFLER AND BRAKE SHOP -AUTO REPAIR -TORO AUTO SERVICE/PARTS RESIDENTIAL CLEN AVENUE LEE AVENUE RESIDENCES -ACADEMY NAIL
-BEARD AUTO REPAIR
-HERTZ
- US WORLDWIDE TILE RESIDENTIAL RESIDENCES US 34 (OCDEN AVENUE) LACEY ROAD D&M CORVETTE AUTO SALES / BODY SHOP SUNSVA JUSH GRANT AVENUE RESIDENTIAL W SUBURBAN HUMANE SOCIETY RESIDENTIAL RESIDENTIAL RESIDENCES DUILDING SUNSVA JJAWSNOTZ KESIDENTIAL

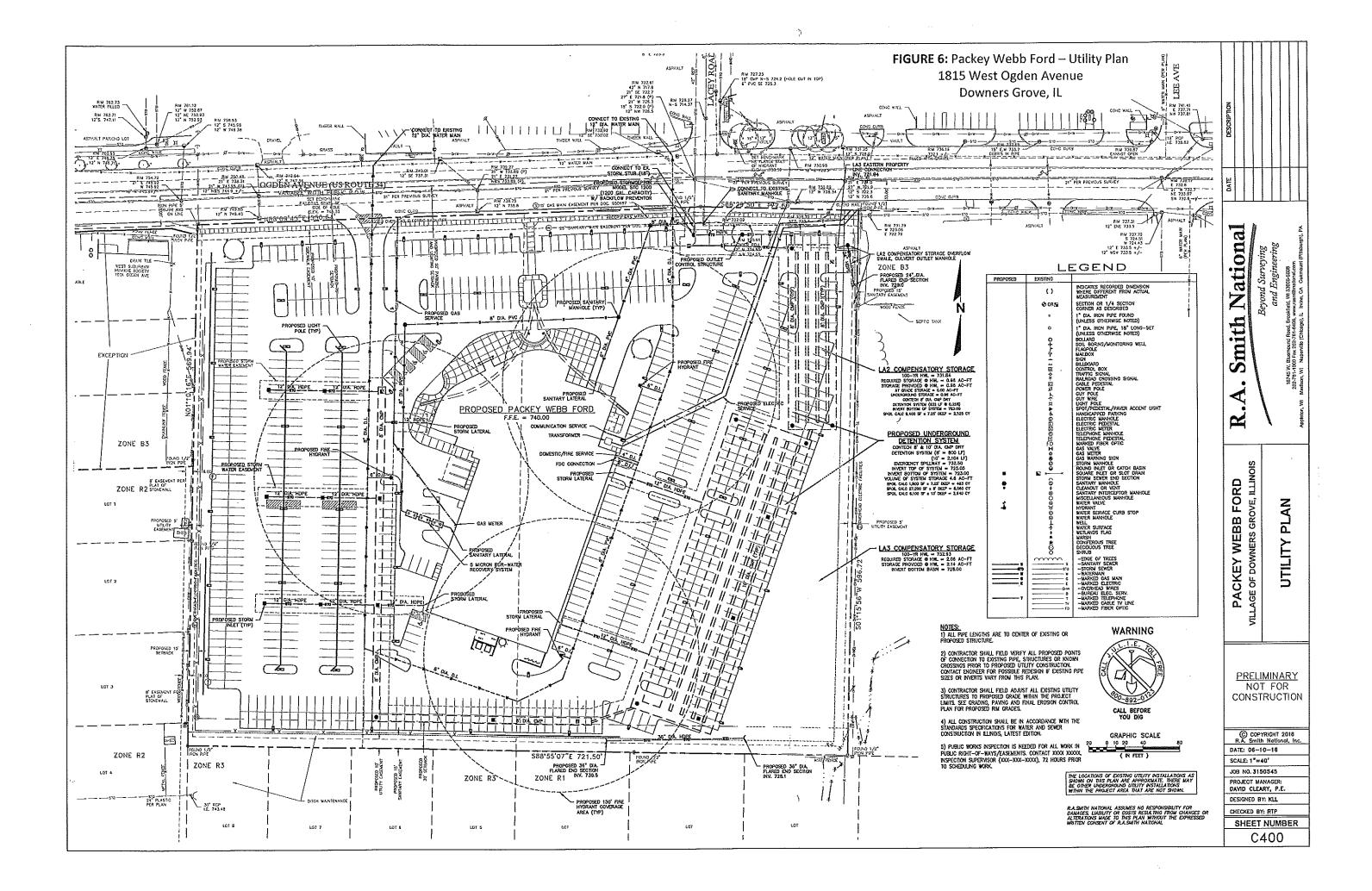
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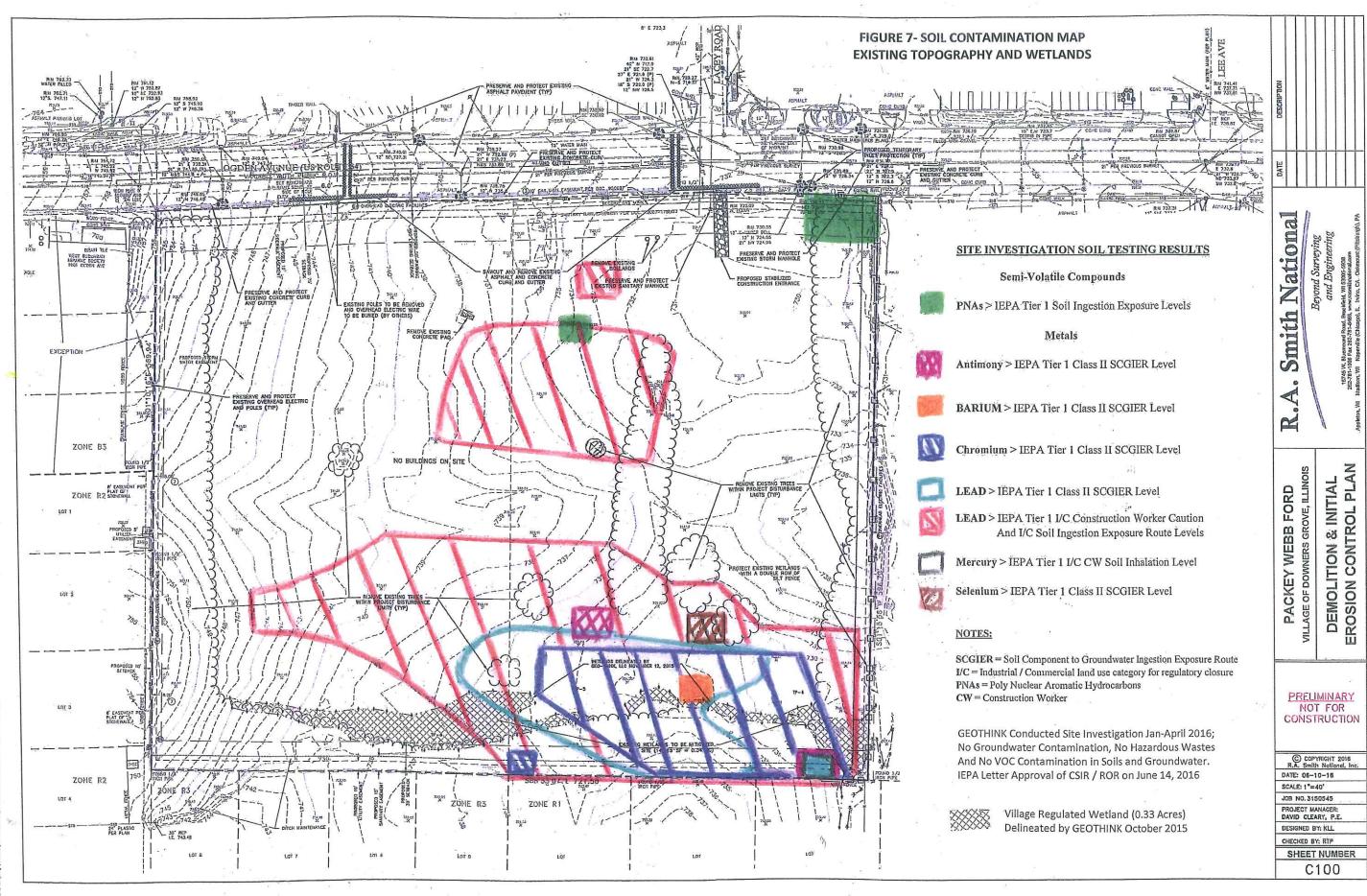


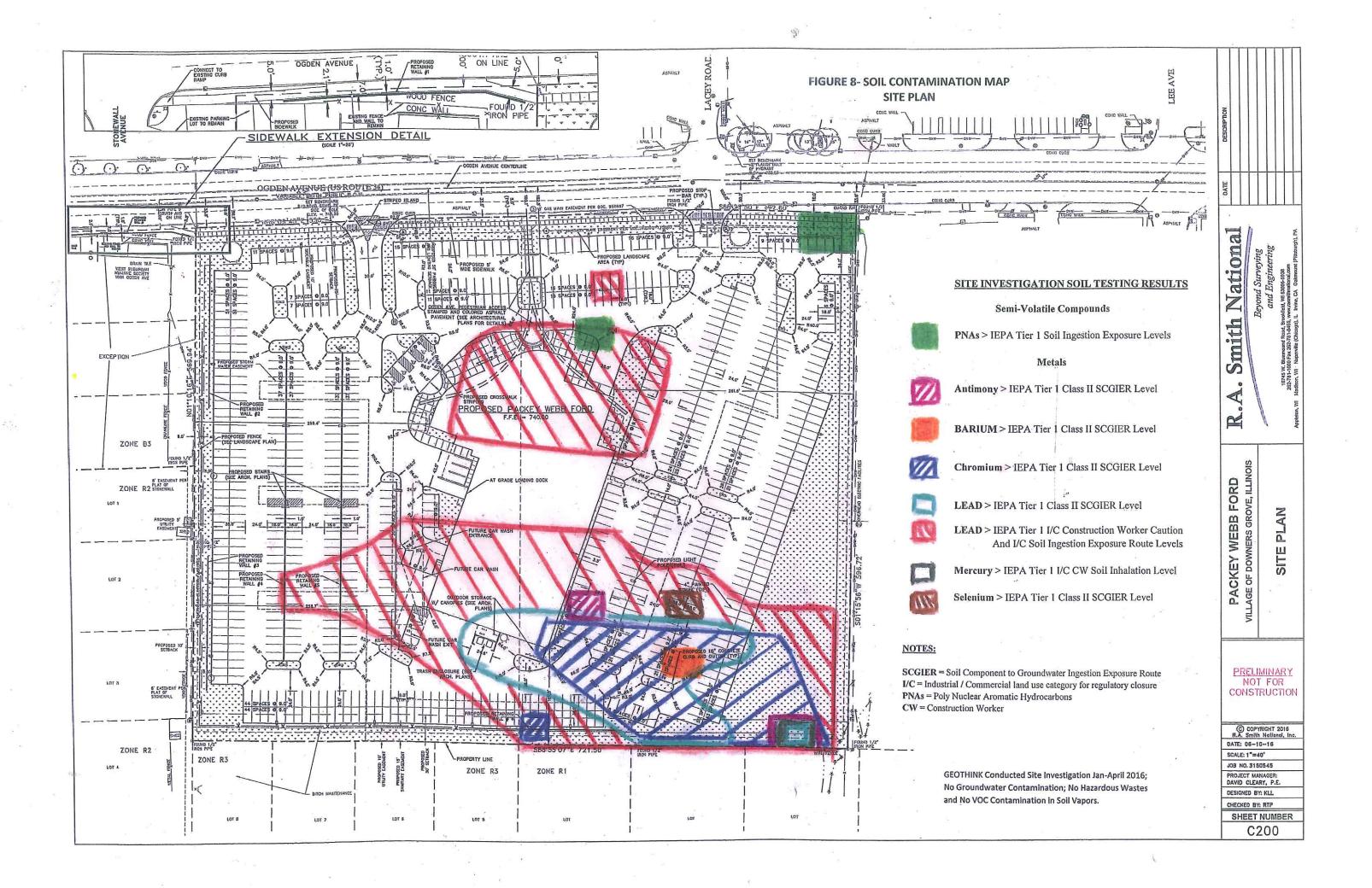
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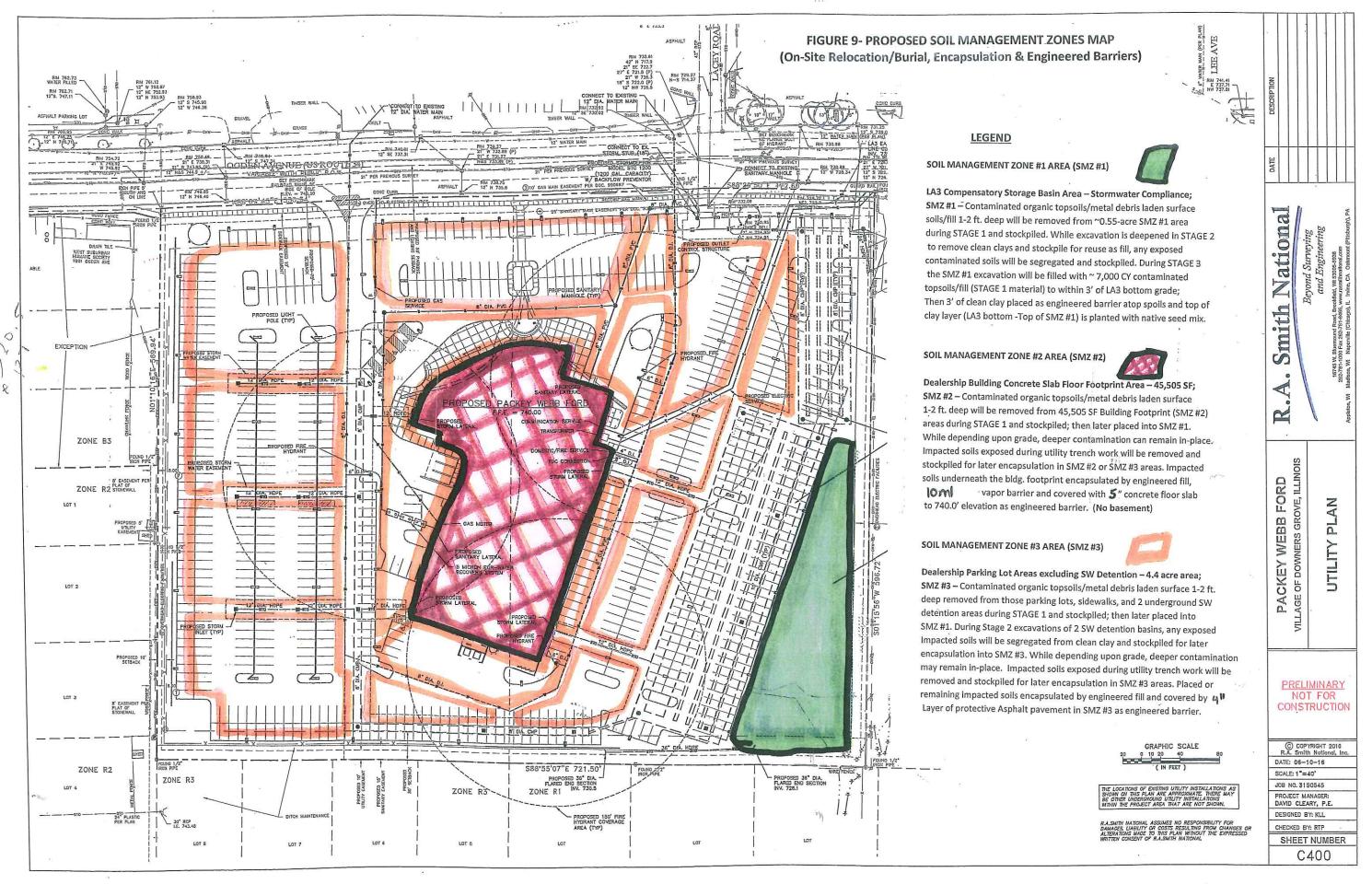


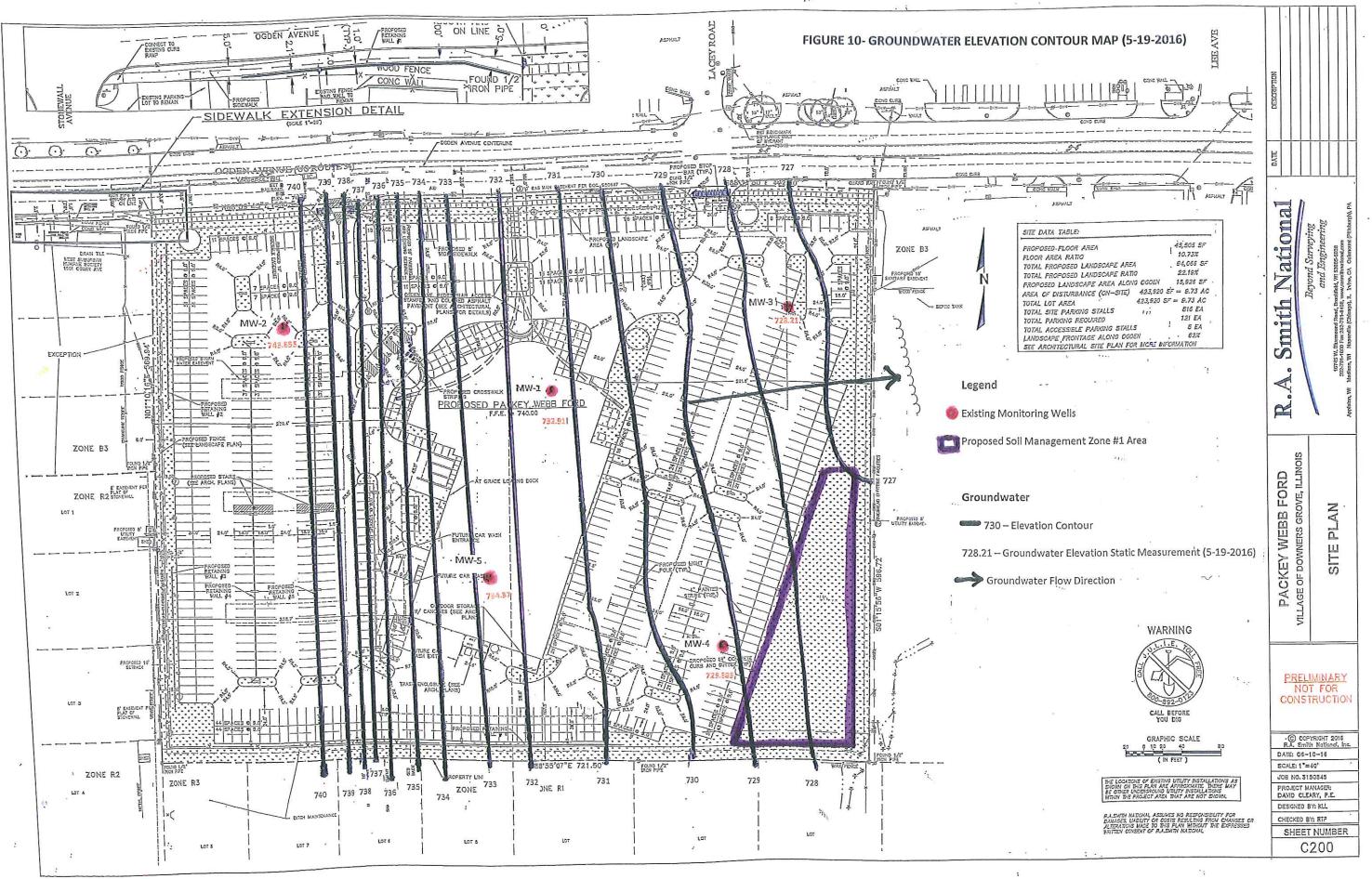












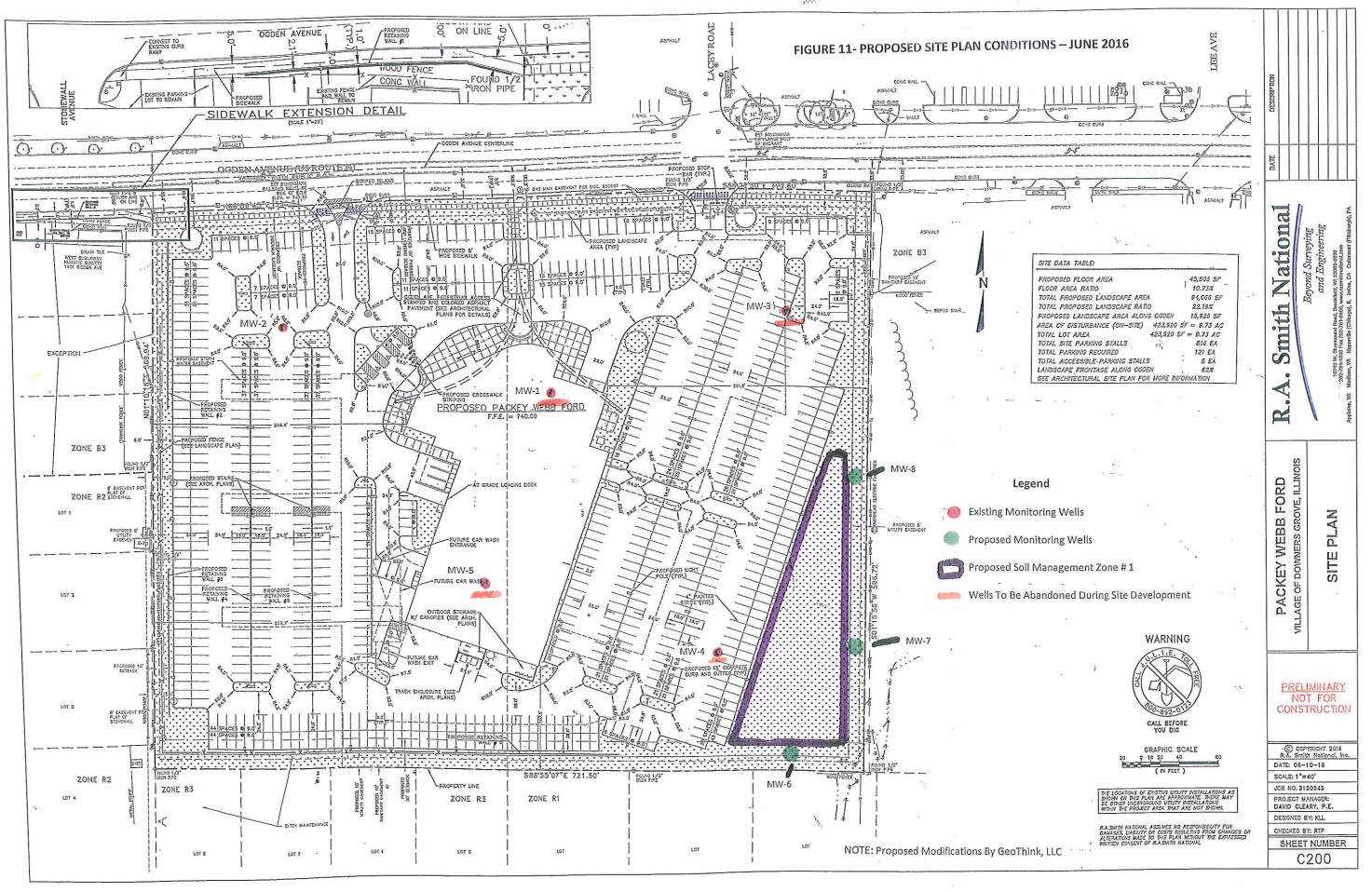
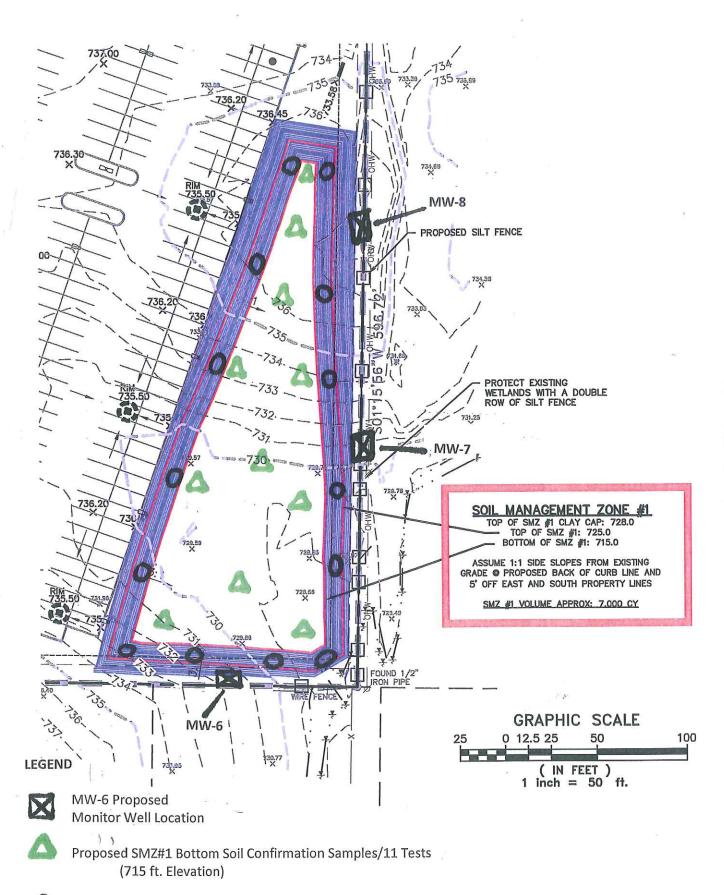


FIGURE 12 PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OF SMZ#1 AND CONFIRMATION SOIL TESTS/MONITOR WELL LOCATION MAP

77



Proposed SMZ#1 Wall Soil Confirmation Samples/ 14 Tests (720-722 ft. elevation)

APPENDIX A

IEPA CORRESPONDENCE

And

DRM-2 FORMS and PE CERTIFICATION



ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

1021 NORTH GRAND AVENUE EAST, P.O. BOX 19276, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62794-9276 • (217) 782-3397

BRUCE RAUNER, GOVERNOR

LISA BONNETT, DIRECTOR

June 14, 2016

Packey Webb Ford Attn: Mr. Brad Webb 2150 West Ogden Avenue Downers Grove, IL 60515

Re:

0430305287-DuPage County

Downers Grove/Aldi, Inc.

Site Remediation/Technical Reports

Dear Mr. Webb:

The Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (Illinois EPA) has conducted a review of your Comprehensive Site Investigation and Remedial Objectives Report (log# 16-61932) for the Aldi, Inc. site, dated April 13, 2016. The Illinois EPA finds the report acceptable, and provides the following information for your files.

Per IL Adm. Code 35, Section 740, a Remedial Action Plan, and Remedial Action Completion Report must be submitted to the Illinois EPA for review. You may elect to prepare and submit these reports for review individually or concurrently. If remedial activities are planned before submittal of these reports, the Illinois EPA requests that the dates and times be provided as soon as they are available.

If you have any questions, please contact me at 217/782-9283.

Sincerely,

Rhett M. Rossi

Voluntary Site Remediation Unit

Remedial Project Management Section

Bureau of Land

4302 N. Main St., Rockford, II. 61103 (815) 987-7760 595 S. Stote, Eigh, II. 60123 (847) 608-3131 2125 S. First St., Champaign, II. 61820 (217) 278-5800 2009 Mail St., Collimylle, II. 62234 (618) 346-5120 9511 Hardion St., Dei Pioines, IL 6001 6 (847) 294-4000 412 SW Washington St., Suite D, Peorlo, IL 61 602 (309) 671-3022 2309 W, Main St., Suite 116, Marton, IL 62959 (618) 993-7200 100 W. Randolph, Suite 10-300, Chicago, IL 60601



Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

Bureau of Land • 1021 North Grand Avenue East • P.O. Box 19276 • Springfield • Illinois • 62794-9276

INSTRUCTIONS TO REQUEST REVIEW OR APPROVAL OF PLANS AND REPORTS BY THE ILLINOIS EPA UNDER THE SITE REMEDIATION PROGRAM (SRP) (FORM DRM-2)

General Information

A Remediation Applicant requesting review and evaluation of Site Remediation Program (SRP) plans and reports by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ("Illinois EPA") or by a Review and Evaluation Licensed Professional Engineer or Geologist ("RELPEG") must complete a DRM-2 Form for each plan or report. More than one plan or report may be submitted under cover of this form.

Please read the directions carefully and ensure that all required information is provided. When completing this form, the letters "NA" may be used, but only if the requested information is not applicable. Justification must be stated for any failure to provide applicable requested information. This fillable form may be completed online, a copy saved locally, printed and signed before it is submitted to:

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
Bureau of Land
Remedial Project Management Section
Site Remediation Program
1021 N. Grand Avenue East
PO Box 19276
Springfield, IL 62794-9276

Hand-carried documents may be delivered during normal business hours (8:30 a.m. - 5 p.m.) to the above address.

To assist in implementing with your plans or reports, once they are approved by the Illinois EPA, you should keep a copy of every submittal and any relevant correspondence sent to the Illinois EPA.

Please fill out the applicable sections on this form. The requested information is described in the directions on the following pages.

*If a Review and Evaluation Licensed Professional Engineer or Geologist ("RELPEG") has been contracted to perform review and evaluation services, one additional copy of those plan(s) or report(s) must be included with the submittal. A RELPEG is a licensed professional engineer or geologist with whom a Remediation Applicant ("RA") has contracted to perform review and evaluation services under the direction of the Illinois EPA. The use of the RELPEG is an option available to an RA to obtain additional technical evaluation resources for a project. Additional information on how a RELPEG can used in the SRP is provide in the regulations (35 Ill. Adm. Code 740.235).



Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

Bureau of Land • 1021 North Grand Avenue East • P.O. Box 19276 • Springfield • Illinois • 62794-9276

Site Remediation Program Form (DRM-2) (To be Submitted with all Plans and Reports)

You may complete this form online, save a copy, print, sign and mail it to the address above.

I. Site Identifi	cation:			
Site Name:	Downers Grove/Aldi, Inc Packey	Webb Ford -	9.75-Acre Commercial R	edevelopment
Street Address:	1815 West Ogden Avenue			P.O. Box:
City:	Downers Grove	State: IL	Zip Code: 60515	Phone: NA
	ID Number: 0430305287			
II. Remediation	on Applicant:			
Applicant's Name	e: Mr./Ms. Mr. Brad Webb			
Company:	Packey Webb Ford			
Street Address:	2150 West Ogden Avenue			P.O. Box:
City:	Downers Grove	State: IL	Zip Code: 60515	Phone: 630-598-4641
Email Address:	brad.webb@packeywebbford.com			
	that the Illinois EPA review and eval Environmental Protection Act (415 II ent.			the review and evaluation
Remediation App	licant's Signature:	MILL	hh	Date: 6/27/16
III. Contact Po	erson for Remediation Appli	cant:		
Contact's Name:	Mr./Ms. Mr. Jeff Lietz			
Company:	Charles Vincent George Architects	3		
Street Address:	1245 East Diehl Road-Suite 101			P.O. Box:
City:	Naperville	State: IL	Zip Code: 60563	Phone: 630-357-2023
Email Address:	jlietz@cvgarchitects.com			
Contact Perso	on for Consultant:			
Contact's Name:	Mr./Ms. Mr. Thomas M. Mar	ngan		
Company:	GEOTHINK, LLC			
Street Address:	611 Stevens Street			P.O. Box:
City:	Geneva	State: IL	Zip Code: 60134	Phone: 630-208-5050
Email Address:	tmangan@geothinkservices.com			
IV. Review &	Evaluation Licensed Profess	sional Eng	ineer or Geologist ('	'RELPEG"), if applicable
	e: Mr./Ms. NA			
Company:	2			
Street Address:				P.O. Box:
City:		State:	Zip Code:	Phone:
Email Address:		-		

Page 3 of 4 V. Project Documents Being Submitted: Date of Preparation Document Title: Remedial Action Plan of Plan or Report: July 7,, 2016 Prepared For: Packey Webb Ford GEOTHINK, LLC Prepared by: Type of Document Submitted: Site Investigation Report - Comprehensive Sampling Plan Health and Safety Plan Site Investigation Report - Focused Community Relations Plan Remediation Objectives Report - Tier 1 or 2 ☐ Risk Assessment Remediation Objectives Report - Tier 3 Containment Fate & Transport Modeling Remedial Action Plan Other: _____ Remedial Action Completion Report Date of Preparation Document Title: _____ of Plan or Report: _____ Prepared For: Prepared by: Type of Document Submitted: Site Investigation Report - Comprehensive Sampling Plan Site Investigation Report - Focused Health and Safety Plan Community Relations Plan Remediation Objectives Report - Tier 1 or 2 Remediation Objectives Report - Tier 3 Risk Assessment Containment Fate & Transport Modeling Remedial Action Plan Other: _____ Remedial Action Completion Report Date of Preparation of Plan or Report: Document Title: ____ Prepared by: Prepared For: Type of Document Submitted: Sampling Plan Site Investigation Report - Comprehensive

Health and Safety Plan

Risk Assessment

Other: _____

Community Relations Plan

Containment Fate & Transport Modeling

Site Investigation Report - Focused

Remedial Action Plan

Remediation Objectives Report - Tier 1 or 2

Remediation Objectives Report - Tier 3

Remedial Action Completion Report

VI. Professional Engineer's or Geologist's Seal or Stamp:

I attest that all site investigations or remedial activities that are subject of this plan(s) or report(s) were performed under my direction, and this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or reviewed by me, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, the work described in the plan and report has been designed or completed in accordance with the Illinois Environmental Protection Act (415 ILCS 5), 35 III. Adm. Code 740, and generally accepted engineering practices or principles of professional geology, and the information presented is accurate and complete.

Any person who knowingly makes a false, fictitious, or fraudulent material statement, orally or in writing, to the Illino second or subsequent offense after conviction is a Class 3 felony. (415 ILCS 5/44(h))	Market Comment
Engineer's or Geologist's Name: Jason C. Fowler	Geologist's Seal of Stamp:
Company: GEOTHINK, LLC	062-062769 LICENSED
Registration Number: #062-062789 Phone: 630-208-5050	PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
License Expiration Date: 11-30-2017	The state of the s
Signature:Date: Jy	5, 2016 This OF IL him
Note: The suite with a fall is a good Burfagainanal Contents to portify descriments out mitted to the Hijnein Env	ironmental Protection Agency for ravies

Note: The authority of a Licensed Professional Geologist to certify documents submitted to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for review and evaluation pursuant to Title XVII of the Environmental Protection Act is limited to Site Investigation Reports (415 ILCS 58.7(f), as amended by P. A. 92-0735, effective July 25, 2002. A Licensed Professional Geologist cannot certify Remediation Objectives Reports, Remedial Action Plans or Remedial Action Completion Reports.

All information submitted is available to the public except when specifically designated by the Remediation Applicant to be treated confidentially as a trade secret or secret process in accordance with the Illinois Compiled Statutes, Section 7(a) of the Environmental Protection Act, applicable Rules and Regulations of the Illinois Pollution Control Board and applicable Illinois EPA rules and guidelines. The Illinois EPA is authorized to require this information under Sections 415 ILCS 5/58 - 58.12 of the Environmental Protection Act and regulations proumulgated thereunder. Disclosure of this information is required as a condition of participation in the Site Remediation Program. Failure to do so may prevent this form from being processed and could result in your plan(s) or report(s) being rejected. This form has been approved by the Forms Management Center.

VI. Professional Engineer's or Geologist's Seal or Stamp:

I attest that all site investigations or remedial activities that are subject of this plan(s) or report(s) were performed under my direction, and this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or reviewed by me, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, the work described in the plan and report has been designed or completed in accordance with the Illinois Environmental Protection Act (415 ILCS 5), 35 III. Adm. Code 740, and generally accepted engineering practices or principles of professional geology, and the information presented is accurate and complete.

Any person who knowingly makes a false, fictitious, or fraudulent material statement, orally or in writing, to the Illinois second or subsequent offense after conviction is a Class 3 felony. (415 ILCS 5/44(h))	S EPA compass a Class 4 Felson
Engineer's or Geologist's Name: Thomas M. Mangan	gressional Engineer for
Engineers of Geologist's Name.	Septembles remained and
Company: GEOTHINK, LLC	[3] ₁₉₆₋₀₀₀₄₄₉
Registration Number: 196-000449 Phone: 630-208-5050	190-0004-95
License Expiration Date: 03-31-2017	(LINOIS
Signature: Manyer Date: July	5,7016
Note: The authority of a Licensed Professional Geologist to certify documents submitted to the Illinois Envi	

Note: The authority of a Licensed Professional Geologist to certify documents submitted to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for review and evaluation pursuant to Title XVII of the Environmental Protection Act is limited to Site Investigation Reports (415 ILCS 58.7(f), as amended by P. A. 92-0735, effective July 25, 2002. A Licensed Professional Geologist cannot certify Remediation Objectives Reports, Remedial Action Plans or Remedial Action Completion Reports.

All information submitted is available to the public except when specifically designated by the Remediation Applicant to be treated confidentially as a trade secret or secret process in accordance with the Illinois Compiled Statutes, Section 7(a) of the Environmental Protection Act, applicable Rules and Regulations of the Illinois Pollution Control Board and applicable Illinois EPA rules and guidelines. The Illinois EPA is authorized to require this information under Sections 415 ILCS 5/58 - 58.12 of the Environmental Protection Act and regulations proumulgated thereunder. Disclosure of this information is required as a condition of participation in the Site Remediation Program. Failure to do so may prevent this form from being processed and could result in your plan(s) or report(s) being rejected. This form has been approved by the Forms Management Center.

July 7, 2016-Remedial Action Plan -Packey Webb Ford 9.75-Acre Undeveloped ALDI, Inc. Property 1815 W. Ogden Ave. Downers Grove, Illinois

APPENDIX B

CONCEPT RENDERING OF DEALERSHIP FACILITY

And

CONSTRUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS for ENGINEERED BARRIERS

And

SITE PLAN (Sheet C200)

GEOTHINK, LCC Project # 2015-01028







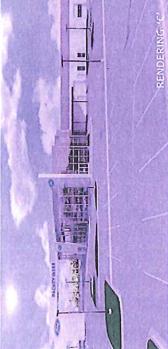


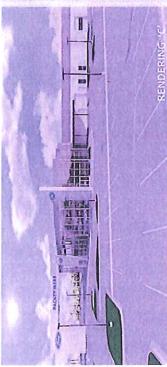


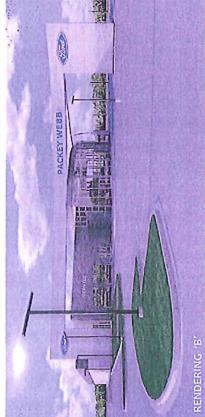


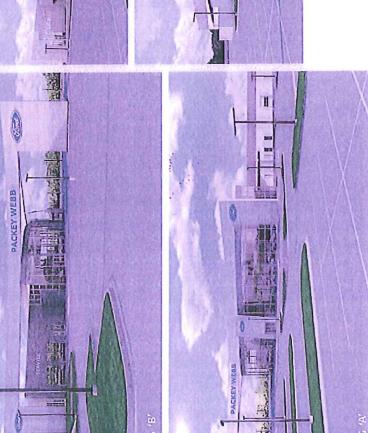
KEY PLAN

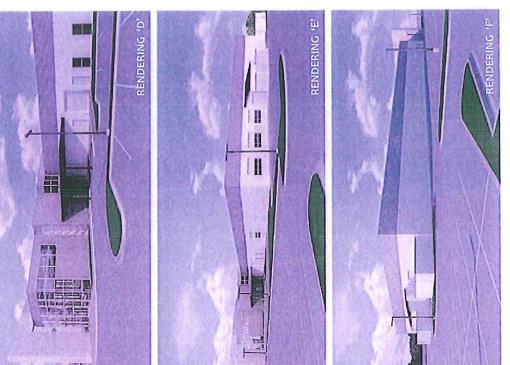
Packey Webb Ford 1815 Ogden Avenue | Downers Grov June 10, 2016 | project 2015-082













January 28, 2015 G2 Project No. 152455 Page 9

CONSTRUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS (ENGINEER BARRIERS TO BE USED)



No specific data regarding expected traffic frequencies and type of vehicles was available; however, we expect traffic will include passenger vehicles and automobile delivery trucks. We performed a pavement design analysis in accordance with the "AASHTO Guide for Design of Pavement Structures". For evaluation purposes, we estimated a total of 50,000 18-kip equivalent single-axle loads (ESALs) over a 20-year design life for standard-duty pavement sections and 150,000 ESALs for heavy-duty pavement sections. In addition, we also used a serviceability loss of 2.0, a standard deviation of 0.35 for rigid pavement and 0.45 for flexible pavement, and a reliability factor of 0.85. If any traffic volume information becomes available, G2 should be notified so we can reevaluate our recommendations.

Minimum Flexible Pavement Section – Standard Duty		
Material	Thickness	
Bituminous Surface Course (IDOT HMA Surface Course Class C, N50)	2 inches	ENGINEER
Bituminous Binder Course (IDOT HMA Binder Course IL-19.0, N50)	2 inches	ENGÎNEER BARRIER
Dense-Graded Aggregate Base Course (IDOT Type B CA-6 Crushed)	8 inches	47114/15/

Minimum Flexible Pavement Section - Heavy Duty	
Material	Thickness
Bituminous Surface Course (IDOT HMA Surface Course Class C, N50)	2 inches 3 inches
Bituminous Binder Course (IDOT HMA Binder Course IL-19.0, N50)	3 inches
Dense-Graded Aggregate Base Course (IDOT Type B CA-6 Crushed)	10 inches

Concrete Pavement Section - Standard Duty	
Material	Thickness
Portland Cement Concrete (IDOT PV)	5 inches
Dense-Graded Aggregate Base Course (IDOT Type B CA-6 Crushed)	4 inches

Concrete Pavement Section - Heavy Duty	
Material	Thickness
Portland Cement Concrete (IDOT PV)	6 inches
Dense-Graded Aggregate Base Course (IDOT Type B CA-6 Crushed)	4 inches

The flexible pavement section is based on a structural coefficient number of 0.40 for the bituminous surface course, a structural coefficient number of 0.33 for bituminous binder course, and a structural coefficient number of 0.14 for the aggregate base material.

Given that poor draining silty clay soils are generally present within the pavement subgrade, proper drainage is considered to be an important consideration for pavement design. We recommend "stub" or "finger" drains be provided around catch basins and other low parts of parts of the site to minimize the accumulation of water above and within any frost susceptible subgrade soils. The pavement and subgrade surface should be properly sloped to promote effective surface and subsurface drainage and prevent water from ponding. We also recommend pavement subbase material consist of non-frost-susceptible aggregates. Any subgrade undercuts backfilled with granular engineered fill will need to be tied into the edge drain system or nearby catch basin with finger drains to avoid creating a "bathtub" and trapping water within the granular undercuts.

January 28, 2015 G2 Project No. 152455 Page 10



Regular timely maintenance should be performed on the bituminous pavement to reduce the potential deterioration associated with moisture infiltration through surface cracks. The owner should be prepared to seal the cracks with a hot-applied elastic crack filler as soon as possible after cracking develops and as often as necessary to block the passage of water to the subgrade soils. It should be noted that if the existing fill soils and buried topsoil are left in place in the eastern pavement areas, some increased pavement maintenance costs can be expected over the life of the pavement due to uneven consolidation of the existing fill from engineered fill and pavement loads.

Large front-loading refuse trucks can impose significant concentrated wheel loads within trash pick-up areas. This type of loading can result in rutting of asphalt pavements and ultimately in failure. We recommend reinforced concrete pavement, at least 8 inches in thickness, be used in these areas.

UNDERGROUND STORM WATER DETENTION

Based on the preliminary Proposed Compensatory Storage Exhibit prepared dated January 29, 2016, we understand the underground storm water detention system will consist of 8-foot diameter corrugated metal pipe (CMP) in the northeast corner of the site and 4-foot diameter CMP in the southeast corner of the site. The northeast CMP will have an invert elevation of 723.00 feet and the southeast CMP will have an invert elevation of 729.00 feet. The northeast detention system will outlet to an existing storm sewer manhole along Ogden Avenue and the southeast detention system will outlet to a storm water detention area in the southeast corner of the property.

Soil borings B-14 and B-15 and test pit TP-20 were performed in the northeastern portion of the site and borings B-16 and B-17 and test pit TP-29 were performed in the southeast portion of the site. Soil conditions at the borings and test pits consist of soft to hard silty clay. Groundwater at the soil borings locations was encountered below proposed invert elevations; however groundwater was measured at an approximate depth of 2 feet, corresponding to an approximate elevation of 728 feet, upon completion of excavation operations for test pit TP-20.

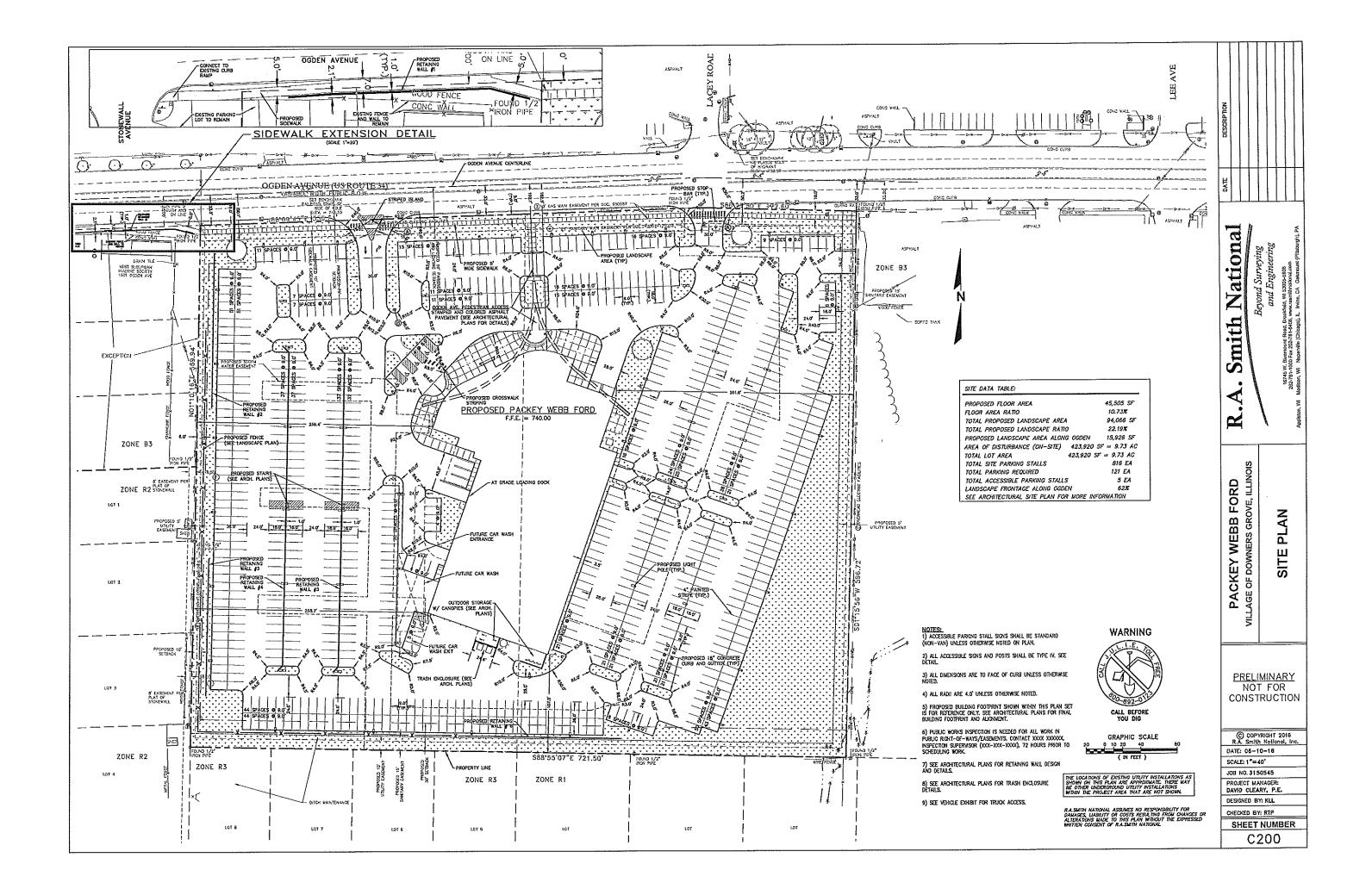
We anticipate groundwater can be controlled by pumping from properly constructed sumps during excavation; however, since the storm water detention systems will be constructed within cohesive soils, a perched groundwater condition can develop that will impose buoyant forces on the CMP. Depending on the size of the bearing depth and thickness of fill over the CMP, it may be necessary to either anchor the CMP to mat foundations or use a combination of helical piles with straps and ballast in the CMP to resist buoyant forces due to fluctuations in the groundwater level. Installation of monitoring wells may be considered at the storm water detention locations to determine the seasonal groundwater elevations and provide a more definitive groundwater elevation for design purposes.

We recommend the CMP pipe be bedded on a minimum of 6 inches of open-graded stone such as pea stone or crushed stone meeting the gradation requirements of IDOT CA 7. Additionally, we recommend open-graded stone be used to backfill the pipe haunches as well due to the ease of placement and compaction within the haunch area. Once backfill is above the pipe haunches, a dense-graded engineered fill may be used to complete backfill operations. A filter fabric should be placed between the open-graded stone and dense-graded stone to prevent soil loss into the open-graded stone matrix. Soft soils are present at an approximate depth of 8-1/2 feet in boring B-14, approximate elevation 722-1/2 feet. We recommend a geotextile fabric be placed below the bedding material where soft soils are present at the invert elevations.

CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS

We anticipate engineered fill placed within the proposed building area will predominantly consist of onsite cohesive soils and we anticipate foundation and utility excavations can be performed neatly within these soils; however, occasional layers of silt should be anticipated and caving and sloughing of the silt

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APPENDIX C

VILLAGE OF DOWNERS GROVE GROUND WATER ORDINANCE

Run Date :8/20/2003

DLC Assignment Form

Assignment ID

:2496

Subject

:Automotive Services/Downers Grove

Subject Type

:Ordinance Review

DLC In Date

:8/20/2003

DLC File No.

Correspondence No.:03082002

: DLC Completed Date.

9/8/03

Assigned Staff:

Wight, Mark

Attorney

Project Details:

Status Issued Date: 8/20/2003

Due Date: 9/19/2003

please review new submittal of Downers Grove ordinance Nos. 2942, 3301 and 4423.

Denied previously as OC03061301

Comments:

see attached memorandum

STATE OF ILLINOIS
COUNTY OF DU PAGE

CERTIFICATE

I, April K. Holden, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I am the Village Clerk of the Village of Downers Grove, Du Page County, Illinois, and as such officer I have the lawful power and duty to keep an index and record of all proceedings of the Village Council of said Village, and of all ordinances and resolutions presented to or passed by said Village Council.

I DO HEREBY FURTHER CERTIFY, THAT the foregoing document is a true, correct and complete copy of a certain ordinance now on file in my office, designated as Ordinance No. 4423 and that said ordinance was duly passed and approved by the Council of said Village at a meeting duly called and held in accordance with applicable law, at which a quorum was present and acting throughout.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the corporate seal of the Village of Downers Grove, Illinois, in the State and County aforesaid, this 1st day of August 2003.

SEAL

Anulu IM Municipal Clerk

AUG 0 1 2003

ORDINANCE NO. 4423

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING SECTION 25-52 REGARDING GROUNDWATER WELLS

BE IT ORDAINED by the Council of the Village of Downers Grove, in DuPage County, Illinois, as follows: (Additions are indicated by Shading; deletions by strikeout.)

SECTION 1. That Section 25-52 of the Downers Grove Municipal Code is hereby amended as follows:

25-52. Private water wells; permit required.

(a) For purposes of this section, the following terms shall be defined as follows:

Person - any individual, partnership, co-partnership, firm, company, limited liability corporation, association, joint stock company, trust, estate, political subdivision, or any other legal entity, or their legal representatives, agents or employees.

Potable Water - any water used for human or domestic consumption, including, but not limited to water used for drinking, bathing, swimming, washing dishes or preparing food.

Groundwater - is any underground water which occurs within the saturated zone and geological materials where the fluid pressure in the pore space is equal to or greater than atmospheric pressure.

- (b) Except for such uses or methods in existence prior to February 19, 2002, the use or attempt to use by any person, including the Village of Downers Grove, as a potable-water supply groundwater from any location within the corporate limits of the Village by the installation or drilling of wells or by any other method is hereby prohibited.
- (c) It shall be unlawful for any person to dig, drill, redrill or extend, or cause to be dug, drilled, redrilled, or extended, any well, hole or other excavation in the ground for the purpose of extracting water therefrom, at any location within the corporate limits of the Villages—except:
- (1) Any well-intended and used exclusively for firigation and watering of crops or landscaping or in cooling towers used in conjunction with air conditioning systems; provided, that the well shall meet the following conditions:
 - (i)—Such well shall-not be drilled to a depth greater than two-hundred feet; and
- (ii) Such-well shall not be connected in any way to any water system providing water for domestic use or human consumption, including but not limited to, the Village's water system. In order to assure that water from such well is not so connected, the Village may require that a periodic bacteriological sampling may be taken of the domestic water entering any building on the property served by such well. The charge for such sampling shall be automatically added to the water-bill for Village water for such building, and shall constitute an expense to the owner thereof; and
- (iii) Any-such well with a column-pipe up to four-inches in size shall not be dug or drilled within fifty-feet-from any Village owned well. Any such well with a column pipe greater than five inches in size shall not be dug or drilled within one thousand feet from any Village owned well; and
- (iv) Such well-shall be no less than fifteen feet from any publicly or privately owned water main, and
- (v)—A backflow-prevention-device-shall be installed on the water-service pipe(s)/line(s)-connecting any structure on the property to the public-water supply.
- (vi)—Such wells shall not be subject to the water conservation regulations in Section 25-5-if the owner or occupant of the property on which the well is located obtains and displays a "private well" sign. A metal sign shall be placed in the front yard or a paper sign in the window of the

property in a location elearly visible from the street. Such signs shall be obtained from the Village: metal property signs for a cost of twenty-dollars; paper window signs at no charge. Except as otherwise provided in the preceding sentences, such wells shall be subject to the water conservation regulations in Section 25-5.

(vii) If well water is used in cooling towers in conjunction with air conditioning systems, all-such water shall dispense through evaporation or other appropriate means and shall-not be discharged into the canitary or storm sower systems, or otherwise discharged into the ground.

(d) It-shall be unlawful for any person to dig, drill, redrill or extend, or cause to be dug, drilled, redrilled, or extended, any well, hole or other excavation in the ground for the purpose of extracting water therefrom, without (1) having first applied for and obtained a permit for such well from the Village, which permit shall not be issued unless the applicant provides satisfactory evidence to the effect that such well is permitted under the provisions of subsection (a) above; (2) establishing that permits therefor have also been issued by DuPage County, the Illinois Department of Mines and Minerals and any other governmental authority having jurisdiction thereof; and (3) certifying that such well will be in full compliance with all applicable health and safety requirements of DuPage County. Fees for the permit required in paragraph (a) hereof shall be as follows:

Work Performed	· Fee	Bond
Plan raview and on site inspection Bleetrical inspection Porkway opening	\$ 100.00 	. N/A N/A \$200.00

(Ord. No. 2942, § 1; Ord. No. 3301, § 3.)

<u>SECTION 2</u>. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

SECTION 3. That this ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage and publication in the manner provided by law.

S-1 Km/

Passed:

June 18, 2002

Published:

June 19, 2002

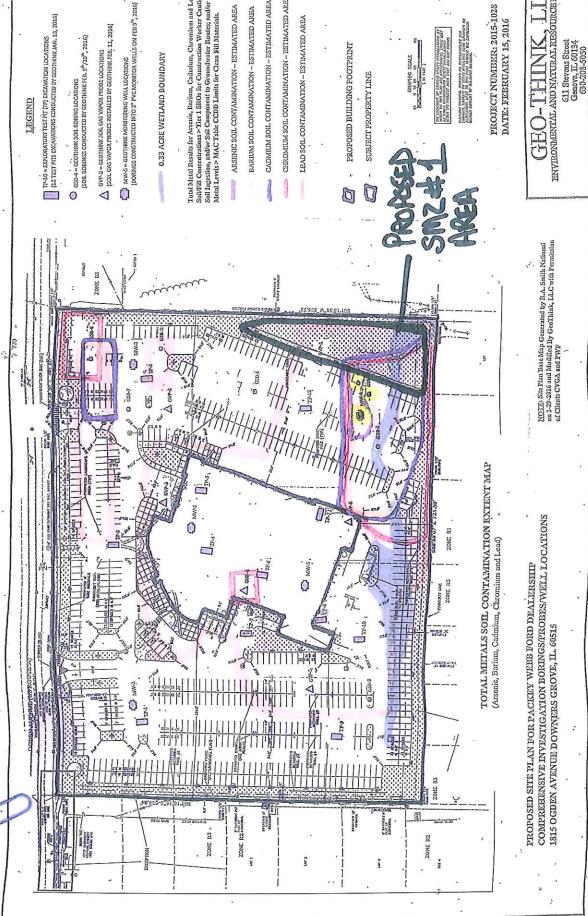
Attest:

Village Clerk

[grndh2o]

APPENDIX D

SOIL BORING LOGS AND SITE MAPS
FOR CONSIDERATION OF SMZ #1 CONSTRUCTION



Total Metal Results for Arsenic, Barium, Cadmium, Chromium and Lead: Soil/Fill Concentrations > Tier I SROs for Construction Worker Caution, Soil Ingestion, and/or Soil Component to Groundwater Routes; and/or Metal Levels > MAC Table CCDD Limits for Clean Fill Materials.

- ARSENIC SOIL CONTAMINATION ESTIMATED AREA
 - BARIUM SOIL CONTAMINATION ESTIMATED AREA
- CEROMIUM SOIL CONTAMINATION ESTIMATED AREA
- LEAD SOIL CONTAMINATION ESTIMATED AREA

IN ACAIN BARGAR, ARSUNT DO REPONDRITY FOR DAGGER, LABANTO ON COSTO MENILUMO FINAL CHARA ATTENDOS MAIS TO THIS PLAN IMMOST THE CORRES BUTTER COREST OF CALABITH MALICIAL.

PROJECT NUMBER: 2015-1028 DATE: FEBRUARY 15, 2016

GEO-THINK, LLC
BNYRONAGINAL AND DATUMAL RESOURCE PROVIDER

USED TO ENPLOYEE SUITABILITY OF PROPOSED SINZ # 1 TO MAINTHIN CONTAINMENT OF ENPROPRISED (METALS/MAD) TOPSOIL/FILL MATERIALS GEOTHINK BRINGS SUBSURFACE GEOLOGY

				Proj. No.	2015-	0102	8.		Soil Borin	g No.		GSB-3	
				Site Name:	Packey W				Driller:		Environmental Soil Probing		
G	EOT	HIN	K, LLC	Location:	25' SE c	f M\	N-4		Dril Name		Derek, Tyler and Marcus		
					110' S of TI				Sampling		1-3' and 8-10'		
	511 Ste	evens	Street	MW Diameter:		Α			Total Depth:		10.0'		
	Genev	va, II.	60134	Field Staff:	A. Stone		luin		Date:			2/10/2016	
				Sampler Length:	5	.0'			GW Leve	l;		AMPLE DATA	<u> </u>
BELOW		-	GROUND ELEVATION	۷ (ft. NGVD):					<u> </u>		3/	AIVIPLE DAT	
BELOW GRND							ΜW	,	SMP	Rec.	PID	Penetrm	Moisture
SURFACE	STR	RAT	SAI	VIPLE DESCRIPTION			DIA		ID No.	(%)	(ppm)	Reading	Content
	F			0-2'					1	60	0	NA	
1.0]			Black topsoil, Fill.									
			tra	ace sand and gravel									
2.0			2.2.5	Crushed concrete Fill		╫	-	-	1	60	0	NA	
2.0	F			nd Black to Brown silty o	lav Fiil	+	-			- 00			
3.0	CL	\vdash	Some Stone a	3.0 to 5.0'	idy i iii	╁	_	ļ	1	60	0	NA	moist
4.0	LL.		Clay with silt a	nd organics. Black, stiff, r	nedium								
4.0	1			ity, very moist, no odor.									
5.0			F						ļ				
						T							
6.0												ĺ	
	CL			5-10 ^r				ĺ	2	60	0	NA	wet
7.0													
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Telephone No. (630) 208-5050

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NOTES:

GEOTHINK, LLC

611 Stevens Street Geneva, II. 60134

Proj. No.	2015-01028	Soil Boring No.	GSB-4
Site Name:	Packey Webb Ford	Driller:	Environmental Soil Probing
Location:	60' E of MW-4	Dril Name	Derek, Tyler and Marcus
Locations	100' S of TP-12	Sampling Depth:	1-3', 8-10'
MW Diameter:	NA NA	Total Depth:	10.0'
Field Staff:	A. Stone/ S. Quinn	Date:	2/10/2016
Sampler Length:	5.0'	GW Level:	
- attripres togeth		<u> </u>	04440150474

	GROUND ELEVATION (ft. NGVD):							S/	SAMPLE DATA		
BELOW			T			νw	SMP	Rec.	PID	Penetrm	Moisture
BELOW GRND				CALADIE DECODIDEION	1	DIA	ID No.	(%)	(ppm)	Reading	Content
SURFACE	STF	RAT	\bot	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	+	DIA	ID NO.	(70)	(66,)	1,024	
1.0	F			0-2' Poor recovery. Frozen at the top. No odor.			1	33	0	NA	frozen
2.0	F			Black clayey topsoil/fill, with some glass.							
3.0	CL			Mottled Brown and Black stiff silty Clay, with trace sand and gravel, no odors			1		0	NA	moist
5.0	CL			Mottled Brown and Black stiff silty Clay,							
6.0				with trace sand and gravel, no odors			2	60	0	NA 	Moist
7.0	CL			6-10'			2	78	0	NA	moist-wet
8.0				Clay with silt and trace fine to coarse sands. Gray, medium consistency, medium plasticity.							
9.0	CL			Very moist to wet, no odor. Some roots.			2	78	0	NA	Moist
10.0			_			 		-		 	<u> </u>
11.0				END OF BORING AT 10' BGS				-			
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NOTES:								ī	elephone No	. (630) 208-5	050

GEOTHINK, LLC

611 Stevens Street Geneva, II. 60134

Proj. No.	2015-01028	Soil Boring No.	MW-4
Site Name:		Driller:	Environmental Soil Probing
Location:		Dril Name	Derek, Tyler and Marcus
Locations		Sampling Depth:	0-5', 5-7.5', 10-15'
MW Diameter:	2" PVC SCH 40	Total Depth:	15.0'
Field Staff:	T. Mangan/S. Quinn	Date:	2/9/2016
Sampler Length:	5.0'	GW Level:	
ff. NGVD):	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	SAMPLE DATA

				<i>.</i> 0,		GW Leve): 	c	AMPLE DATA	Δ
BELOW			GROUND ELEVATION (ft. NGVD):	1						
BELOW GRND				M	N	SMP	Rec.	PID	Penetrm	Moisture
SURFACE	STF	RAT	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	D!	Α	ID No.	(%)	(ppm)	Reading	Content
1.0	F		0-5'			1	36	0	NA	,
2.0			Blacken topsoil, and Black silty Clay Fill; some sand and gravels, no odors.							
3.0			Solito Sulla dila giaran, na sala							
4.0	F		Same as Above becoming more mottled brown							
5.0	<u> </u>			++	-		<u> </u>			<u> </u>
6.0	CL		5-10'			2	46	0	NA	moist-wet
7.0			Mottled with silt and trace fine to coarse sand, Trace gravel. Black - Brown, medium consistency,							
8.0			medium plasticity, very moist to wet. No odor.							
9.0										
10.0										
11.0	CL		10-15'			3	70	0	NA	wet ·
12.0			Same as above but brown-gray. 1 mm seam of silt at 13', wet							
13.0	CL		medium to stiff Gray silty Clay with			3	70	0	NA	wet to
14.0			trace gravel and sand							moist
15.0		-	END OF BORING AT 15' BGS							
16.0				+	-					
17.0										
18.0					_				<u> </u>	
19.0			Set permanent well 2" PVC with stick up steel well casing.							
20.0			Groundwater Samples Collected 2-15-16							
NOTES:							<u> </u>	elephone No	. (630) 208-5	5050

LEE AVENUE VACANT LAND (OVERGROWN VEGETATION) (HEAVILY . WGODED) 960 (HEAVILY WOODED) REMEDIATION SITE BOUNDARY (HEAVILY WOODED) ₹10.77 9 65 B5 65

NOTE: DRAWING ADAPTED FROM EPI DRAWING 071111R Dated 7/25/07

PACKEY WEBB FORD - ALDI, INC. 9.75 ACRE PROPERTY 1815 W. OGDEN AVENUE DOWNERS GROVE, IL. 60515

FIGURE 7

US 34 (OGDEN AVENUE)

LEAD SCGIER SOIL CONTAMINATION MAP -2016 TIER 1 CLASS II SRO

LEGEND

PROPOSED BUILDING FOOTPRINT

REMEDIATION SITE BOUNDARY

EXTENT OF LEAD IMPACTED SOIL EXCEEDING
TIER; SOIL COMPONENT OF REQUENDIVER INGESTION
EXPOSURE ROUTE FOR CLASS II GROUNDWATER
(GEOTHINK, ER, VERSAR and RUST TEST RESULTS)

SOIL BORING (EPI - 2007) Ww/Zad --

RUST ENV. SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION — SURFACE AND SAMPLE RESULTS — TOTAL LEAD (UC/KG) SOIL BORING/WONITORING WELL (EPI - 2007, 65

VERSAR SOLI SAUPLE LOCATON — SURPACE (2000)
AND SAUPLE RESGUES — TOTAL LELE (UC/NG)
(P-11: VERSAR'S SAUPLE 10 — UTILIZED DIPPERENT
OND LAYOUT THAN RUST ENY, AND UNFIR.)

VERSAR SOIL BORING AND MONITORING WELL LOCATION (2000)

EXTENT OF LEAD-LIPACTED SOIL
EXCEDSING THEIR I ROS. FOR THE SOIL COMPONENT
CROUNDWATER INCESTION EXPESSIORS ROSTE
FOR CLASS I GROUNDWATER EFIL PLOYT

PROJECT NO.: 2015-01028 DATE: March 28. 2016

GEO-THINK, LLC ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCE PROVIDER

611 Stevens Street Geneva, IL 60134 630-208-5050

CONTRINGEN OF VERSAR BORINGS SUBSURFACE CEOLOGY ISED TO EVALUATE SUTTABLUTY OF PROPOSED

Job Number: 071111 Site Name: PROPOSED RETAIL AND RESIDENTIAL Horing Number DEVELOPMENT Address 19-ACRE PARCEL, SW CORNER OGDEN & LEE Boring Location	r: BIB on: See Attached Site Map	Page: 1 of 1 Page: 06/13/07 Start: Finish:
Detailed Soil and Rock Description	CQu 0 2.0 4.0 6.0 8.0 10	(PPM)
TOPSOIL DARK BROWN SILTY CLAY WITH HIGH ORGANIC CONTENT		1.5 0 NO ODOR 0.75 0 NO ODOR LAB SAMPLE
2 GP 100% 6.0' BROWN SILTY CLAY		1.5 0 NO ODOR 1.0 0 NO ODOR LAB SAMPLE 0.5 0 NO ODOR
3 GP 10.0' GRAY SILTY CLAY 12.0' END OF BORING @ 12 FEET		0.5 0 NO ODOR
14.0'-		
20.0'		
24.0		
Note: Stratification lines are approximate: in-situ transition	between soil types may b	c gradual.
Groundwater Data Depth While Drilling DRY Depth N/A Manager AUSTI	PROBE	

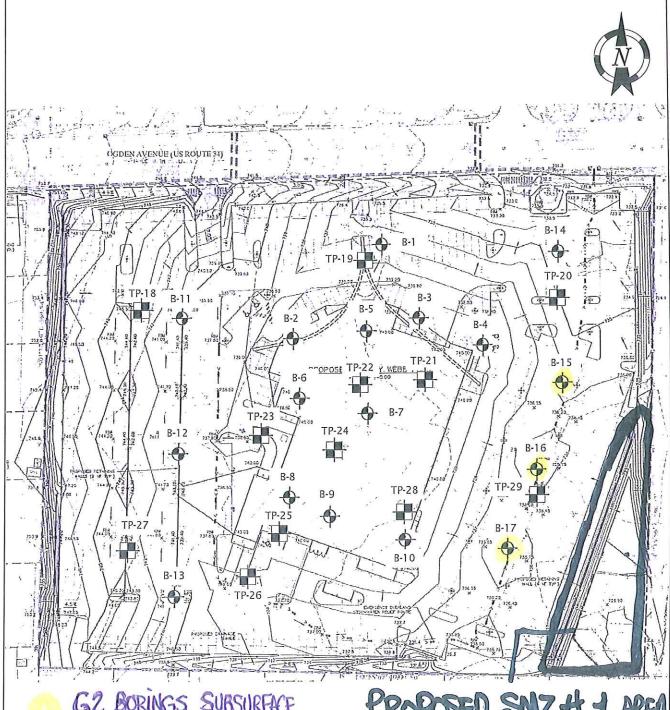
Control Measured Not Measured

Job Site	Nui Nai	ne: D nper:	071111 ROPOSEE EVELOPM	RETAIL AND RESIDENTIAL ENT	Boring Number:	B21		D	age: ale: art:		of 1 /13/07
Addr	ess) (9-ACI	RE PARCI RS GROV	EL, SW CORNER OGDEN & LEE E, ILLINOIS	·		hed Site Ma	l l		:	
Sample Number	Sample Type	Sample Recovery	Depth (feet)	Detailed Soil and Roc		N 0 10 2	0 6.0 8.0 D 30 40 Isture Content 0 30 40	10.0 % 50 50 50	, '	: Re:	marks:
<u> </u>			0.0	TOPSOIL				1.	5 0	-	NO ODOR
1	GP	90%	2.0'	DARK BROWN SILTY CLAY WITH HIGH ORGANIC CONTEN	Т			0.	75 C) L	NO ODOR AB SAMPLE
			<u>- 4.0</u> ° = =	GRAY SILTY CLAY				1	.0 0)	ко odor
5	GP	100%	6.0'					0.	5 () !	NO ODOR AB SAMPLE
			F 8.0, -		V	1		0	2 ()	NO ODOR
3.	GP	100%	10.0' <u></u>					0	.2.		NO ODOR
			14.0	END OF BORING @ 12	FEET						
		<u> </u> 	18.0					-			
	i i		20.0					 			
			24.0							<u>_</u>	
	<u> </u>	\ \ \ \ 	20.0				1 t !				
	ļ [ļ-·	28.0 = 					· -			
Not	et S	tratif		lines are approximate: in-	situ transition bet	lween soil	(ypes may	e be g	radu	al.	_
V	Grou De 1	andw pth 0 FE	ater Dat While Dr	a Auger Depth 12 FE Rotary Depth N/A Driller EXVIRO-CLEAN	ET Rig Type GEOPR Manage: AUSTIN	OBE LIST) ON INDUSTRIE
13		ot M	easured	Note: Boring back!	filled unless other	wise note	1, LAYINU	N.MENTA	(; /*/\U	111011	*** (I) [710 (770

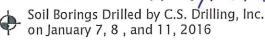
Sile	Naı	ne: þ	EVELOPM	RETAIL AND RESIDENTIAL ENT	Boring Number:	B22		Di	ige: _ ite: _ art: _	1 of 1 06/13/07
Addr	ess 19	B-ACI SWNE	RE PARCI RS GROV	EL, SW CORNER OGDEN & LEE E, ILLINOIS	Boring Location:	and the second s			nish: _	
Sample Number	Sample Type	Sample Recovery	Depth (feet)	Detailed Soil and Roc	k Description	O Qu 0 2.0 4.0 L N 0 10 20	30 40	10.0		Remarks:
1	GP	80%	F 0.0'	TOPSOIL DARK BROWN SILTY CLAY WITH HIGHT ORGANIC CONTE	NT			1 1.	5 0	NO ODOR NO ODOR LAB SAMPLE
2	GP	1007	6.0	DARK GRAY SILT CLAY, MOIS	т			1.		NO ODOR NO ODOR LAB SAMPLE
3	GР	95%	8.0' -	CLAYEY SILTY TRACE GRAVEL GRAY SILTY CLAY TRACE GRAVEL	V			1	.5 0	NO ODOR
			12.0	END OF BORING @ 12	FEE'ſ					
		:	20.0'-						A .	
	1 L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L		28.0							
Not	-				situ transition bel		types may	be g	radual	
V	De S	pth FEE	ator Del While Dr EP After Dr	Rotary Depth_XZA	ManagerACSHA_	LIST		11 N°11 S		ection industries
1			lésznī.eg	Note: Boring back	filled unless other	wise noted.		ott iv i tj		

Job Number: 071111 Site Name: PROPOSED RETAIL AND RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT	Boring Number:	B23		Page: - Dale: _ Start: _	1 of 1 06/18/07
Address 19-ACRE PARCEL, SW CORNER OGDEN & LEI	Boring Location:		Site Map	Finish: _	
Sample Number Sample Type Sample Recovery Depth (feet)	ek Description	Notural Moisture	Content	netranicles (7	(Remarks:
1 HA 100% 0.5' TOPSOIL DARK BROWN SILTY CLAY -HIGH ORGANIC CONTENT				- 0	NO ODOR LAB SAMPLE
1.0'				- 0	NO ODOR
2 HA 100%— 1.5'— ———————————————————————————————————				- 0	NO ODOR
3 HA 100% 2.5'				- 0 - 0	NO ODOR
3.0' END OF BORING @ 3	FEET				
4.0'					
4.5'					
5.5, -					
6.5'					
7.0'					
1	situ transition bot	lween soil type	s may b	e gradual.	
Groundwater Data Depth While Drilling DRY Auger Depth 3 FEE Rotary Depth N/A	T Rig Type GEOPR Manager AUSTIN	OBE LIST			
Not Measured Note: Boring back		wise noted.	ENTIRONME	NTAL PROTEC	TION INDUSTRIES

Job Site	Nur Nar	nber: ne: D	071111 ROPOSED EVELOPM	RETAIL AND RESIDENTIAL	Boring Number:	B50		Pag Dati	e: _	1 of 1 07/19/07
administration of the	·//	**************************************	Anna Andrew State	EL, SW CORNER OGDEN & LEE E, ILLINOIS	Boring Location:					
Sample Number	Sample Type	Sample Recovery	Depth (feet)	Detailed Soil and Roc	k Description	∠ N 0 10	20 30 40 5	ctrometer	rid (rea)	Remarks:
1	НА	100%	0.0'	TOPSOIL DARK BROWN SILTY CLAY -HIGH ORGANIC CONTENT					0	NO ODOR
2	НА	100%	1.0'	TOPSOIL				-	0	NO ODOR NO ODOR LAB SAMPLE
3	НА	1007	2.5	DARK HROWN SILTY CLAY -HIGH ORGANIC CONTENT					0	NO ODOR
			3.5'	END OF BORING @ 3	FEET					
			5.5'							
Not	e: 5	l l ratif	7.0' - - 7.5' -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	situ transition bet		l types may b	e gra	dual.	
. 7	7 De <u>D</u> 7 De	pth 1 RY pth 1	ater Dat Thile Dr After Dri easured	illing Rotary Depth N/A			ed. ENVIRONME	NTAL I	ROTE	CTION INDUSTRIES



TOPSOIL/FILL MATERIALS



Test Pits Excavated on January 13, 2016

Soil Boring/Test Pit Location Plan

Proposed Packey Webb Ford Dealership Ogden Avenue (U.S. Route 34) Downers Gove, Illinois 60515



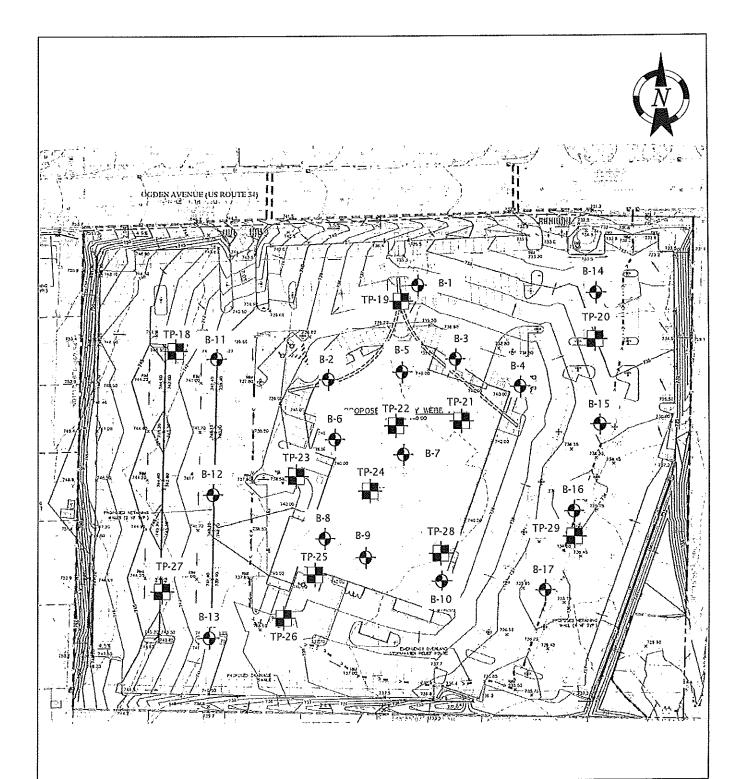
CONSULTING GROUP

Project No. 152455

Drawn by: MGH Date: 1-25-16

Scale: NTS

Plate No. 1



Legend



Soil Borings Drilled by C.S. Drilling, Inc. on January 7, 8, and 11, 2016



Test Pits Excavated on January 13, 2016

Soil Boring/Test Pit Location Plan

Proposed Packey Webb Ford Dealership Ogden Avenue (U.S. Route 34) Downers Gove, Illinois 60515



CONSULTING GROUP

Project No. 152455

Drawn by: MGH

Date: 1-25-16

Plate Scale: NTS No. 1

Proposed Packey Webb Ford Dealership Project Name:

Project Location: Ogden Avenue (U.S. Route 34)

Downers Grove, Illinois 60515

G2 Project No. 152455

Latitude: 41.807397° Longitude: -88.029004°



Soil Boring No. B-15

CONSULTING GROUP

	1.80/39/ Longitude: -88.029004					011 0441			
	SUBSURFACE PROFILE				5	OIL SAMI			UNCONF.
ELEV. PRO- (ft) FILE	GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION: 733.0	ft ±	DEPTH (ft)	SAMPLE TYPE-NO.	BLOWS/ 6-INCHES	STD. PEN. RESISTANCE (N)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	DRY DENSITY (PCF)	COMP. STR. (PSF)
	Topsoil: Black Silty Clay (2 inches) Fill: Very Stiff Mottled Black and Brown Silty Clay with little gravel and trace sand	2.5		S-1	2 2 2	4	18.5		5000*
728.0			 5 .	S-2	2 3 6	9	17.3		6500*
	Very Stiff to Hard Brown Silty Clay with trace sand and gravel	-		S-3	5 7 8	15	15.2		9000*
- 723.0			10	S-4	5 7 9	16	19.4		9000*
- <u>-</u>		12.0	 				- Control of the Cont		
- - - 718.0	Hard Mottled Brown and Gray Silty Clay with trace sand and gravel		15	S-5	5 8 10	18	16.4		9000*
	· ·	17.0			3				
713.0	Very Stiff to Hard Gray Silty Clay with trace sand and gravel		20	S-6	6 7	13	21.2		5000*
708.0		35.0		S-7	3 8 9	17	15.3		9000*
700.0 100.0	End of Boring @ 25 ft	25.0		3-1	<i>J</i>		1 3.3		3000
				-					

Total Depth: Drilling Date:

25 ft

Inspector:

SOIL / PAVEMENT BORING 152455.CPJ 20140820 G2 CONSULTING DATA TEMPLATE.GDT 1/28/16

January 7, 2016

Contractor:

C.S. Drilling, Inc.

Driller:

Mark

Borehole collapsed at 17-1/2 ft after auger removal * Calibrated Hand Penetrometer

Dry during and upon completion of drilling operations

Water Level Observation:

Drilling Method:

3-1/4 inch inside diameter hollow-stem augers

Excavation Backfilling Procedure: Soil boring backfilled with auger cuttings Project Name:

Proposed Packey Webb Ford Dealership

Project Location: Ogden Avenue (U.S. Route 34) Downers Grove, Illinois 60515

G2 Project No. 152455

Latitude: 41,80712°

Longitude: -88.029098°



	tauc. II	SUBSURFACE PROFILE		SOIL SAMPLE DATA							
ELEV. (ft)	PRO- FILE	GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION: 734.0 ft ±	DEPTH (ft)	SAMPLE TYPE-NO.	BLOWS/ 6-INCHES	STD. PEN. RESISTANCE (N)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	DRY DENSITY (PCF)	UNCONF. COMP. STR. (PSF)		
		Topsoil: Black Silty Clay (12 inches)	Ţ.	S-1	2 3 4	7	28.0		4000*		
729.0		3. Stiff Mottled Black and Brown Silty Clay with trace sand and gravel 5.	5	S-2	2 2 4	6	24.8		3500*		
 				S-3	4 6 8	14	17.0		8000*		
 724.0		Hard Brown Silty Clay with trace sand and gravel Z	10	S-4	3 6 9	15	18.4		9000*		
- - -		12.	0 .	-			THE	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O			
719.0	<u>.</u>	Very Stiff to Hard Gray Silty Clay with trace sand and gravel	15	S-5	3 7 9	16	13.6		9000*		
714.0		20.	20	S-6	2 5 7	12	21.5		6500*		
714.0		End of Boring @ 20 ft		Automorphism Autom	TO THE PROPERTY AND A SECOND S						
709.0			25								
· -							**************************************				
Drillir Inspe	actor:	20 ft January 7, 2016 C.S. Drilling, Inc. Mark	10 dril Notes	feet durir ling oper :	ations	: ; 16 feet a	fter compl	etion of	J		
Drillir 3-1,	ng Metho /4 inch i	od: inside diameter hollow-stem augers	Excav	ation Bac	kfilling Pi	rocedure: with auger	cuttings				
					····			Figur	e No. 10		

Project Name:

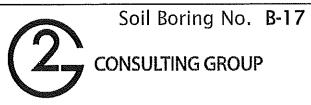
Proposed Packey Webb Ford Dealership

Project Location: Ogden Avenue (U.S. Route 34) Downers Grove, Illinois 60515

G2 Project No. 152455

Latitude: 41.806873°

Longitude: -88.029198°



Latitude:	41.806873 Longitude: -88.029198			· · · · · ·					
SUBSURFACE PROFILE				SOIL SAMPLE DATA					
ELEV. PRO- (ft) FILE	GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION: 731.0 ft ±	DEPTH (ft)	SAMPLE TYPE-NO.	BLOWS/ 6-INCHES	STD. PEN. RESISTANCE (N)	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	DRY DENSITY (PCF)	UNCONF, COMP. STR (PSF)	
16.37	Topsoil: Black Silty Clay (12 inches)								
	Fill: Very Stiff Black Silty Clay with trace sand and gravel		S-1	2 4 4	8	28.0		4500*	
726.0	Stiff Mottled Brown and Black Silty Clay with trace sand and gravel 5.5	. .	S-2	2 1 3	4	28.3		2500*	
-	Medium to Stiff Mottled Black and Gray Silty Clay with trace sand and gravel, occasional sandy clay seams		S-3	0 0 2	2	41.3		2000*	
721.0	.8.6	10	S-4	1 1 2	3	19.4		1500*	
- - - - 716.0	Medium to Stiff Gray Silty Clay with trace sand and gravel	15	S-5	2 2 4	6	18,0		3500*	
711.0		20	S-6	3 6 8	14	14.8		9000*	
706,0	Hard Gray Silty Clay with trace sand and gravel	25	S-7	3 4 7	11	19.0		8500*	
-	End of Boring @ 25 ft			•		, , , , ,			
701.0		30							
Total Donth	• 25 ft		Lovel Ob	conuntion					

Total Depth:

25 ft

Drilling Date: Inspector:

January 7, 2016

Contractor: Driller:

SOIL / PAVEMENT BORING 152455.GPJ 20140820 G2 CONSULTING DATA TEMPLATE.GDT 1/28/16

C.S. Drilling, Inc.

Mark

Water Level Observation:

Dry during and upon completion of drilling operations

* Calibrated Hand Penetrometer

Excavation Backfilling Procedure: Soil boring backfilled with auger cuttings

Drilling Method:

3-1/4 inch inside diameter hollow-stem augers

Figure No. 17

TABLE 6

PROPOSED SCHEDULE - ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIAL ACTION PLAN AND SITE REDEVELOPMENT SCHEDULE - PWF DEALERSHIP 1815 W. Ogden Avenue Downers Grove, IL. LPC # 0430305287

	·						
JULY 2016 -	Submit RAP to IEPA SRP;						
AUGUST 2016 -	IEPA Approval Letter For RAP with Modifications;						
AUG/SEPT. 2016 -	Village Issues Stormwater Permit for Mass Grading;						
AUG/SEPT. 2016 -	Tree Removals Conducted;						
AUG/SEPT. 2016 -	Health & Safety Plan Implemented;						
AUG/SEPT. 2016 -	Groundwater Testing and New Wells Installation;						
AUG/SEPT. 2016 -	Abandonment and sealing of wells MW-1, MW-3, MW-4 and MW-5;						
SEPT. /OCT. 2016-	STAGE 1 Earth Moving Excavations, Confirmation Sampling,						
•	Stockpiling of Impacted /Non-impacted soils/metal / concrete debris;						
SEPT./OCT. 2016-	STAGE 2 Excavations of SMZ #1, and Excavations of 2 SW						
	Detention basins for installation of structures, Confirmation Sampling,						
	Stockpiling of Clean clay, stockpiling of Impacted soils, and stockpiling						
	Of metal/concrete debris; dewatering operations;						
SEPT. /OCT. 2016-	STAGE 3 Relocation of Contaminated Topsoil/Fill materials from Stockpiles						
	into Excavations of SMZ #1, while dewatering operations ongoing, and						
	construction of Clay Cap engineered barrier for SMZ #1; Cover crop and native						
	seeding of SMZ #1 area;						
OCT./NOV. 2016-	Commence STAGE 4 and STAGE 5 excavations and site prep work/monitoring						
001.7110112020	Weather permitting; Conduct POST SMZ #1 Construction groundwater testing						
	of wells MW-6, MW-7, MW-8 and MW-2;						
NOV./DEC 2016-	Commence winter stabilization of the construction site; weather permitting;						
FEBRUARY 2017-	RAP Progress Status Report to the IEPA SRP;						
April/ May 2017-	weather permitting Complete STAGE 4 and STAGE 5 excavations and soil						
riprity interpreta-	relocations/emplacements on-site, confirmation sampling, and prep						
	work/monitoring;						
May /June 2017-	Construct SMZ #2 building concrete floor pad and stabilize weather						
iviay / surio = o = s	permitting;						
June - Aug. 2017-	Complete construction of SMZ #3 asphalt parking lots as engineered barriers;						
August 2017-	Conduct POST SMZ #1, SMZ #2 and SMZ #3 Construction groundwater testing						
LAPASE WAY	of wells MW-6, MW-7, MW-8 and MW-2;						
September 2017-	Submit RACR to IEPA;						
Oct./Nov. 2017-	Draft NFR letter issued by IEPA;						
NOV. 2017-	Response to Draft NFR Letter to IEPA;						
December 2017-	Final NFR Letter Issued by IEPA- Recorded on Deed;						
December FATY-							