VILLAGE OF DOWNERS GROVE
Report for the Village
9/1/2020

SUBJECT:	SUBMITTED BY:
Award of Bid - 2020 Sidewalk R&R	Andy Sikich Director of Public Works

SYNOPSIS

A motion is requested to award a contract for the 2020 Sidewalk Replacement Program Contract to Lorusso Cement Contractors, Inc. of West Chicago, Illinois in the amount of $184,560.00.

STRATEGIC PLAN ALIGNMENT

The goals for 2019-2021 include *Top Quality Infrastructure*.

FISCAL IMPACT

The FY20 budget includes $269,000 for the Replacement/Rehabilitation Sidewalk Program in the Capital Improvements Fund. As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, the use of monies in the Capital Improvements Fund has been curtailed. However, funding is available in the Motor Fuel Tax (MFT) Fund to complete this project.

RECOMMENDATION

Approval on the September 1, 2020 Consent Agenda.

BACKGROUND

This contract is a component of the 2020 Replacement Sidewalk Program (CIP Project S-006). The scope of this contract includes PCC sidewalk removal and replacement as well as collateral items such as curb and gutter removal and replacement, road patching, turf restoration, etc.

A call for bids was issued and published in accordance with the Village's Purchasing Policy. Four bids were received and publicly opened on Thursday, August 13, 2020. A synopsis of the bids is as follows:

Contractor	Base Bid	
Lorusso Cement Contractors	**$184,560.00**	**Low Bid**
Schroeder & Schroeder	$214,127.50	
Triggi Construction	$256,260.00	
Alliance Contractors	$346,870.00	

Lorusso Cement Contractors satisfactorily completed the 2019 Sidewalk Replacement Program for the Village. Staff recommends awarding the bid to Lorusso Cement Contractors.

ATTACHMENTS

Contract Documents
Contractor Evaluation

RETURN WITH BID

Illinois Department of Transportation

Local Public Agency Formal Contract Proposal

PROPOSAL SUBMITTED BY		
Contractor's Name		
Street		P.O. Box
City	State	Zip Code

STATE OF ILLINOIS

COUNTY OF DuPage

Village of Downers Grove

(Name of City, Village, Town or Road District)

FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF

STREET NAME OR ROUTE NO. Various Locations

SECTION NO. 20-00000-02-GM

TYPES OF FUNDS MFT & Corporate

☒ SPECIFICATIONS (required) ☐ PLANS (required)

For Municipal Projects

Submitted/Approved/Passed

☒ Mayor ☐ President of Board of Trustees ☐ Municipal Official

Date 06-09-20

Department of Transportation

☑ Released for bid based on limited review

Regional Engineer MK

Date 7/29/2020

For County and Road District Projects

Submitted/Approved

Highway Commissioner

Date

Submitted/Approved

County Engineer/Superintendent of Highways

Date

LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
JAMES P. TOCK
062-062783
STATE OF ILLINOIS

Note: All proposal documents, including Proposal Guaranty Checks or Proposal Bid Bonds, should be stapled together to prevent loss when bids are processed.

RETURN WITH BID

NOTICE TO BIDDERS

County DuPage
Local Public Agency Downers Grove
Section Number 20-00000-02-GM
Route Various

Sealed proposals for the improvement described below will be received at the office of Public Works Department, 5101 Walnut Avenue, Downers Grove, Illinois 60515 (Address) until 10:00 AM (Time) on August 13, 2020 (Date)

Sealed proposals will be opened and read publicly at the office of Public Works Department 5101 Walnut Avenue, Downers Grove, Illinois 60515 (Address) at 10:00 AM (Time) on August 13, 2020 (Date)

DESCRIPTION OF WORK

Name Sidewalk Replacement Program Length: 3100.00 feet (0.58 miles)
Location Various Locations
Proposed Improvement Sidewalk removal and replacement, pavement removal and replacement, curb and gutter removal and replacement, and all related work

1. Plans and proposal forms will be available in the office of Public Works Department, 5101 Walnut Avenue, Downers Grove, IL 60515, Matt Stern (630) 434-5463, Proposal Fee $0 (Address)
2. ☒ Prequalification
   If checked, the 2 low bidders must file within 24 hours after the letting an "Affidavit of Availability" (Form BC 57), in duplicate, showing all uncompleted contracts awarded to them and all low bids pending award for Federal, State, County, Municipal and private work. One original shall be filed with the Awarding Authority and one original with the IDOT District Office.
3. The Awarding Authority reserves the right to waive technicalities and to reject any or all proposals as provided in BLRS Special Provision for Bidding Requirements and Conditions for Contract Proposals.
4. The following BLR Forms shall be returned by the bidder to the Awarding Authority:
   a. BLR 12200: Local Public Agency Formal Contract Proposal
   b. BLR 12200a Schedule of Prices
   c. BLR 12230: Proposal Bid Bond (if applicable)
   d. BLR 12325: Apprenticeship or Training Program Certification (**do not use for federally funded projects**)
   e. BLR 12326: Affidavit of Illinois Business Office
5. The quantities appearing in the bid schedule are approximate and are prepared for the comparison of bids. Payment to the Contractor will be made only for the actual quantities of work performed and accepted or materials furnished according to the contract. The scheduled quantities of work to be done and materials to be furnished may be increased, decreased or omitted as hereinafter provided.
6. Submission of a bid shall be conclusive assurance and warranty the bidder has examined the plans and understands all requirements for the performance of work. The bidder will be responsible for all errors in the proposal resulting from failure or neglect to conduct an in depth examination. The Awarding Authority will, in no case be responsible for any costs, expenses, losses or changes in anticipated profits resulting from such failure or neglect of the bidder.
7. The bidder shall take no advantage of any error or omission in the proposal and advertised contract.
8. If a special envelope is supplied by the Awarding Authority, each proposal should be submitted in that envelope furnished by the Awarding Agency and the blank spaces on the envelope shall be filled in correctly to clearly indicate its contents. When an envelope other than the special one furnished by the Awarding Authority is used, it shall be marked to clearly indicate its contents. When sent by mail, the sealed proposal shall be addressed to the Awarding Authority at the address and in care of the official in whose office the bids are to be received. All proposals shall be filed prior to the time and at the place specified in the Notice to Bidders. Proposals received after the time specified will be returned to the bidder unopened.
9. Permission will be given to a bidder to withdraw a proposal if the bidder makes the request in writing or in person before the time for opening proposals.

RETURN WITH BID

PROPOSAL

County DuPage
Local Public Agency Downers Grove
Section Number 20-00000-02-GM
Route Various

1. Proposal of Lorusso Cement Contractors, Inc.

for the improvement of the above section by the construction of Sidewalk removal and replacement, pavement removal and replacement, curb and gutter removal and replacement, and all related work

a total distance of 3100.00 feet, of which a distance of 3100.00 feet, (0.580 miles) are to be improved.

2. The plans for the proposed work are those prepared by Village of Downers Grove and approved by the Department of Transportation on _____

3. The specifications referred to herein are those prepared by the Department of Transportation and designated as "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction" and the "Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions" thereto, adopted and in effect on the date of invitation for bids.

4. The undersigned agrees to accept, as part of the contract, the applicable Special Provisions indicated on the "Check Sheet for Recurring Special Provisions" contained in this proposal.

5. The undersigned agrees to complete the work within _____ working days or by 10/16/2020 unless additional time is granted in accordance with the specifications.

6. A proposal guaranty in the proper amount, as specified in BLRS Special Provision for Bidding Requirements and Conditions for Contract Proposals, will be required. Bid Bonds will be allowed as a proposal guaranty. Accompanying this proposal is either a bid bond if allowed, on Department form BLR 12230 or a proposal guaranty check, complying with the specifications, made payable to:

_____ Treasurer of Village of Downers Grove

The amount of the check is Bid Bond 5% (_____).

7. In the event that one proposal guaranty check is intended to cover two or more proposals, the amount must be equal to the sum of the proposal guaranties, which would be required for each individual proposal. If the proposal guaranty check is placed in another proposal, it will be found in the proposal for: Section Number 20-00000-02-GM.

8. The successful bidder at the time of execution of the contract _____ be required to deposit a contract bond for the full amount of the award. When a contract bond is not required, the proposal guaranty check will be held in lieu thereof. If this proposal is accepted and the undersigned fails to execute a contract and contract bond as required, it is hereby agreed that the Bid Bond or check shall be forfeited to the Awarding Authority.

9. Each pay item should have a unit price and a total price. If no total price is shown or if there is a discrepancy between the product of the unit price multiplied by the quantity, the unit price shall govern. If a unit price is omitted, the total price will be divided by the quantity in order to establish a unit price.

10. A bid will be declared unacceptable if neither a unit price nor a total price is shown.

11. The undersigned submits herewith the schedule of prices on BLR 12200a covering the work to be performed under this contract.

12. The undersigned further agrees that if awarded the contract for the sections contained in the combinations on BLR 12200a, the work shall be in accordance with the requirements of each individual proposal for the multiple bid specified in the Schedule for Multiple Bids below.

RETURN WITH BID

CONTRACTOR CERTIFICATIONS

County DuPage
Local Public Agency Downers Grove
Section Number 20-00000-02-GM
Route Various

The certifications hereinafter made by the bidder are each a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed should the Department enter into the contract with the bidder.

1. **Debt Delinquency.** The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, certifies that it is not delinquent in the payment of any tax administered by the Department of Revenue unless the individual or other entity is contesting, in accordance with the procedures established by the appropriate revenue Act, its liability for the tax or the amount of tax. Making a false statement voids the contract and allows the Department to recover all amounts paid to the individual or entity under the contract in a civil action.

2. **Bid-Rigging or Bid Rotating.** The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, certifies that it is not barred from contracting with the Department by reason of a violation of either 720 ILCS 5/33E-3 or 720 ILCS 5/33E-4.

   A violation of Section 33E-3 would be represented by a conviction of the crime of bid-rigging which, in addition to Class 3 felony sentencing, provides that any person convicted of this offense or any similar offense of any state or the United States which contains the same elements as this offense shall be barred for 5 years from the date of conviction from contracting with any unit of State or local government. No corporation shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of such corporation if the employee so convicted is no longer employed by the corporation and: (1) it has been finally adjudicated not guilty or (2) if it demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was neither authorized, requested, commanded, nor performed by a director, officer or a high managerial agent in behalf of the corporation.

   A violation of Section 33E-4 would be represented by a conviction of the crime of bid-rotating which, in addition to Class 2 felony sentencing, provides that any person convicted of this offense or any similar offense of any state or the United States which contains the same elements as this offense shall be permanently barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government. No corporation shall be barred from contracting with any unit of State or local government as a result of a conviction under this Section of any employee or agent of such corporation if the employee so convicted is no longer employed by the corporation and: (1) it has been finally adjudicated not guilty or (2) if it demonstrates to the governmental entity with which it seeks to contract and that entity finds that the commission of the offense was neither authorized, requested, commanded, nor performed by a director, officer or a high managerial agent in behalf of the corporation.

3. **Bribery.** The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, certifies that it has not been convicted of bribery or attempting to bribe an officer or employee of the State of Illinois or any unit of local government, nor has the firm made an admission of guilt of such conduct which is a matter of record, nor has an official, agent, or employee of the firm committed bribery or attempted bribery on behalf of the firm and pursuant to the direction or authorization of a responsible official of the firm.

4. **Interim Suspension or Suspension.** The bidder or contractor or subcontractor, respectively, certifies that it is not currently under a suspension as defined in Subpart I of Title 44 Subtitle A Chapter III Part 6 of the Illinois Administrative Code. Furthermore, if suspended prior to completion of this work, the contract or contracts executed for the completion of this work may be cancelled.

RETURN WITH BID

SIGNATURES

County DuPage
Local Public Agency Downers Grove
Section Number 20-00000-02-GM
Route Various

(If an individual)

Signature of Bidder _____

Business Address _____

(If a partnership)

Firm Name _____

Signed By _____

Business Address _____

Inset Names and Addressed of All Partners _____

(If a corporation)

Corporate Name Lorusso Cement Contractors, Inc.

Signed By _____ President

Business Address 1090 Carolina Drive, West Chicago, IL 60185

Insert Names of Officers
President Onofrio Lorusso
Secretary Onofrio Lorusso
Treasurer Onofrio Lorusso

Attest: _____ Secretary

VILLAGE OF DOWNERS GROVE
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

ADDENDUM NO. 1
FOR
Replacement Sidewalk Program

August 10, 2020

ITEM AND DESCRIPTION:

1. **REPLACE** the SCHEDULE OF PRICES, Form BLR 12200a in the Call for Bid document with the attached, revised SCHEDULE OF PRICES, Form BLR 12200a. Revised quantities are highlighted yellow.

The Acknowledgement of Receipt of Addendum for this addendum MUST be included in the bid package. Bid packages not including signed Acknowledgement Sheets may be REJECTED.

End of Addendum No. 1

August 10, 2020

VILLAGE OF DOWNERS GROVE
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF RECEIPT OF ADDENDUM

PROPOSAL/BID: Replacement Sidewalk Program

PROPOSAL/BID OPENING: August 13, 2020

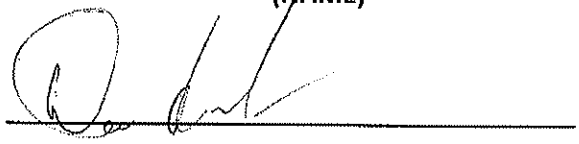
ADDENDUM NO.: 1

PROPOSER/BIDDER: Lorusso Cement Contractors, Inc.

ADDRESS: 1090 Carolina Drive, West Chicago, IL 60185

RECEIVED BY: Daniel Rak

(NAME)



(SIGNATURE)

DATE: 8/11/2020

RETURN WITH BID

Illinois Department of Transportation

SCHEDULE OF PRICES

ADDENDUM QUANTITIES

County DuPage
Local Public Agency Village of Downers Grove
Section 20-00000-02-GM
Route Various

Schedule for Multiple Bids

Combination Letter	Sections Included in Combinations	Total

Schedule for Single Bid

(For complete information covering these items, see plans and specifications)

Bidder's Proposal for making Entire Improvements

Item No.	Items	Unit	Quantity	$ Unit Price	Total
1	MOBILIZATION	LSUM	1.00	10,000.00	10,000.00
2	ARROW BOARD	CAL DAY	6.0	25.00	150.00
3	P.C.C. SIDEWALK REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT, 5"-6"	SQFT	14,550.0	8.50	123,675.00
4	P.C.C. SIDEWALK REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT (DRAINAGE SPECIAL) , 5"-6"	SQFT	1,650.0	12.00	19,800.00
5	P.C.C. SIDEWALK REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT (LOCATED WITHIN DBD, COLORED), 5"-6"	SQFT	500.0	10.00	5,000.00
6	COMBINATION CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT (B6.12)	FOOT	10.0	55.00	550.00
7	DETECTABLE WARNINGS	EACH	2.0	500.00	1,000.00
8	TREE ROOT PRUNING	FOOT	100.0	5.00	500.00
9	FRAMES/GRATES TO BE ADJUSTED	EACH	5.0	50.00	250.00
10	DOMESTIC WATER SERVICE BOXES TO BE ADJUSTED	EACH	5.0	50.00	250.00
11	HIGH-EARLY-STRENGTH PCC ADJUSTMENT	CUYD	10.0	5.00	50.00
12	AGGREGATE FOR TEMPORARY ACCESS	TON	10.0	20.00	200.00
13	SUPPLEMENTAL WATERING	UNIT	10.0	1.00	10.00
14	ADDITIONAL HAULING SURCHARGE, NON-HAZARDOUS SPECIAL WASTE	LOAD	2.0	500.00	1,000.00

RETURN WITH BID

Bidder's Proposal for making Entire Improvements

Item No.	Items	Unit	Quantity	Unit Price	Total
15	TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION STANDARD 701801	LSUM	1.0	4,550.00	4,550.00
16	HOT-MIX ASPHALT DRIVEWAY REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT, 3"	SQYD	75.0	50.00	3,750.00
17	PCC DRIVEWAY REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT, 6"	SQYD	50.0	55.00	~~2,250.00~~ D.R. 8/19/2020 2,750.00
18	BRICK DRIVEWAY REMOVAL & REPLACEMENT	SQYD	20.0	135.00	2,700.00
19	CLASS D PATCHES, TYPE II, 4 INCH	SQYD	1.0	200.00	200.00
20	CLASS D PATCHES, TYPE I, 8 INCH	SQYD	1.0	400.00	400.00
21	SOD RESTORATION	SQYD	200.0	15.00	3,000.00
22	GROWTH-INHIBITING EROSION CONTROL BLANKET	SQYD	200.0	9.00	1,800.00
23	PERIMETER EROSION BARRIER	FOOT	50.0	3.50	175.00
24	INLET FILTER	EACH	5.0	10.00	50.00
25	MODULAR CONCRETE BLOCK RETAINING WALL	SQ FT	50	55.00	2,750.00

TOTAL ~~$184,060.00~~ 8/19/2020 D.R. $184,560.00

Document A310™ – 2010

Conforms with The American Institute of Architects AIA Document 310

Bid Bond

CONTRACTOR:
(Name, legal status and address)

Lorusso Cement Contractors, Inc.
1090 Carolina Drive
West Chicago, IL 60185

SURETY:
(Name, legal status and principal place of business)
Hudson Insurance Company
100 William Street, 5th Floor
New York, NY 10038
Mailing Address for Notices
1411 Opus Place, #450
Downers Grove, IL 60515

OWNER:
(Name, legal status and address)
Village of Downers Grove
5101 Walnut Avenue
Downers Grove, IL 60501

This document has important legal consequences. Consultation with an attorney is encouraged with respect to its completion or modification.

Any singular reference to Contractor, Surety, Owner or other party shall be considered plural where applicable.

BOND AMOUNT: $ 5% Five Percent of Amount Bid

PROJECT:
(Name, location or address, and Project number, if any)
2020 Sidewalk Replacement Program

The Contractor and Surety are bound to the Owner in the amount set forth above, for the payment of which the Contractor and Surety bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally, as provided herein. The conditions of this Bond are such that if the Owner accepts the bid of the Contractor within the time specified in the bid documents, or within such time period as may be agreed to by the Owner and Contractor, and the Contractor either (1) enters into a contract with the Owner in accordance with the terms of such bid, and gives such bond or bonds as may be specified in the bidding or Contract Documents, with a surety admitted in the jurisdiction of the Project and otherwise acceptable to the Owner, for the faithful performance of such Contract and for the prompt payment of labor and material furnished in the prosecution thereof; or (2) pays to the Owner the difference, not to exceed the amount of this Bond, between the amount specified in said bid and such larger amount for which the Owner may in good faith contract with another party to perform the work covered by said bid, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise to remain in full force and effect. The Surety hereby waives any notice of an agreement between the Owner and Contractor to extend the time in which the Owner may accept the bid. Waiver of notice by the Surety shall not apply to any extension exceeding sixty (60) days in the aggregate beyond the time for acceptance of bids specified in the bid documents, and the Owner and Contractor shall obtain the Surety's consent for an extension beyond sixty (60) days.

If this Bond is issued in connection with a subcontractor's bid to a Contractor, the term Contractor in this Bond shall be deemed to be Subcontractor and the term Owner shall be deemed to be Contractor.

When this Bond has been furnished to comply with a statutory or other legal requirement in the location of the Project, any provision in this Bond conflicting with said statutory or legal requirement shall be deemed deleted herefrom and provisions conforming to such statutory or other legal requirement shall be deemed incorporated herein. When so furnished, the intent is that this Bond shall be construed as a statutory bond and not as a common law bond.

Signed and sealed this 13th day of August, 2020

Lorusso Cement Contractors, Inc.
(Principal) *(Seal)*
By: _____
(Title)

(Witness)

Tariese M. Pisciotto
(Witness) Tariese M. Pisciotto

Hudson Insurance Company
(Surety) *(Seal)*
By: _____
(Title) James I. Moore Attorney-In-Fact

Hudson Insurance Company CORPORATE SEAL 1918 DELAWARE

State of IL

County of DuPage

SURETY ACKNOWLEDGEMENT (ATTORNEY-IN-FACT)

I, Tariese M. Pisciotto Notary Public of DuPage County, in the State of IL , do hereby certify that James I. Moore Attorney-in-Fact, of the Hudson Insurance Company who is personally known to me to be the same person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, appeared before me this day in person, and acknowledged that she signed, sealed and delivered said instrument, for and on behalf of the Hudson Insurance Company for the uses and purposes therein set forth.

Given under my hand and notarial seal at my office in the City of Downers Grove in said County, this 13th day of August , 2020 .

OFFICIAL SEAL
TARIESE M PISCIOTTO
NOTARY PUBLIC - STATE OF ILLINOIS
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES:06/26/22

Tariese M. Pisciotto

Notary Public Tariese M. Pisciotto

My Commission expires: June 26, 2022

Bond No. Bid Bond

HUDSON INSURANCE GROUP®

POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That HUDSON INSURANCE COMPANY, a corporation of the State of Delaware, with offices at 100 William Street, New York, New York, 10038, has made, constituted and appointed, and by these presents, does make, constitute and appoint

James I. Moore of the State of IL

its true and lawful Attorney(s)-in-Fact, at New York, New York, each of them alone to have full power to act without the other or others, to make, execute and deliver on its behalf, as Surety, bonds and undertakings given for any and all purposes, also to execute and deliver on its behalf as aforesaid renewals, extensions, agreements, waivers, consents or stipulations relating to such bonds or undertakings provided, however, that no single bond or undertaking shall obligate said Company for any portion of the penal sum thereof in excess of the sum of **Ten Million Dollars ($10,000,000.00).**

Such bonds and undertakings when duly executed by said Attorney(s)-in-Fact, shall be binding upon said Company as fully and to the same extent as if signed by the President of said Company under its corporate seal attested by its Secretary.

In Witness Whereof, HUDSON INSURANCE COMPANY has caused these presents to be of its Senior Vice President thereunto duly authorized on this 14th day of December, 20 17 at New York, New York.

(Corporate Seal)

HUDSON INSURANCE COMPANY

Attest.....
Dina Daskalakis
Corporate Secretary

By.....
Michael P. Cifone
Senior Vice President

STATE OF NEW YORK
COUNTY OF NEW YORK. SS.

On the 14th day of December, 20 17 before me personally came Michael P. Cifone to me known, who being by me duly sworn did depose and say that he is a Senior Vice President of **HUDSON INSURANCE COMPANY**, the corporation described herein and which executed the above instrument, that he knows the seal of said Corporation, that the seal affixed to said instrument is such corporate seal, that it was so affixed by order of the Board of Directors of said Corporation, and that he signed his name thereto by like order.

(Notarial Seal)

.....
ANN M. MURPHY
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 01MU6067553
Qualified in Nassau County
Commission Expires December 10, 2021

CERTIFICATION

STATE OF NEW YORK
COUNTY OF NEW YORK SS.

The undersigned **Dina Daskalakis** hereby certifies:

That the original resolution, of which the following is a true and correct copy, was duly adopted by unanimous written consent of the Board of Directors of Hudson Insurance Company dated July 27th, 2007, and has not since been revoked, amended or modified:

"RESOLVED, that the President, the Executive Vice Presidents, the Senior Vice Presidents and the Vice Presidents shall have the authority and discretion, to appoint such agent or agents, or attorney or attorneys-in-fact, for the purpose of carrying on this Company's surety business, and to empower such agent or agents, or attorney or attorneys-in-fact, to execute and deliver, under this Company's seal or otherwise, bonds obligations, and recognizances, whether made by this Company as surety thereon or otherwise, indemnity contracts, contracts and certificates, and any and all other contracts and undertakings made in the course of this Company's surety business, and renewals, extensions, agreements, waivers, consents or stipulations regarding undertakings so made; and

FURTHER RESOVLED, that the signature of any such Officer of the Company and the Company's seal may be affixed by facsimile to any power of attorney or certification given for the execution of any bond, undertaking, recognizance, contract of indemnity or other written obligation in the nature thereof or related thereto, such signature and seal when so used whether heretofore or hereafter, being hereby adopted by the Company as the original signature of such officer and the original seal of the Company, to be valid and binding upon the Company with the same force and effect as though manually affixed."

THAT the above and foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of Power of Attorney issued by said Company, and of the whole of the original and that the said Power of Attorney is still in full force and effect and has not been revoked, and furthermore that the Resolution of the Board of Directors, set forth in the said Power of Attorney is now in force.

Witness the hand of the undersigned and the seal of said Corporation this 13th day of August, 2020.

(Corporate seal)

By.....
Dina Daskalakis, Secretary

Village of DOWNERS GROVE FOUNDED IN 1832

2020 MFT MAP

2020 S-006 SIDEWALK REPLACEMENT PROJECT

SCALE
NTS

NORTH

DATE: XX/XX/XX
DRWN BY: AAA
CHKD BY: AAA
DRAWING NO.
EXHIBIT 1

IV. SPECIAL PROVISIONS

The following Special Provisions shall modify, supercede, or supplement the Standard Specifications.

Where any section, subsection, paragraph, or subparagraph of the Standard Specifications is *supplemented* by any of the following paragraphs, the provisions of such section, subsection, paragraph, or subparagraph shall remain in effect. The Special Provisions shall govern in addition to the particular Standard Specification so supplemented, and not in lieu thereof.

Where any section, subsection, paragraph, or subparagraph of the Standard Specifications is *amended, voided, or superceded* by any of the following paragraphs, any provision of such section, subsection, paragraph, or subparagraph standing unaffected, shall remain in effect. The Special Provisions shall govern in lieu of any particular provision of the Standard Specification so amended, voided, or superceded, and not in addition to the portion changed.

1 GENERAL CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

The following general requirements are intended to govern the overall priority for the performance of the work described in this contract. As general requirements, they are not intended to dictate to the Contractor the precise method by which these tasks shall be performed.

(A) The contractor shall also make special note that any contract work on the following locations beginning August 15, 2020 must be within the hours of 9:00AM-2:00PM Monday through Friday. Majority of contract work in this area should then be complete prior to start of the new school year on August 15, 2020, including pouring and restoration. Any work after August 15, 2020 must be within the hours of 9:00AM-2:00PM.

1433 Bolson	5633 Springside	6912 Parkview
310 Lincoln	5705 Springside	Downers Grove South High School
4600 Saratoga	Haddow and Edward NE	
4711 Main	6706 Fairmount	
5619 Hillcrest	Norfolk and Springside SE	

Special consideration to hours and location of work near schools shall be made to allow for full and safe access during normal student arrival and departure schedules.

No more than three hundred linear feet (300 LF) of pavement may be open-cut and closed to use by the motoring public. Access to **all** individual drives within the current work zone must be restored at the end of each workday except when access is subject to placement of and curing of concrete pavement, sidewalk and/or curb and gutter. In such case, the Contractor shall provide the Engineer a daily schedule of construction activities impacting access.

The Contractor shall maintain traffic flow on ALL STREETS during the day in accordance with the applicable special provision, unless stated otherwise by a Village-approved traffic control plan. Adequate signing and flagging is of particular importance for safe travel of all residents.

Protection of Work
The Contractor shall be responsible to provide personnel to protect his work from third party damage. Should any of the new work be damaged, it shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense. The Contractor shall schedule his work so that the concrete placed, takes its initial set during daylight hours. Claims of darkness shall not be reason to relieve the Contractor from responsibility.

Cleaning Up
The Contractor shall, at all times, keep the premises free from an accumulation of waste material or rubbish caused by his employees or work. At the end of the day, he shall remove all his rubbish from and about the streets and sidewalks. All his tools, form boards, and surplus materials shall be removed and relocated to any temporary onsite storage location assigned by the Village or its Engineer, and shall leave his work "broom clean" or its equivalent, unless more precisely defined. Upon completion of the work called for by the contract, and upon final inspection and acceptance, the Contractor shall remove any of his remaining rubbish, tools, form boards, and surplus materials completely from the work site.

In case of dispute, the Village may remove the rubbish and any other materials and charge the cost to the Contractor.

2 COMPLETION TIME

In addition to the completion date of October 16, 2020 listed on Proposal, BLR 12200 Pg. 3 of 6, the Contractor shall note the following.Besides the overall time limit of the project, there are also interim deadlines on specific parts of the work in order to reduce the time residents are inconvenienced as a result of the project. Work shall be completed by October 16, 2020 or liquidated damages shall apply. Should the Contractor fail to complete the work within the stipulated time frames and/or prior to the completion date, the Contractor shall be liable for liquidated damages.

3 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

The Contractor must complete the work in accordance with the completion time requirements. If he fails to do so within the times stipulated, the Contractor shall be liable for liquidated damages for each additional calendar day in strict adherence to article 108.09 of the SSRBC, except that liquidated damages shall be fixed at $750.00 per day. The Contractor shall notify the Village in writing when all contract work is completed. Contractor will be allowed 10 working days after all contract work is completed to address punch list items and/or items as deemed by the Village. The contractor is allowed 5-7 calendar days after issuance of punch list to re-mobilize to perform punch list items before the Village begins to charge working days.

Monetary damages will be assessed against the Contractor if he fails to complete each phase of construction as described in this contract, and the overall completion of this project within the stipulated time frames, not as a penalty but liquidated damages for delay in completion of work.

The Contractor must read carefully the special provisions pertaining to each portion of work. Certain parts

or phases of the proposed work will have intermittent time frames stipulated to lessen the disruption to affected and adjacent residents and businesses.

4 ACCESS AND WATER SHUT OFF NOTIFICATION

If access to a driveway will be blocked, or water will be turned off, the Contractor shall give that resident or business proper written notification at least 24 hours in advance. The Contractor must provide them the opportunity to remove their cars from the drive or make other arrangements, and prepare for any shutdown of the water system. Samples of written notices shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval.

In addition, the Contractor shall be responsible for notifying the resident or business verbally on the morning of any driveway closure, to ensure awareness of the lack of access.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be considered **INCIDENTAL** to the project.

5 EXISTING UTILITIES

Existing Public Utilities, such as watermains, sewers, gas lines, streetlights, telephone lines, electric power lines, etc., shall be protected against damage during the construction of this project. The Contractor shall contact the Owners of all public utilities and obtain locations of all utilities within the limits of the proposed construction and make arrangements, if necessary, to adjust or move any existing utility at the utility company's expense. Any expense incurred by the contractor in connection with making arrangements shall be borne by the Contractor and considered incidental to the contract. It shall be this Contractor's responsibility to determine the actual location of all such facilities in the field.

The adjustment of all facilities of Nicor, AT&T, the Commonwealth Edison Co., etc. shall be done by the respective utility company, and if known, are indicated on the plans as to be done "By Others". All other utility adjustments to sewer, water, and local facilities shall be performed under this contract, under the supervision of the Owner of the utility, and will be paid for under the respective items in the contract unless otherwise indicated on the plans or directed by the Engineer.

Any existing facilities, residential or commercial sprinkler systems, etc. disturbed are the responsibility of the property/utility owner. The contractor shall treat as regular utility if marked. If not marked, contractor shall treat as a utility in an unanticipated location per Sec. 107 of the Standard Specifications. The contractor shall notify the Village when a utility has been damaged. The cost of repairs of any damaged utility shall be repaired at no cost to the Village.

Whenever the locations of existing utilities are known, the approximate location of said utility is indicated on the plans. This information is given only for the convenience of the Bidder and the Village assumes no responsibility as to accuracy of the information provided. The Contractor shall consider in his bid the location of all permanent and temporary utility appurtenances to their present or relocated positions, whether shown on the plans or not, and no additional compensation will be allowed for delays, inconvenience, or special construction methods required due to the existence of said appurtenances.

Whenever obstructions are encountered during the progress of the work and interfere to such an extent that an alteration in the plan is required, the Engineer shall order a deviation in the plan as required, the Engineer shall order a deviation in the line and/or grade to resolve the conflict, or relocation of the obstruction. The Contractor will be compensated for any additional pipe material, fittings, granular backfill, or structures required at the respective contract prices, and measured as specified in the Contract. No additional compensation will be allowed for delays or inconveniences, additional excavation, or any special construction methods required in prosecuting the work due to the existence of said obstruction.

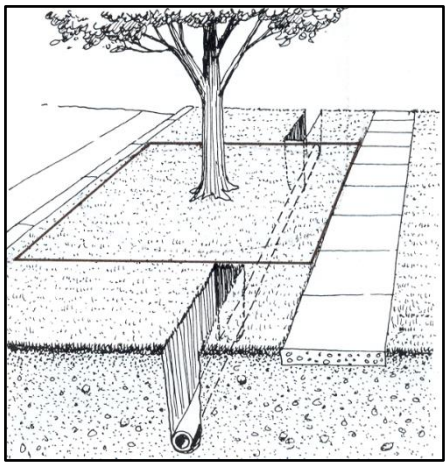
6 TREE PROTECTION

Description: Municipal Codes regarding trees, including tree protection requirements for public parkway trees, are located in Chapter 24 of the Downers Grove Municipal Code. Specifically, Municipal Codes 24-7 and 24-8 detail the public parkway tree protection sizes and fines for violations. The Village Forester shall approve all tree protection measures and any deviations. All tree protection measures and any deviations shall be noted in the contract specifications and on approved project plan sheets and permits using the guidelines listed below.

Tree protection shall include avoiding damage to the above ground tree branches and trunk, and the below ground root system and surrounding soil. Tree crowns and trunks shall not suffer any branch or bark loss. Roots shall be protected from compaction, storage of materials, severing, regrading of the parkway or excavation unless specifically noted on the project plan sheets.

The Critical Root Zone, or CRZ, is the area immediately surrounding a tree that must be protected from damage. In a municipal parkway setting with utilities and paved or concrete surfaces, the size of the CRZ has been adjusted to form a rectangle around the parkway tree trunk with minimum dimensions listed in the following table. The depth of the CRZ extends to 4 feet below the natural ground surface level.

Parkway Tree diameter at 4.5’	Width street to property (min. curb to sidewalk)	Length along street street(minimum)	Depth
0 – 12.0 inches	10.0 feet	10 feet	4 feet
12.1 – 24.0 inches	10.0 feet	20 feet	4 feet
24.1 or more inches	10.0 feet	30 feet	4 feet



For projects that involve excavations of less than one (1) foot in depth in the parkway or street and are replacing structures in the same location, fencing of the public parkway trees shall not be required. Example projects include, but are not limited to, street pavement resurfacing, curb removal/replacement, driveway removal/replacement, or sidewalk removal/repairs or new sidewalk installations. Contractors shall be mindful of the CRZ dimensions and potential for fines if any parkway trees suffer any unauthorized damage as determined by the Village Forester.

For projects that involve excavations of one (1) foot or more in depth in the parkway or street or both, fencing of the public parkway trees shall be required. Example projects include, but are not limited to, watermain replacements with new roundway keystops and domestic service box installations, sanitary line replacements and new service connections, new or replacement natural gas services, new or replacement phone or fiber optic lines, or new or replacement storm sewers, or projects that widen roads which in turn decreases the parkway soil volume around public parkway trees.

Projects that require fencing (listed above) shall fence the public parkway trees with six (6) foot high chain link construction fence secured to metal posts driven in the ground which are spaced no further than ten (10) feet apart. The dimensions of the fence shall depend on the tree diameter size and shall follow the table listed for the CRZ above, or as large as practical dependent on driveways and other field conditions. The fenced rectangle shall have three (3) sides with the opening facing the adjacent residences for easy access for mowing or tree care. Under no circumstances shall any items be stored within the fence. All fencing shall be maintained daily in an upright good condition. The size and location of all fencing shall be shown on the project plan sheets.

To avoid damage to the CRZ, utilities must be augered underneath the public parkway trees. Excavation pits for augering equipment are to be outside the fenced area and are to be shown on the project plan sheets. Excavation pits for roundway keystops and domestic service boxes are to be as small as practical with excavation occurring in a direction away from the adjacent public parkway tree.

In cases when severing of roots within a portion of the CRZ may be unavoidable (ex. sidewalk installation, curb replacement, water or sanitary service replacement), subject to the approval of the Village Forester, sharp clean cuts shall be made on root ends to promote wound closure and root regeneration. Root pruning and excavation activities shall occur such that the smallest volume of soil and roots is disturbed, and the locations shall be shown on the project plan sheets.

In addition to fines and citations that may be assessed for violations of any Chapter 24 of the Municipal Code (such as not maintaining fencing around the CRZ or unauthorized removal of protected trees), the contractor may be subject to the following provisions:

- Issuance of an invoice for the value or partial value of the tree lost due to damage to either the above ground or below ground portions of the parkway tree, or unauthorized tree removal.
- Costs of repairs, such as pruning or cabling, or costs for removal of the damaged parkway tree along with the stump if the tree cannot remain in the right-of-way.
- Fines of $500 for the 1st offense; $1,000 for the 2nd offense; $2,500 for the 3rd and subsequent offenses.
- Each day during which a violation continues shall be construed as a separate and distinct offense.

The value or partial value of the tree lost shall be determined by the Village Forester using the most current edition of the Guide for Plant Appraisal (prepared by the Council of Tree & Landscape Appraisers and the

International Society of Arboriculture) and the most current edition of the Species Ratings & Appraisal Factors for Illinois (prepared by the Illinois Arborist Association). The total cost determined for the damage shall be deducted from the payments made to the Contractor for the project. Should the Village hire another Contractor or tree service to complete pruning work, these costs shall also be deducted from the payments made to the Contractor.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be considered **INCIDENTAL** to the project.

7 TRAFFIC CONTROL, MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC, DETOURS

This item shall include the furnishing, installing, maintaining, relocating and removing of all traffic control devices and personnel used for the purpose of regulating, warning, or directing traffic during the construction of this project. Placement and maintenance of all traffic control devices shall be in accordance with the applicable parts of Article 107.14 and Section 701 of the Standard Specifications and included Highway Standards. All traffic control devices used on this project shall conform to the Standard Specifications for Traffic Control Devices and the Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices and as indicated on the Traffic Control Plan. No waiving of these requirements will be allowed without prior written approval of the Engineer.

The Contractor shall protect all workers engaged in the project, and shall provide for safe and convenient public travel by providing adequate traffic control under all circumstances. Such circumstances may include, but not be limited to work performed along the route under construction, road closures for construction operations of any type, or when any section of the road is opened to traffic prior to completion of all work. The Contractor shall ensure that work zone in question is properly signed, barricaded and otherwise marked.

The Contractor will be responsible for the proper location, installation, and arrangement of all traffic control devices during the period of construction. All open excavations shall be protected by Type I barricades equipped with working bi-directional flashing lights at each end of the excavation, as well as at 50-foot intervals between ends for excavations greater than 50 feet in length and weighted down by **one sandbag per each barricade**. All street closures shall be protected by Type III barricades equipped with working bi-directional flashing lights and weighted down by **eight sandbags per each barricade**.

The Contractor shall plan the work not to leave any open excavations during non-working hours and that all barricades not necessary have been removed from the pavement during non-working hours.

In the event that one direction of vehicular travel must be closed, the Contractor shall use certified flaggers (minimum of two) to direct traffic around the work area. The Engineer shall approve proper signing and barricading of the lane closures, and shall issue written authorization prior to closure. Presence of certified flaggers shall be required anytime the contractor's activities may impede the designated flow of traffic.

In the event that both directions of vehicular travel must be closed, the Contractor shall set up a detour route to direct traffic around the work area. The Engineer shall approve proper signing and barricading of the detour route and shall issue written authorization prior to closure. Where it is necessary to establish a temporary detour, all the requirements of the Standard Specifications and MUTCD shall be met.

The Contractor shall maintain his operations in a manner such that traffic flow shall not be substantially impeded during the construction of the proposed improvements. Where traffic must cross open trenches during a given work day, the Contractor shall provide steel plates at street intersections and driveways.

Prior to the end of a given work day, the pavement surface shall be temporarily restored.

No open excavation may be left overnight or on the weekend without the express written permission of the Engineer.

As the condition and location of the work changes, the Contractor shall maintain all traffic control devices and personnel engaged in traffic control, in a manner that will accommodate the changing particulars of the work at any given time. Advance warnings, detour and directional information and other controls or directions necessary for safe passage of traffic around the work site shall be reviewed and changed, if necessary, to meet the needs of the situation. Signage erected, but not necessary or proper for the situation ahead shall be covered or taken down. Barricading and signage shall be monitored by the Contractor on a daily basis to ensure that it meets the requirements for work zone safety for the conditions of the particular work being performed.

In the event public sidewalk must be closed, the Contractor shall provide SIDEWALK CLOSED AHEAD signs adjacent to the closure and at the nearest intersections to the closure. If the closure occurs an intersection, the Contractor shall provide SIDEWALK CLOSED USE OTHE SIDE signs at the corner(s) opposite the closed sidewalk.

Access to all properties shall remain open at all times unless work is taking place in the immediate vicinity, requiring that access be restricted on a temporary basis. Full access must be restored immediately upon the completion of any work blocking said access, and full access must be restored to all properties over weekends and legal holidays unless approved by the Engineer. Special consideration to hours and location of work near school shall be made to allow for full and safe access during normal student arrival and departure schedules. The Contractor is responsible for all traffic control and this item is incidental to the cost of the overall contract work.

The Contractor shall provide a name and phone number of a responsible party capable of providing emergency service, 24 hours per day, for the duration of the Project.

DEFICIENCY CHARGE:
The primary concern of the Village is to maintain a safe travel way for the public and a safe environment for the work in the construction zone. The Contractor is expected to comply with the Standard Specifications, contract plans, the Special Provisions and directions from the Engineer concerning traffic control and protection. The Contractor shall provide a telephone number where a responsible individual can be contacted on a 24-hour-a-day basis to receive notification of any deficiencies regarding traffic control and protection. The Contractor shall immediately respond correcting traffic control deficiencies by dispatching workers, materials and equipment to correct such deficiencies.

Failure to comply with the Contract or as directed by the Engineer as it relates to corrections or modifications to the traffic control and protection will result in a deduction of either $1,000 or 0.05 percent of the awarded contract value, whichever is greater, in accordance with Article 105.03. This charge is separate from the cost of any corrective work ordered. The Contractor shall not be relieved of any contractual responsibilities by the Village's actions.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract **Lump Sum** price for:

TRAFFIC CONTROL, MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC, DETOURS

which price shall be payment in full for the installation and maintenance of proper traffic control to protect the work and public for the duration of the Project.

8 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK REMOVE AND REPLACE

Description: This work shall consist of installation of new P.C.C. and the removal and replacement of existing P.C.C. sidewalk as directed by the Engineer or shown on the plans. All P.C.C. sidewalks shall be removed and replaced by methods and with materials in accordance with Articles 424 and 1020.04 of the SSRBC, except as amended herein.

Placement of sidewalk shall include the following:

a) Removal of existing sidewalk including saw cutting and disposal of existing concrete, bituminous paved sidewalks and/or bituminous overlayment of existing sidewalks, removal and disposal of all other obstructions to perform the work;
b) The placement and compaction of varying thicknesses (typically 1" to 3") of Subbase Granular material, Type B, CA 6 with the methods and with materials in accordance with Section 311 and of Article 1004.04 of the SSRBC for the purpose of leveling-off the sub-base to place uniform thickness of sidewalk; use of recycled materials shall not be allowed unless with a prior written permission by the Engineer;
c) The set up of form work such that the maximum running slope of the finished walk does not exceed 5 percent (1:20) or not to exceed the general grade established for the roadway, and the cross slope is not more than 2 percent (1:50).
c) The placement of five inch (5") thick, Class SI Portland Cement Concrete, 5.65 cwt/cy mix, with 5-8% air entrainment, 2"-4" slump, and six inch (6") thickness through or in residential driveways or where subject to vehicular traffic, to the width specified on the plans or as directed by the Engineer;
d) The tooling of contraction joints, 1/2-inch radius and 1 inch deep, 5 feet on center;
f) The placement of 1/2 inch thick premoulded expansion joints at 50 foot intervals on center, or abutting existing concrete sidewalk, or at the end of a pour;
g) The adjustment to proper grade of all utility structures encountered;
h) For sidewalks passing over newly constructed utility trenches, three equally spaced epoxy coated No. 4 reinforcing bars shall be centered over all utility trenches. Bars shall extend continuously a minimum of 5 feet (1.5 m) beyond the walls of the utility trench. Reinforcement shall be incidental to the cost of the pay item.
i) The replacement of all traffic control devices or parking meters removed;
j) The proper curing of all concrete work utilizing methods and materials outlined in Articles 424 and 1022.01 of the SSRBC, (Type III membrane curing compound white pigmented), WORK THAT IS NOT PROPERLY CURED WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED OR PAID FOR;
k) Installation of ADA compliant ramps for curbed and non-curbed streets.

Excavation for new sidewalk shall be performed with a Gradall. Operating a Gradall on the parkways will not be allowed. All excavation shall be made from the street unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Excavation work utilizing a skid steer loader shall not be allowed.

When sidewalks are closed to pedestrians a minimum of two barricades (one on either side of the work

zone) with operable flashing lights shall be used.

Tree roots shall be protected at all times and shall not be cut or scraped in any way unless explicitly directed to do so by the engineer. All tree root pruning shall be done in accordance with special provision14 TREE ROOT PRUNING.

NOTE: Placement of concrete shall not be allowed prior to the Engineer inspecting the base material. PCC sidewalk installed without prior inspection and approval of the base material will not be accepted for payment. The Contractor shall at the direction of the Engineer remove and replace the section (s) of sidewalk in question at no cost to the Village.

Basis for Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per **SQUARE FOOT** for:

P.C.C. SIDEWALK REMOVAL AND REPLACE, 5"-6"

which price shall be payment in full for the work as specified herein.

9 PCC SIDEWALK REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT (LOCATED WITHIN DBD, COLORED), 5"-6"

This work shall include all work included in special provision 8 in addition to the following:

a) Sidewalk sections are located in the Downers Grove Downtown Business District (unless otherwise identified);
b) Concrete colorant to be added to cement mix. Concrete colorant shall be "Harvest Wheat" (Product #U16) supplied by Butterfield Color (1-800-282-3388). Contractor shall provide a sample of their proposed cured colored concrete, which shall be approved by the Engineer prior to ordering or placing any material.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per **SQUARE FOOT** for **P.C.C. SIDEWALK REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT (LOCATED WITHIN DBD, COLORED), 5"-6".**

10 PCC SIDEWALK REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT (DRAINAGE ISSUE), 5"-6"

This work shall include all work included in special provision 8 in addition to the following:

a) Sidewalk sections identified by the Engineer as being related to a drainage issue will require input from Engineer for final elevations, longitudinal slopes and lateral slopes to mitigate a known drainage issue. The contractor shall remove sidewalk marked by the Engineer but shall NOT begin framing for concrete placement until directed to do so by the Engineer. Sidewalk placed without the oversight of the Engineer may be removed and replaced at the Engineer's discretion at no additional cost to the Village.
b) At this direction of the Engineer, this work shall include re-grading turf areas to meet the newly constructed edge of sidewalk and at a maximum slope of 4:1. Turf restoration that is required beyond 2' of newly placed sidewalk edge shall be restored with sod and shall be paid for with pay item SOD RESTORATION.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per **SQUARE FOOT** for **P.C.C. SIDEWALK REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT (DRAINAGE ISSUE), 5"-6".**

11 DETECTABLE WARNINGS

Description: This work shall consist of the installation of new detectable warning material as shown in the plans. All detectable warnings shall be placed by methods and with materials in accordance with Article 424 and 424.09 of the SSRBC.

Detectable Warnings shall be brick red, cast-in-place composite panels with inline dome pattern. Panels shall be installed full width of the walk (2" max concrete border allowed) in accordance with the latest PROWAG guidelines and at the direction of the Public Works Director (or his/her designee).

Detectable Warnings shall be:

1) Access-Tile Cast-In-Place Replaceable,
2) Tuff Tile Wet-Set Replaceable Tile,
   or equivalent equal.

Basis for Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per **SQUARE FOOT** for:

DETECTABLE WARNINGS,

which price shall include all material, labor, and equipment necessary to complete this item.

12 COMBINATION CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

Description (removal): This work shall consist of the removal of existing P.C.C. Curb and Gutter of the type and size at the locations noted in Schedule of Quantities. This work shall be performed in accordance with Section 440 of the Standard Specifications, except as amended herein.

At those locations where curb removal operations fall within the Critical Root Zone (CRZ) the Contractor will be required to trench with a "chain" driven trencher immediately back of curb prior to curb removal. This procedure will proceed uninterrupted through the CRZ and insure general tree root pruning. The width of the CRZ shall be determined as noted in the general provision for TREE PROTECTION elsewhere in these documents. If it is determined that proposed removal methods do not cause undo harm to adjacent roots, the Village Forester may waive the need to perform trenching.

During removal operations Contractor shall take special care not to damage or extend sawed joint into adjacent appurtenances such as driveways and sidewalks which are to remain in place. During machine sawing operations Contractor shall also take special care to remove, clean, or otherwise account for any residue / slurry produced by the sawing so material will not be tracked by either vehicular or foot traffic onto adjacent appurtenances which are to remain in place.

Description (placement): This work shall consist of the replacement of existing PCC Curb and Gutter in accordance with the applicable parts of Sec. 606 of the Standard Specifications, except as amended herein.

Replacement of curb and gutter shall include the placement of threequarter inch (3/4") premolded expansion joint filler along the back of curb, for the full depth of the curb and gutter, where abutting existing concrete.

Transverse expansion joints with ¾" joint filler shall be constructed at five feet (5') either side of utility structures, and at no more than ninety foot (90') intervals. All expansion joints shall include the placement

of two (2) three-quarter inch (3/4") dowel bars with pinched stop caps as specified on detail sheet. Two (2) three quarter inch (3/4") dowel bars shall also be placed at all construction joints as specified on detail sheet and shall be drilled into existing curb and gutter a minimum of six inches (6").

New curb and gutter shall be backfilled with existing excavated earth.

13 FRAMES/GRATES TO BE ADJUSTED

Description: This work shall consist of the adjustment of water valve vault, drainage, traffic signal, street lighting, and sanitary structure frames and grates or covers. All utility structure frames and grates shall be adjusted by the Contractor where necessary to meet the proposed elevation of the new sidewalk surface, or where removal and replacement of existing sidewalk is being performed in order to correct the elevation of the sidewalk relative to the existing utility structure or the existing nominal elevation of the walk on either side of the sidewalk portion to be replaced.

The adjustments to the frames and grates shall be performed at the direction of the Engineer, or representatives of the appropriate utility. The maximum vertical adjustment shall not exceed one foot (1'). Adjustments shall only be made with concrete adjusting rings of a thickness appropriate to the particular adjustment, and shall be secured by mastic joint sealer. Adjustments shall not be made with brick, mortar, wood, or other material.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per **EACH** for:

FRAMES/GRATES TO BE ADJUSTED,

which price shall be payment in full for the removal and/or replacement of the existing frame and grate, precast concrete adjusting rings, and compacting and adjusting the grade immediately around the structure.

14 TREE ROOT PRUNING

Description: All trees, public or private, affected by new sidewalk installation within its root protection zone, shall be root pruned prior to any excavation taking place. Root pruning shall be performed in accordance with the Tree Protection Zone detail of the Plans or as directed by the Engineer, and shall be done only to the depth of the excavation necessary for installing the new sidewalk. Root pruning shall start and proceed uninterrupted for the length of travel through the root protection zone. Root pruning shall be made no more than ten inches (10") from the tree-side edge of the proposed sidewalk or as directed by the Engineer.

Approval by the Village Forester of the equipment to be used for root pruning, as well as the proposed path of the root pruning work, is required prior to the work being performed. The Engineer or his representative shall permit no excavation until written approval is obtained by the Contractor from the Village Forester. No materials or equipment may be stored or kept in the Tree Protection Zone. Tree damage, as determined by the Village Forester, shall be assessed to the Contractor using the most recent edition of the Guide for Plant Appraisal, published by the International Society of Arboriculture.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per **FOOT** for:

TREE ROOT PRUNING,

which price shall be payment in full for the work as specified herein and as measured in place.

15 HIGH-EARLY-STRENGTH PCC ADJUSTMENT

This work shall be done in accordance with the Standard Specifications insofar as applicable, and shall be applied to the pay items in this contract only where directed by the Engineer. Where directed by the Engineer, an approved high-early-strength portland cement concrete mix shall be used to obtain a minimum of 3,500 psi in 48 hours.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per **CUBIC YARD** for **HIGH-EARLY-STRENGTH PCC ADJUSTMENT,** which shall be in addition to the pay items included in this contract.

16 ARROW BOARD

Description: This work shall include providing and maintaining an Arrow Board for traffic control in accordance with the applicable portions of Section 701 of the Standard Specifications and Highway Standards 701301, 701311, 701501, 701801 and 701901 when requested by the Engineer.

Basis of Payment: When an Arrow Board is requested by the Engineer this work will be paid for at the contract unit price per **CALENDAR DAY** for each **ARROW BOARD**, which price shall be payment in full for the work as specified herein.

17 AGGREGATE FOR TEMPORARY ACCESS

Description: This work shall consist of the construction and maintenance of an aggregate surface course for maintaining access to intersecting streets and driveways as specified in Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications. During construction, the Contractor shall provide access at all times for emergency vehicles, school buses, and all abutting properties.

Aggregate for temporary access roads and driveway aprons shall be removed and/or reused at the direction of the Engineer. Aggregate surface shall be constructed in accordance with the applicable portions of Section 402 of the Standard Specifications excepting that the coarse aggregate shall meet CA-6 gradation, and that the equipment required for the work will be as directed by the Engineer. Maintenance shall consist of placing and compacting additional aggregate of the same type and gradation as the surface aggregate.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per **TON** for **AGGREGATE FOR TEMPORARY ACCESS**, which price shall include furnishing, transporting, placing, maintaining, and removing, reusing or disposing of the aggregate as herein specified and as directed by the Engineer. Payment for aggregate will be made for its initial use only, regardless of the number of times it may be moved.

18 EXCAVATION

Description: Costs for all items requiring excavation (i.e. Portland Cement Concrete Sidewalk, Removal and Replacement of Brick Paver Sidewalk, Combination Curb and Gutter Removal and Replacement, and Pipe Drains) shall be **INCIDENTAL** towards implementation of this project. Any/all costs associated with proper disposal of materials shall be borne by the Contractor.

Basis of Payment: No additional compensation will be allowed the Contractor.

19 SAW CUTTING

Description: This work shall consist of saw cutting existing sidewalk along the limits of removal as indicated by the Engineer. Saw cutting shall be full depth for bituminous pavement and 1-1/2 inch depth for concrete through drive approaches for removal of driveway necessary for sidewalk installation for the purpose of delineating sidewalk edges and contraction joints where none currently exist.

Basis of Payment: Saw cutting shall not be paid for separately but shall be **INCIDENTAL** to the contract.

20 SIGN RELOCATE

Description: The Contractor shall remove and relocate all signs located in or near the construction zone as directed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall be responsible for replacing, at his expense, any signs damaged during the course of construction and the operation of removing and relocating any signs.

Basis of Payment: The removal and relocation of all existing signs in or near the construction zone shall not be paid for separately but shall be **INCIDENTAL** to the contract.

21 PROTECTION OF WORK

The Contractor shall be responsible to provide personnel to protect his work from third party damage. Should any of the work be damaged, it shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense. The Contractor shall schedule his work so that the concrete placed takes its initial set during daylight hours. Claims of darkness shall not be reason to relieve the Contractor from responsibility. Driveways shall be kept barricaded for a minimum of four (4) days after placement of concrete. The curing time may be reduced if High Early Strength PCC is used.

22 SOD RESTORATION

Description: This item shall be done in accordance with the applicable portions of Sec. 252 of the Standard Specifications and the following provisions.

Areas within 2' of replaced sidewalk will not be considered for payment and shall be considered incidental to placement of said items as stated herein.

As contract work progresses through the Village, parkway restoration work shall commence in a timely manner in areas where permanent placement of new curb and gutter, driveways, sidewalks, etc., has been completed. Under no circumstances shall the Contractor prolong final grading, shaping and sod placement so that the entire project can be permanently restored at the same time.

This work shall consist of the excavation, topsoiling and sodding from a minimum of one and one-half (1-1/2) feet to a maximum of three (3) feet behind or adjacent to all curbs, sidewalks and driveways removed and replaced during the course of construction or as directed by the Engineer. Restoration will also be performed on areas disturbed by storm sewer or culvert construction.

All topsoil to be used for parkway restoration shall be obtained from outside the limits of this improvement, transported to the site and placed at required locations to a minimum depth of 6". All materials shall meet the requirements of Art. 1081.05 of the Standard Specifications. All placement of topsoil shall meet the requirements of Sec. 211 of the Standard Specifications.

All sod shall be an approved grass that is native to the locality of work meeting the requirements of Art. 1081.03 of the Standard Specifications. All placement of sod shall meet the requirements of Sec. 252 of the Standard Specifications.

The Contractor shall properly backfill, compact and grade all disturbed areas adjacent to newly constructed curb and gutter, sidewalks and driveways within 5 calendar days of their completion. Backfill shall be compacted by mechanical and/or hand methods so future consolidation / settlement does not occur. Disturbed areas shall be left in a safe, clean and usable condition conducive to foot traffic and to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Disturbed turf areas shall be permanently restored with topsoil and sod or, if sod placement falls outside specifications for sod placement, temporarily stabilized with GROWTH-INHIBITING EROSION CONTROL BLANKET within 14 calendar days of final disturbance of the turf area. If timing of restoration work falls outside of specifications for sod placement, topsoil and growth-inhibiting erosion control blanket shall be installed within the required restoration timeframe and sod shall be installed when specifications allow. The material specifications shall be submitted to the Village for approval prior to use. The blanket shall consist of a material which inhibits the growth of weeds, such that the area does not require additional tilling of topsoil prior to sod placement. The installation of the blanket shall follow manufacturer's specifications such that no soil or debris shall run off from the disturbed areas. Following the use of any blanket, the Contractor shall remove the product from the site.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract unit price per **SQUARE YARD** for:

SOD RESTORATION

and/or

GROWTH-INHIBITING EROSION CONTROL BLANKET,

which price shall be payment in full for any excavation and grading necessary, the furnishing, transporting and placement of all topsoil and sod, and the full watering of sod. Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, restoration of disturbed parkways more than three (3) feet behind the back of curb or more than three (3) feet adjacent to newly constructed driveway or sidewalk or more than six (6) feet either side of the newly placed storm sewer or pipe culvert, will not be paid for separately but shall be considered incidental to the contract. The installation of temporary growth-inhibiting erosion control blanket shall be paid for at the contract unit price per Square Yard for GROWTH-INHIBITING EROSION CONTROL BLANKET.

Supplemental watering shall be paid for at the contract unit price per unit for SUPPLEMENTAL WATERING.

23 EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

Description: Throughout each and every phase of the project, all downstream ditches and storm sewers shall be protected from the run-off of roadway surfaces, excavations, and other construction activities generating the movement of dirt, mud, dust and debris. This work shall consist of constructing temporary erosion and sedimentation control systems as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. The work shall be placed by methods and with materials in accordance with Sections 280, 1080 and 1081 of the SSRBC, except as amended herein.

All downstream ditches shall be protected from erosion and sedimentation by the installation of an Engineer-approved compost filter sock. Piles of excavated material and/or trench backfill material, allowed to be in place in excess of three days, shall be protected against erosion and sedimentation runoff by use of

a compost filter sock. Storm sewer inlet structures or manholes shall be protected by temporary placement of filter baskets or compost filter socks as authorized in the field by the Engineer. Dewatering and bypass pumping and all sediment control measures required, in addition to measures shown on plans, shall be incidental to the installation of storm sewer pipes and structures.

Erosion and sedimentation control measures as indicated in the Erosion Control Plan, or as directed by the Engineer shall be installed on the project site prior to beginning any construction activities which will potentially create conditions subject to erosion. Erosion control devices shall be in place and approved by the Engineer as to proper placement and installation prior to beginning other work. Erosion control protection for Contractor equipment storage sites, plant sites, and other sites shall be installed by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer prior to beginning construction activities at each site. Failure to properly install and maintain erosion control measures per the Erosion Control Plan, or as directed by the Engineer, shall result in a $1000/day fine, which shall be deducted from the value of work completed, until deficiencies are rectified as approved by the Engineer.

Perimeter Erosion Barrier and Inlet Filters: Items include placement, maintenance, and removal of compost filter socks and filter baskets at areas designated by the Engineer.

Basis of Payment: This work will be paid for at the contract **FOOT and EACH** price, respectively, for:

PERIMETER EROSION BARRIER

and

INLET FILTERS,

which price shall be payment in full for the work as specified herein.

24 IEPA CLEAN CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION DEBRIS

Construction Requirements: The Contractor shall be responsible for satisfactory removal and disposal of all waste material, asphalt, concrete, stone, dirt, and debris generated or discovered in the course of the work. Removal and disposal of excavation items being disposed of at a clean construction and demolition debris (CCDD) facility shall meet the requirements of Public Act 96-1416. This work shall be incidental and shall not be paid for separately, with the exception of the **ADDITIONAL HAULING SURCHARGE, NON-HAZARDOUS SPECIAL WASTE** as specified below.

The temporary storing of excavated materials within the public right-of-way or project limits shall not be allowed unless approved by the Engineer. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to find an approved dumpsite for debris and any excavated materials. The Village will not provide one.

The Contractor shall employ a licensed testing firm, as approved by Engineer, to screen each truck-load of material on-site, using a PID or FID field screen or other acceptable method. The PID shall be calibrated on a daily basis. The Contractor shall enter all truck-loads leaving the site into an on-site screening log including, but not limited to, project name, date, time, weather conditions, name of screener, hauling company, truck number, screening method, background PID reading, calibrated PID reading, truck/bucket PID reading, and description of materials screened. Each day prior to the first truck leaving the site, Engineer and Contractor’s testing consultant shall agree on the allowable PID reading in accordance with

the receiving CCDD facility procedures (typically 0.0 or daily background levels). The receiving CCDD facility may be consulted daily, or periodically, as needed to verify that the appropriate value is being used. If said screen indicates levels that will be unacceptable for disposal at the CCDD facility, the material shall be quarantined on-site for further evaluation. If material is rejected at the CCDD facility, it shall be returned to the project site and quarantined for further evaluation. No additional compensation shall be allowed for returning a rejected load back to the project site, or any other additional hauling, loading, unloading, etc, as may be required. Should it be determined by the Village or Village's agent that the material is not suitable for disposal in a CCDD facility, the Contractor shall be responsible for properly disposing of the material at an acceptable landfill, and providing the Village with all of the proper paperwork to document the material disposal with the IEPA. This work shall be paid for as specified below. If a truck-load is rejected by a CCDD facility after leaving the project site, and said truck-load is not identified in the on-site screening log, the Contractor shall still be required to properly dispose of the material and provide the Village with the necessary documentation, but shall not be additionally compensated as specified below.

All additional work to satisfy these requirements shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. All costs associated with meeting these requirements shall be paid for as specified herein. These costs shall include but are not limited to all required testing, lab analysis, and certification by a licensed professional engineer (PE) or licensed professional geologist (PG), if required, in addition to the cost of additional hauling, dump fees, etc. Payment for this work shall be in addition to payment for EARTH EXCAVATION per the contract unit price. No adjustment to the contract unit price will be allowed due to changes to quantities based on actual field conditions.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per **LOAD** for **ADDITIONAL HAULING SURCHARGE, NON-HAZARDOUS SPECIAL WASTE,** which price shall be payment in full for the work as specified herein.

25 HOT-MIX ASPHALT DRIVEWAY REMOVAL & REPLACEMENT, 3"

Description: This work shall consist of the removal and replacement of asphalt driveways at locations indicated on the plan and/or as required by the Engineer.

The replacement of the driveways shall consist of preparing a subgrade at all required locations, shaping of slopes adjacent to the driveways, the placement and compacting of six inches of CA6 Aggregate Base, and the placement and compacting of three inches (3") of Hot-Mix Asphalt Surface, Mixture C, N50 (IL 9.5).

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per **SQUARE YARD** for:

HOT-MIX ASPHALT DRIVEWAY REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT, 3",

which price shall be payment in full for the work as specified herein.

26 PCC DRIVEWAY REMOVAL & REPLACEMENT, 6"

Description: This work shall consist of the removal and replacement of concrete driveways in accordance with the applicable parts of Sec. 423 of the SSRBC except as amended herein.

This work shall include the placement of ¾" premolded expansion joints where new concrete abuts existing concrete or as directed by the Engineer.

Replacement of the driveways shall include the application of membrane curing compound, Type III, in

accordance with Articles 1020.13 and 1022.01 of the SSRBC, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. If replacement of the driveways takes place prior to April 15, or after October 15, the driveway shall be properly cured and that followed by the application of protective coat in accordance with Article 420.18 of the Standard Specifications.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per **SQUARE YARD** for:

PCC DRIVEWAY REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT, 6",

which price shall be payment in full for the work as specified herein.

27 BRICK DRIVEWAY REMOVAL & REPLACEMENT

Description: This work shall consist of the removal and replacement of brick driveways at locations indicated on the plan and/or as required by the Engineer.

Areas within 2' of proposed sidewalk and curb and gutter will not be considered for payment and shall be considered incidental to placement of said items as stated herein.

The replacement of the driveways shall consist of preparing a subgrade at all required locations, shaping of slopes adjacent to the driveways, furnishing, placement and compaction of CA-6 aggregate base (minimum six inches) and the placement of brick in-kind, matching the existing, disturbed brick driveway. Existing bricks shall be removed, safely stored and used for placement/restoration. Damaged and/or missing bricks shall be replaced at the Contractor's expense.

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per **SQUARE YARD** for:

BRICK DRIVEWAY REMOVAL & REPLACEMENT

which price shall be payment in full for the work as specified herein.

28 CLASS D PATCHES (SPECIAL):

Description: This work shall be in accordance with all applicable portions of Section 442 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, except as modified herein and on the plans.

Each patch is to have a full depth saw cut and then be removed. Saw cutting of the patches and removal of the existing pavement, including sub-base is to be included in the cost of this item.

Bituminous Materials (Prime Coat) and Aggregate (Prime Coat) shall be provided in accordance with the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction. Prime coat materials shall be considered included in the cost of the contract unit price for CLASS D PATCHES (SPECIAL).

Method of Measurement. This work will be measured in place in square yards.

Basis of Payment. The work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per **SQUARE YARD** for:

CLASS D PATCHES, (TYPE AND DEPTH SPECIFIED) (SPECIAL)

of the thickness specified. The price shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to construct

the pavement patch and any other items required to complete the work as specified on the plans and described herein.

29 MODULAR CONCRETE BLOCK RETAINING WALL

Description: This work shall consist of the furnishing of materials and installation of a MODULAR CONCRETE BLOCK RETAINING WALL. This wall shall be constructed with high strength density concrete modular units, freeze thaw resistant with rear alignment flange providing a one and one-eighth inch (1 1/8") set back from a vertical plane with each course. Modular units shall be Unilock – Pisa 2 Natural or approved equal. Concrete Modular Retaining Wall units shall meet or exceed the standards outlined in ASTM C90-90 (Specification for Load Bearing Concrete Masonry Units): and ASTM C666-90 (Test Method for Resistance of Concrete to Rapid Freezing and Thawing).

Erection of the wall shall be in accordance with the concrete module manufacturer's recommendations and as specified herein. The wall shall be placed on a bed of six inches compacted CA-6 Aggregate. The top of the first row of concrete modules shall be set at one inch below the lowest top of walk for that course of modules. Each course shall be laid with the lip of the units placed against the back of the preceding course. Units shall be pulled forward as far as possible. The first layer shall have a one-inch tieback bank.

For drainage within the retaining wall, a perforated 4-inch dia. PVC tile shall be wrapped within a porous geofabric textile and placed along the retaining wall's entire length.

Excavation shall be conducted as to obtain a 45-degree angle as measured from the heel of the retaining wall to the furthest point of excavation on the surface of the hill to be retained.

Backfill shall consist of CA-6 aggregate and shall be incidental to retaining wall installation. Backfill shall be tamped in place in eight-inch lifts with a mechanical tamper, prior to installing the succeeding layer of modules.

Wall units damaged during erection of the wall shall be replaced by the Contractor with new units. Excess excavated material resulting from the construction of the wall shall be removed from within the limits of the Village of Downers Grove.

Four (4) inches of topsoil shall be placed on a clay cap six (6) inches thick. The topsoil and sod restoration shall be in accordance with provision for PARKWAY RESTORATION (SPECIAL).

Basis of Payment: This Work shall be paid for at the contract unit price per **SQUARE FOOT** for:

MODULAR CONCRETE BLOCK RETAINING WALL.

Illinois Department of Transportation

Special Provisions

Local Public Agency	County	Section Number
Village of Downers Grove	DuPage	20-00000-02-GM

The following Special Provision supplement the "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction", adopted April 1, 2016, the latest edition of the "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", and the "Manual of Test Procedures of Materials" in effect on the date of invitation of bids, and the Supplemental Specification and Recurring Special Provisions indicated on the Check Sheet included here in which apply to and govern the construction of the above named section, and in case of conflict with any parts, or parts of said Specifications, the said Special Provisions shall take precedence and shall govern.

Maintenance of Roadways

Effective: September 30, 1985 Revised: November 1, 1996

Beginning on the date that work begins on this project, the Contractor shall assume responsibility for normal maintenance of all existing roadways within the limits of the improvement. This normal maintenance shall include all repair work deemed necessary by the Engineer, but shall not include snow removal operations. Traffic control and protection for maintenance of roadways will be provided by the Contractor as required by the Engineer.

If items of work have not been provided in the contract, or otherwise specified for payment, such items, including the accompanying traffic control and protection required by the Engineer, will be paid for in accordance with Article 109.04 of the Standard Specifications.

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
Effective: September 30, 1985
Revised: January 1, 2007

Traffic Control shall be according to the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications, the Supplemental Specifications, the "Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways", any special details and Highway Standards contained in the plans, and the Special Provisions contained herein.

Special attention is called to Article 107.09 of the Standard Specifications and the following Highway Standards, Details, Quality Standard for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices, Recurring Special Provisions and Special Provisions contained herein, relating to traffic control.

~~The Contractor shall contact the District One Bureau of Traffic at least 72 hours in advance of beginning work.~~ The Contractor shall contact Downers Grove Public Works at least 72 hours in advance of beginning work.

STANDARDS:
701301-04
701501-06
701502-08
701801-06
701901-07

DETAILS: TC-10, TC-13

SPECIAL PROVISIONS:

Basis of Payment: This work shall be paid for at the contract Lump Sum price for TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION STANDARD 701501 or TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION STANDARD 701502 or TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION STANDARD 701801

STATUS OF UTILITIES (D-1)
Effective: June 1, 2016
Revised: January 1, 2020

Utility companies and/or municipal owners located within the construction limits of this project have provided the following information regarding their facilities and the proposed improvements. The tables below contain a description of specific conflicts to be resolved and/or facilities which will require some action on the part of the Department's contractor to proceed with work. Each table entry includes an identification of the action necessary and, if applicable, the estimated duration required for the resolution.

UTILITIES TO BE ADJUSTED

Conflicts noted below have been identified by following the suggested staging plan included in the contract. The company has been notified of all conflicts and will be required to obtain the necessary permits to complete their work; in some instances, resolution will be a function of the construction staging. The responsible agency must relocate, or complete new installations as noted below; this work has been deemed necessary to be complete for the Department's contractor to then work in the stage under which the item has been listed.

Pre-Stage

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY	DURATION OF TIME

Stage 1

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY	DURATION OF TIME

Stage 2

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	RESPONSIBLE AGENCY	DURATION OF TIME

No conflicts to be resolved *(or if there are conflicts they are to be listed as noted above)*

Pre-Stage: _____ Days Total Installation
Stage 1: _____ Days Total Installation
Stage 2: _____ Days Total Installation

The following contact information is what was used during the preparation of the plans as provided by the Agency/Company responsible for resolution of the conflict.

Agency/Company Responsible to Resolve Conflict	Name of contact	Phone	E-mail address

UTILITIES TO BE WATCHED AND PROTECTED

The areas of concern noted below have been identified by following the suggested staging plan included for the contract. The information provided is not a comprehensive list of all remaining utilities, but those which during coordination were identified as ones which might require the Department's contractor to take into consideration when making the determination of the means and methods that would be required to construct the proposed improvement. In some instances, the contractor will be responsible to notify the owner in advance of the work to take place so necessary staffing on the owner's part can be secured.

Pre-Stage

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	OWNER

Stage 1

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	OWNER

Stage 2

STAGE / LOCATION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	OWNER

No facilities requiring extra consideration *(or listed as noted above)*

The following contact information is what was used during the preparation of the plans as provided by the owner of the facility.

Agency/Company Responsible to Resolve Conflict	Name of contact	Phone	E-mail address

The above represents the best information available to the Department and is included for the convenience of the bidder. The days required for conflict resolution should be considered in the bid as this information has also been factored into the timeline identified for the project when setting the completion date. The applicable portions of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction shall apply.

Estimated duration of time provided above for the first conflicts identified will begin on the date of the executed contract regardless of the status of the utility relocations. The responsible agencies will be working toward resolving subsequent conflicts in conjunction with contractor activities in the number of days noted.

The estimated relocation duration must be part of the progress schedule submitted by the contractor. A utility kickoff meeting will be scheduled between the Department, the Department's contractor and the utility companies when necessary. The Department's contractor is responsible for contacting J.U.L.I.E. prior to all excavation work.

Illinois Department of Transportation

Check Sheet for Recurring Special Provisions

The Following Recurring Special Provisions Indicated By An "X" Are Applicable To This Contract And Are Included By Reference:

Recurring Special Provisions

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4	☐	Specific EEO Responsibilities Non Federal-Aid Contracts	97
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6	☐	Asbestos Bearing Pad Removal	108
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8	☐	Temporary Stream Crossings and In-Stream Work Pads	110
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10	☐	Construction Layout Stakes	114
11	☐	Use of Geotextile Fabric for Railroad Crossing	117
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13	☐	Hot-Mix Asphalt Surface Correction	123
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18	☐	Bicycle Racks	131
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23	☐	Calcium Chloride Accelerator for Portland Cement Concrete	138
24	☒	Quality Control of Concrete Mixtures at the Plant	139
25	☐	Quality Control/Quality Assurance of Concrete Mixtures	147
26	☐	Digital Terrain Modeling for Earthwork Calculations	163
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28	☐	Preventive Maintenance - Bituminous Surface Treatment (A-1)	166
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34	☐	Portland Cement Concrete Inlay or Overlay	179
35	☐	Portland Cement Concrete Partial Depth Hot-Mix Asphalt Patching	183
36	☐	Longitudinal Joint and Crack Patching	186

The Following Local Roads And Streets Recurring Special Provisions Indicated By An "X" Are Applicable To This Contract And Are Included By Reference:

Local Roads And Streets Recurring Special Provisions

Check Sheet #			Page No.
LRS 1	☐	**Reserved**	189
LRS 2	☐	Furnished Excavation	190
LRS 3	☐	Work Zone Traffic Control Surveillance	191
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LRS 7	☒	Bidding Requirements and Conditions for Material Proposals	200
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LRS 11	☒	Employment Practices	209
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LRS 18	☐	Multigrade Cold Mix Asphalt	220

BDE SPECIAL PROVISIONS
For the July 31, 2020 and September 18, 2020 Lettings

The following special provisions indicated by a "check mark" are applicable to this contract and will be included by the Project Coordination and Implementation Section of the BD&E. An * indicates a new or revised special provision for the letting.

File Name	#		Special Provision Title	Effective	Revised
80099	1	☐	Accessible Pedestrian Signals (APS)	April 1, 2003	April 1, 2020
80274	2	☐	Aggregate Subgrade Improvement	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2016
80192	3	☐	Automated Flagger Assistance Device	Jan. 1, 2008	
80173	4	☐	Bituminous Materials Cost Adjustments	Nov. 2, 2006	Aug. 1, 2017
80426	5	☐	Bituminous Surface Treatment with Fog Seal	Jan. 1, 2020	
80241	6	☐	Bridge Demolition Debris	July 1, 2009	
5026I	7	☐	Building Removal-Case I (Non-Friable and Friable Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	April 1, 2010
5048I	8	☐	Building Removal-Case II (Non-Friable Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	April 1, 2010
5049I	9	☐	Building Removal-Case III (Friable Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	April 1, 2010
5053I	10	☐	Building Removal-Case IV (No Asbestos)	Sept. 1, 1990	April 1, 2010
80425	11	☐	Cape Seal	Jan. 1, 2020	
80384	12	☐	Compensable Delay Costs	June 2, 2017	April 1, 2019
80198	13	☐	Completion Date (via calendar days)	April 1, 2008	
80199	14	☐	Completion Date (via calendar days) Plus Working Days	April 1, 2008	
80293	15	☐	Concrete Box Culverts with Skews > 30 Degrees and Design Fills ≤ 5 Feet	April 1, 2012	July 1, 2016
80311	16	☐	Concrete End Sections for Pipe Culverts	Jan. 1, 2013	April 1, 2016
80277	17	☐	Concrete Mix Design – Department Provided	Jan. 1, 2012	April 1, 2016
80261	18	☐	Construction Air Quality – Diesel Retrofit	June 1, 2010	Nov. 1, 2014
80387	19	☐	Contrast Preformed Plastic Pavement Marking	Nov. 1, 2017	
80029	20	☐	Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation	Sept. 1, 2000	March 2, 2019
80402	21	☐	Disposal Fees	Nov. 1, 2018	
80378	22	☐	Dowel Bar Inserter	Jan. 1, 2017	Jan. 1, 2018
80405	23	☐	Elastomeric Bearings	Jan. 1, 2019	
80421	24	☐	Electric Service Installation	Jan. 1, 2020	
80415	25	☐	Emulsified Asphalts	Aug. 1, 2019	
80423	26	☐	Engineer's Field Office and Laboratory	Jan. 1, 2020	
80388	27	☐	Equipment Parking and Storage	Nov. 1, 2017	
80229	28	☐	Fuel Cost Adjustment	April 1, 2009	Aug. 1, 2017
80417	29	☐	Geotechnical Fabric for Pipe Underdrains and French Drains	Nov. 1, 2019	
80420	30	☐	Geotextile Retaining Walls	Nov. 1, 2019	
80304	31	☐	Grooving for Recessed Pavement Markings	Nov. 1, 2012	Nov. 1, 2017
80422	32	☐	High Tension Cable Median Barrier Reflectors	Jan. 1, 2020	
80416	33	☐	Hot-Mix Asphalt – Binder and Surface Course	July 2, 2019	Nov. 1, 2019
80398	34	☐	Hot-Mix Asphalt – Longitudinal Joint Sealant	Aug. 1, 2018	Nov. 1, 2019
80406	35	☐	Hot-Mix Asphalt – Mixture Design Verification and Production (Modified for I-FIT Data Collection)	Jan. 1, 2019	Jan. 2, 2020
80347	36	☐	Hot-Mix Asphalt – Pay for Performance Using Percent Within Limits – Jobsite Sampling	Nov. 1, 2014	July 2, 2019
80383	37	☐	Hot-Mix Asphalt – Quality Control for Performance	April 1, 2017	July 2, 2019
80411	38	☐	Luminaires, LED	April 1, 2019	
80393	39	☐	Manholes, Valve Vaults, and Flat Slab Tops	Jan. 1, 2018	March 1, 2019
80045	40	☐	Material Transfer Device	June 15, 1999	Aug. 1, 2014
80418	41	☐	Mechanically Stabilized Earth Retaining Walls	Nov. 1, 2019	
80424	42	☐	Micro-Surfacing and Slurry Sealing	Jan. 1, 2020	
80428	43	☐	Mobilization	April 1, 2020	
80165	44	☐	Moisture Cured Urethane Paint System	Nov. 1, 2006	Jan. 1, 2010
80412	45	☐	Obstruction Warning Luminaires, LED	Aug. 1, 2019	
80349	46	☐	Pavement Marking Blackout Tape	Nov. 1, 2014	April 1, 2016

	80371	47	☐	Pavement Marking Removal	July 1, 2016	
	80389	48	☐	Portland Cement Concrete	Nov. 1, 2017	
*	80430	49	☐	Portland Cement Concrete – Haul Time	July 1, 2020	
	80359	50	☐	Portland Cement Concrete Bridge Deck Curing	April 1, 2015	Nov. 1, 2019
*	80431	51	☐	Portland Cement Concrete Pavement Patching	July 1, 2020	
*	80432	52	☐	Portland Cement Concrete Pavement Placement	July 1, 2020	
	80300	53	☐	Preformed Plastic Pavement Marking Type D - Inlaid	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2016
	3426I	54	☐	Railroad Protective Liability Insurance	Dec. 1, 1986	Jan. 1, 2006
	80157	55	☐	Railroad Protective Liability Insurance (5 and 10)	Jan. 1, 2006	
	80306	56	☐	Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) and Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles (RAS)	Nov. 1, 2012	Jan. 2, 2020
	80407	57	☐	Removal and Disposal of Regulated Substances	Jan. 1, 2019	Jan. 1, 2020
	80419	58	☐	Silt Fence, Inlet Filters, Ground Stabilization and Riprap Filter Fabric	Nov. 1, 2019	April 1, 2020
	80395	59	☐	Sloped Metal End Section for Pipe Culverts	Jan. 1, 2018	
	80340	60	☐	Speed Display Trailer	April 2, 2014	Jan. 1, 2017
	80127	61	☐	Steel Cost Adjustment	April 2, 2004	Aug. 1, 2017
	80408	62	☐	Steel Plate Beam Guardrail Manufacturing	Jan. 1, 2019	
	80413	63	☐	Structural Timber	Aug. 1, 2019	
	80397	64	☐	Subcontractor and DBE Payment Reporting	April 2, 2018	
	80391	65	☐	Subcontractor Mobilization Payments	Nov. 2, 2017	April 1, 2019
	80317	66	☐	Surface Testing of Hot-Mix Asphalt Overlays	Jan. 1, 2013	Aug. 1, 2019
	80298	67	☐	Temporary Pavement Marking	April 1, 2012	April 1, 2017
	80403	68	☐	Traffic Barrier Terminal, Type 1 Special	Nov. 1, 2018	
	80409	69	☐	Traffic Control Devices - Cones	Jan. 1, 2019	
	80410	70	☐	Traffic Spotters	Jan. 1, 2019	
	20338	71	☐	Training Special Provisions	Oct. 15, 1975	
	80318	72	☐	Traversable Pipe Grate for Concrete End Sections	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2018
	80429	73	☐	Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course	April 1, 2020	
	80288	74	☐	Warm Mix Asphalt	Jan. 1, 2012	April 1, 2016
	80302	75	☐	Weekly DBE Trucking Reports	June 2, 2012	April 2, 2015
	80414	76	☐	Wood Fence Sight Screen	Aug. 1, 2019	April 1, 2020
	80427	77	☐	Work Zone Traffic Control Devices	Mar. 2, 2020	
	80071	78	☐	Working Days	Jan. 1, 2002	

The following special provisions are in the 2020 Supplemental Specifications and Recurring Special Provisions.

File Name	Special Provision Title	New Location(s)	Effective	Revised
80404	Coarse Aggregate Quality for Micro-Surfacing and Cape Seals	Article 1004.01(b)	Jan. 1, 2019	
80392	Lights on Barricades	Articles 701.16, 701.17(c)(2) & 603.07	Jan. 1, 2018	
80336	Longitudinal Joint and Crack Patching	Check Sheet #36	April 1, 2014	April 1, 2016
80400	Mast Arm Assembly and Pole	Article 1077.03(b)	Aug. 1, 2018	
80394	Metal Flared End Section for Pipe Culverts	Articles 542.07(c) and 542.11	Jan. 1, 2018	April 1, 2018
80390	Payments to Subcontractors	Article 109.11	Nov. 2, 2017	

The following special provisions have been deleted from use.

File Name	Special Provision Title	Effective	Revised
80328	Progress Payments	Nov. 2, 2013	

The following special provisions require additional information from the designer. The additional information needs to be submitted as a separate document. The Project Coordination and Implementation section will then include the information in the applicable special provision.

- Bridge Demolition Debris
- Building Removal - Case I
- Building Removal – Case II
- Building Removal - Case III
- Building Removal-Case IV
- Completion Date
- Completion Date Plus Working Days
- DBE Participation
- Material Transfer Device
- Railroad Protective Liability Insurance
- Training Special Provisions
- Working Days

COMPENSABLE DELAY COSTS (BDE)

Effective: June 2, 2017
Revised: April 1, 2019

Revise Article 107.40(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(b) Compensation. Compensation will not be allowed for delays, inconveniences, or damages sustained by the Contractor from conflicts with facilities not meeting the above definition; or if a conflict with a utility in an unanticipated location does not cause a shutdown of the work or a documentable reduction in the rate of progress exceeding the limits set herein. The provisions of Article 104.03 notwithstanding, compensation for delays caused by a utility in an unanticipated location will be paid according to the provisions of this Article governing minor and major delays or reduced rate of production which are defined as follows.

(1) Minor Delay. A minor delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two hours, but not to exceed two weeks.

(2) Major Delay. A major delay occurs when the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location is completely stopped for more than two weeks.

(3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. A reduced rate of production delay occurs when the rate of production on the work in conflict with the utility in an unanticipated location decreases by more than 25 percent and lasts longer than seven calendar days."

Revise Article 107.40(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(c) Payment. Payment for Minor, Major, and Reduced Rate of Production Delays will be made as follows.

(1) Minor Delay. Labor idled which cannot be used on other work will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2) for the time between start of the delay and the minimum remaining hours in the work shift required by the prevailing practice in the area.

Equipment idled which cannot be used on other work, and which is authorized to standby on the project site by the Engineer, will be paid for according to Article 109.04(b)(4).

(2) Major Delay. Labor will be the same as for a minor delay.

Equipment will be the same as for a minor delay, except Contractor-owned equipment will be limited to two weeks plus the cost of move-out to either the

Contractor's yard or another job and the cost to re-mobilize, whichever is less. Rental equipment may be paid for longer than two weeks provided the Contractor presents adequate support to the Department (including lease agreement) to show retaining equipment on the job is the most economical course to follow and in the public interest.

(3) Reduced Rate of Production Delay. The Contractor will be compensated for the reduced productivity for labor and equipment time in excess of the 25 percent threshold for that portion of the delay in excess of seven calendar days. Determination of compensation will be in accordance with Article 104.02, except labor and material additives will not be permitted.

Payment for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be determined according to Article 109.13."

Revise Article 108.04(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(b) No working day will be charged under the following conditions.

(1) When adverse weather prevents work on the controlling item.

(2) When job conditions due to recent weather prevent work on the controlling item.

(3) When conduct or lack of conduct by the Department or its consultants, representatives, officers, agents, or employees; delay by the Department in making the site available; or delay in furnishing any items required to be furnished to the Contractor by the Department prevents work on the controlling item.

(4) When delays caused by utility or railroad adjustments prevent work on the controlling item.

(5) When strikes, lock-outs, extraordinary delays in transportation, or inability to procure critical materials prevent work on the controlling item, as long as these delays are not due to any fault of the Contractor.

(6) When any condition over which the Contractor has no control prevents work on the controlling item."

Revise Article 109.09(f) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(f) Basis of Payment. After resolution of a claim in favor of the Contractor, any adjustment in time required for the work will be made according to Section 108. Any adjustment in the costs to be paid will be made for direct labor, direct materials, direct equipment, direct jobsite overhead, direct offsite overhead, and other direct costs allowed by the resolution. Adjustments in costs will not be made for interest charges, loss of anticipated profit, undocumented loss of efficiency, home office overhead and unabsorbed overhead

other than as allowed by Article 109.13, lost opportunity, preparation of claim expenses and other consequential indirect costs regardless of method of calculation.

The above Basis of Payment is an essential element of the contract and the claim cost recovery of the Contractor shall be so limited."

Add the following to Section 109 of the Standard Specifications.

"**109.13 Payment for Contract Delay.** Compensation for escalated material costs, escalated labor costs, extended project overhead, and extended traffic control will be allowed when such costs result from a delay meeting the criteria in the following table.

Contract Type	Cause of Delay	Length of Delay
Working Days	Article 108.04(b)(3) or Article 108.04(b)(4)	No working days have been charged for two consecutive weeks.
Completion Date	Article 108.08(b)(1) or Article 108.08(b)(7)	The Contractor has been granted a minimum two week extension of contract time, according to Article 108.08.

Payment for each of the various costs will be according to the following.

(a) Escalated Material and/or Labor Costs. When the delay causes work, which would have otherwise been completed, to be done after material and/or labor costs have increased, such increases will be paid. Payment for escalated material costs will be limited to the increased costs substantiated by documentation furnished by the Contractor. Payment for escalated labor costs will be limited to those items in Article 109.04(b)(1) and (2), except the 35 percent and 10 percent additives will not be permitted.

(b) Extended Project Overhead. For the duration of the delay, payment for extended project overhead will be paid as follows.

(1) Direct Jobsite and Offsite Overhead. Payment for documented direct jobsite overhead and documented direct offsite overhead, including onsite supervisory and administrative personnel, will be allowed according to the following table.

Original Contract Amount	Supervisory and Administrative Personnel
Up to $5,000,000	One Project Superintendent
Over $ 5,000,000 - up to $25,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent or Engineer, and One Clerk
Over $25,000,000 - up to $50,000,000	One Project Manager, One Project Superintendent, One Engineer, and

	One Clerk
Over $50,000,000	One Project Manager, Two Project Superintendents, One Engineer, and One Clerk

(2) Home Office and Unabsorbed Overhead. Payment for home office and unabsorbed overhead will be calculated as 8 percent of the total delay cost.

(c) Extended Traffic Control. Traffic control required for an extended period of time due to the delay will be paid for according to Article 109.04.

When an extended traffic control adjustment is paid under this provision, an adjusted unit price as provided for in Article 701.20(a) for increase or decrease in the value of work by more than ten percent will not be paid.

Upon payment for a contract delay under this provision, the Contractor shall assign subrogation rights to the Department for the Department's efforts of recovery from any other party for monies paid by the Department as a result of any claim under this provision. The Contractor shall fully cooperate with the Department in its efforts to recover from another party any money paid to the Contractor for delay damages under this provision."

80384

CONSTRUCTION AIR QUALITY – DIESEL RETROFIT (BDE)

Effective: June 1, 2010
Revised: November 1, 2014

The reduction of emissions of particulate matter (PM) for off-road equipment shall be accomplished by installing retrofit emission control devices. The term "equipment" refers to diesel fuel powered devices rated at 50 hp and above, to be used on the jobsite in excess of seven calendar days over the course of the construction period on the jobsite (including rental equipment).

Contractor and subcontractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract shall be retrofitted using the phased in approach shown below. Equipment that is of a model year older than the year given for that equipment's respective horsepower range shall be retrofitted:

Effective Dates	Horsepower Range	Model Year
June 1, 2010 1/	600-749	2002
	750 and up	2006
June 1, 2011 2/	100-299	2003
	300-599	2001
	600-749	2002
	750 and up	2006
June 1, 2012 2/	50-99	2004
	100-299	2003
	300-599	2001
	600-749	2002
	750 and up	2006

1/ Effective dates apply to Contractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract.
2/ Effective dates apply to Contractor and subcontractor diesel powered off-road equipment assigned to the contract.

The retrofit emission control devices shall achieve a minimum PM emission reduction of 50 percent and shall be:

a) Included on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) *Verified Retrofit Technology List* (http://www.epa.gov/cleandiesel/verification/verif-list.htm), or verified by the California Air Resources Board (CARB) (http://www.arb.ca.gov/diesel/verdev/vt/cvt.htm); or

b) Retrofitted with a non-verified diesel retrofit emission control device if verified retrofit emission control devices are not available for equipment proposed to be used on the project, and if the Contractor has obtained a performance certification from the retrofit

device manufacturer that the emission control device provides a minimum PM emission reduction of 50 percent.

Note: Large cranes (Crawler mounted cranes) which are responsible for critical lift operations are exempt from installing retrofit emission control devices if such devices adversely affect equipment operation.

Diesel powered off-road equipment with engine ratings of 50 hp and above, which are unable to be retrofitted with verified emission control devices or if performance certifications are not available which will achieve a minimum 50 percent PM reduction, may be granted a waiver by the Department if documentation is provided showing good faith efforts were made by the Contractor to retrofit the equipment.

Construction shall not proceed until the Contractor submits a certified list of the diesel powered off-road equipment that will be used, and as necessary, retrofitted with emission control devices. The list(s) shall include (1) the equipment number, type, make, Contractor/rental company name; and (2) the emission control devices make, model, USEPA or CARB verification number, or performance certification from the retrofit device manufacturer. Equipment reported as fitted with emissions control devices shall be made available to the Engineer for visual inspection of the device installation, prior to being used on the jobsite.

The Contractor shall submit an updated list of retrofitted off-road construction equipment as retrofitted equipment changes or comes on to the jobsite. The addition or deletion of any diesel powered equipment shall be included on the updated list.

If any diesel powered off-road equipment is found to be in non-compliance with any portion of this special provision, the Engineer will issue the Contractor a diesel retrofit deficiency deduction.

Any costs associated with retrofitting any diesel powered off-road equipment with emission control devices shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices bid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed. The Contractor's compliance with this notice and any associated regulations shall not be grounds for a claim.

Diesel Retrofit Deficiency Deduction

When the Engineer determines that a diesel retrofit deficiency exists, a daily monetary deduction will be imposed for each calendar day or fraction thereof the deficiency continues to exist. The calendar day(s) will begin when the time period for correction is exceeded and end with the Engineer's written acceptance of the correction. The daily monetary deduction will be $1,000.00 for each deficiency identified.

The deficiency will be based on lack of diesel retrofit emissions control.

If a Contractor accumulates three diesel retrofit deficiency deductions for the same piece of equipment in a contract period, the Contractor will be shutdown until the deficiency is corrected.

Such a shutdown will not be grounds for any extension of the contract time, waiver of penalties, or be grounds for any claim.

80261

DISPOSAL FEES (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2018

Replace Articles 109.04(b)(5) – 109.04(b)(8) of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"(5) Disposal Fees. When the extra work performed includes paying for disposal fees at a clean construction and demolition debris facility, an uncontaminated soil fill operation or a landfill, the Contractor shall receive, as administrative costs, an amount equal to five percent of the first $10,000 and one percent of any amount over $10,000 of the total approved costs of such fees.

(6) Miscellaneous. No additional allowance will be made for general superintendence, the use of small tools, or other costs for which no specific allowance is herein provided.

(7) Statements. No payment will be made for work performed on a force account basis until the Contractor has furnished the Engineer with itemized statements of the cost of such force account work. Statements shall be accompanied and supported by invoices for all materials used and transportation charges. However, if materials used on the force account work are not specifically purchased for such work but are taken from the Contractor's stock, then in lieu of the invoices, the Contractor shall furnish an affidavit certifying that such materials were taken from his/her stock, that the quantity claimed was actually used, and that the price and transportation claimed represent the actual cost to the Contractor.

Itemized statements at the cost of force account work shall be detailed as follows.

a. Name, classification, date, daily hours, total hours, rate, and extension for each laborer and foreman. Payrolls shall be submitted to substantiate actual wages paid if so requested by the Engineer.

b. Designation, dates, daily hours, total hours, rental rate, and extension for each unit of machinery and equipment.

c. Quantities of materials, prices and extensions.

d. Transportation of materials.

e. Cost of property damage, liability and workmen's compensation insurance premiums, unemployment insurance contributions, and social security tax.

(8) Work Performed by an Approved Subcontractor. When extra work is performed by an approved subcontractor, the Contractor shall receive, as administrative costs, an amount equal to five percent of the total approved costs of such work with the minimum payment being $100.

(9) All statements of the cost of force account work shall be furnished to the Engineer not later than 60 days after receipt of the Central Bureau of Construction form "Extra Work Daily Report". If the statement is not received within the specified time frame, all demands for payment for the extra work are waived and the Department is released from any and all such demands. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to ensure that all statements are received within the specified time regardless of the manner or method of delivery."

80402

EMULSIFIED ASPHALTS (BDE)

Effective: August 1, 2019

Revise Article 1032.06 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**1032.06 Emulsified Asphalts.** Emulsified asphalts will be accepted according to the current Bureau of Materials Policy Memorandum, "Emulsified Asphalt Acceptance Procedure". These materials shall be homogeneous and shall show no separation of asphalt after thorough mixing, within 30 days after delivery, provided separation has not been caused by freezing. They shall coat the aggregate being used in the work to the satisfaction of the Engineer and shall be according to the following requirements.

(a) Anionic Emulsified Asphalt. Anionic emulsified asphalts RS-1, RS-2, HFRS-2, SS-1h, and SS-1 shall be according to AASHTO M 140, except as follows.

(1) The cement mixing test will be waived when the emulsion is being used as a tack coat.

(2) The Solubility in Trichloroethylene test according to AASHTO T 44 may be run in lieu of Ash Content and shall meet a minimum of 97.5 percent.

(b) Cationic Emulsified Asphalt. Cationic emulsified asphalts CRS-1, CRS-2, CSS-1h, and CSS-1 shall be according to AASHTO M 208, except as follows.

(1) The cement mixing test will be waived when the emulsion is being used as a tack coat.

(2) The Solubility in Trichloroethylene test according to AASHTO T 44 may be run in lieu of Ash Content and shall meet a minimum of 97.5 percent.

(c) High Float Emulsion. High float emulsions HFE-90, HFE-150, and HFE-300 are medium setting and shall be according to the following table.

Test	HFE-90	HFE-150	HFE-300
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol, at 122 °F (50 °C), (AASHTO T 59), SFS [1/]	50 min.	50 min.	50 min.
Sieve Test, No. 20 (850 µm), retained on sieve, (AASHTO T 59), %	0.10 max.	0.10 max.	0.10 max.
Storage Stability Test, 1 day, (AASHTO T 59), %	1 max.	1 max.	1 max.
Coating Test (All Grades), (AASHTO T 59), 3 minutes	stone coated thoroughly		
Distillation Test, (AASHTO T 59): Residue from distillation test to 500 °F (260 °C), %	65 min.	65 min.	65 min.
Oil distillate by volume, %	7 max.	7 max.	7 max.

Characteristics of residue from distillation test to 500 °F (260 °C): Penetration at 77 °F (25 °C), (AASHTO T 49), 100 g, 5 sec, dmm	90-150	150-300	300 min.
Float Test at 140 °F (60 °C), (AASHTO T 50), sec.	1200 min.	1200 min.	1200 min.

1/ The emulsion shall be pumpable.

(d) Penetrating Emulsified Prime. Penetrating Emulsified Prime (PEP) shall be according to AASHTO T 59, except as follows.

Test	Result
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol, at 77 °F (25 °C), SFS	75 max.
Sieve test, retained on No. 20 (850 µm) sieve, %	0.10 max.
Distillation to 500 °F (260 °C) residue, %	38 min.
Oil distillate by volume, %	4 max.

The PEP shall be tested according to the current Bureau of Materials Illinois Laboratory Test Procedure (ILTP), "Sand Penetration Test of Penetrating Emulsified Prime (PEP)". The time of penetration shall be equal to or less than that of MC-30. The depth of penetration shall be equal to or greater than that of MC-30.

(e) Delete this subparagraph.

(f) Polymer Modified Emulsified Asphalt. Polymer modified emulsified asphalts, e.g. SS-1hP, CSS-1hP, CRS-2P (formerly CRSP), CQS-1hP (formerly CSS-1h Latex Modified) and HFRS-2P (formerly HFP) shall be according to AASHTO M 316, except as follows.

(1) The cement mixing test will be waived when the polymer modified emulsion is being used as a tack coat.

(2) CQS-1hP (formerly CSS-1h Latex Modified) emulsion for micro-surfacing treatments shall use latex as the modifier.

(3) Upon examination of the storage stability test cylinder after standing undisturbed for 24 hours, the surface shall show minimal to no white, milky colored substance and shall be a homogenous brown color throughout.

(4) The distillation for all polymer modified emulsions shall be performed according to AASHTO T 59, except the temperature shall be 374 ± 9 °F (190 ± 5 °C) to be held for a period of 15 minutes and measured using an ASTM 16F (16C) thermometer.

(5) The specified temperature for the Elastic Recovery test for all polymer modified emulsions shall be 50.0 ± 1.0 °F (10.0 ± 0.5 °C).

(6) The Solubility in Trichloroethylene test according to AASHTO T 44 may be run in lieu of Ash Content and shall meet a minimum of 97.5 percent.

(g) Non-Tracking Emulsified Asphalt. Non-tracking emulsified asphalt NTEA (formerly SS-1vh) shall be according to the following.

Test	Requirement
Saybolt Viscosity at 77 °F (25 °C), (AASHTO T 59), SFS	20-100
Storage Stability Test, 24 hr, (AASHTO T 59), %	1 max.
Residue by Distillation, 500 ± 10 °F (260 ± 5 °C), or Residue by Evaporation, 325 ± 5 °F (163 ± 3 °C), (AASHTO T 59), %	50 min.
Sieve Test, No. 20 (850 µm), (AASHTO T 59), %	0.3 max.
Tests on Residue from Evaporation	
Penetration at 77 °F (25 °C), 100 g, 5 sec, (AASHTO T 49), dmm	40 max.
Softening Point, (AASHTO T 53), °F (°C)	135 (57) min.
Ash Content, (AASHTO T 111), % 1/	1 max.

1/ The Solubility in Trichloroethylene test according to AASHTO T 44 may be run in lieu of Ash Content and shall meet a minimum of 97.5 percent

The different grades are, in general, used for the following.

Grade	Use
SS-1, SS-1h, RS-1, RS-2, CSS-1, CRS-1, CRS-2, CSS-1h, HFE-90, SS-1hP, CSS-1hP, NTEA (formerly SS-1vh)	Tack Coat
PEP	Prime Coat
RS-2, HFE-90, HFE-150, HFE-300, CRS-2P (formerly CRSP), HFRS-2P (formerly HFP), CRS-2, HFRS-2	Bituminous Surface Treatment
CQS-1hP (formerly CSS-1h Latex Modified)	Micro-Surfacing Slurry Sealing Cape Seal"

EQUIPMENT PARKING AND STORAGE (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2017

Replace the first paragraph of Article 701.11 of the Standard Specifications with the following.

"**701.11 Equipment Parking and Storage.** During working hours, all vehicles and/or nonoperating equipment which are parked, two hours or less, shall be parked at least 8 ft (2.5 m) from the open traffic lane. For other periods of time during working and for all nonworking hours, all vehicles, materials, and equipment shall be parked or stored as follows.

(a) When the project has adequate right-of-way, vehicles, materials, and equipment shall be located a minimum of 30 ft (9 m) from the pavement.

(b) When adequate right-of-way does not exist, vehicles, materials, and equipment shall be located a minimum of 15 ft (4.5 m) from the edge of any pavement open to traffic.

(c) Behind temporary concrete barrier, vehicles, materials, and equipment shall be located a minimum of 24 in. (600 mm) behind free standing barrier or a minimum of 6 in. (150 mm) behind barrier that is either pinned or restrained according to Article 704.04. The 24 in. or 6 in. measurement shall be from the base of the non-traffic side of the barrier.

(d) Behind other man-made or natural barriers meeting the approval of the Engineer."

80388

HOT-MIX ASPHALT – BINDER AND SURFACE COURSE (BDE)

Effective: July 2, 2019
Revised: November 1, 2019

Description. This work shall consist of constructing a hot-mix asphalt (HMA) binder and/or surface course on a prepared base. Work shall be according to Sections 406 and 1030 of the Standard Specifications, except as modified herein.

Materials. Add the following after the second paragraph of Article 1003.03(c):

"For mixture IL-9.5FG, at least 67 percent of the required fine aggregate fraction shall consist of either stone sand, slag sand, steel slag sand, or combinations thereof meeting FA 20 gradation."

Revise Article 1004.03(c) to read:

"(c) Gradation. The coarse aggregate gradations shall be as listed in the following table.

Use	Size/Application	Gradation No.
Class A-1, A-2, & A-3	3/8 in. (10 mm) Seal	CA 16 or CA 20
Class A-1	1/2 in. (13 mm) Seal	CA 15
Class A-2 & A-3	Cover Coat	CA 14
HMA High ESAL	IL-19.0	CA 11 1/
	SMA 12.5 2/	CA 13, CA 14, or CA 16
	SMA 9.5 2/	CA 13 or CA 16 3/
	IL-9.5	CA 16
	IL-9.5FG	CA 16
HMA Low ESAL	IL-19.0L	CA 11 1/
	IL-9.5L	CA 16

1/ CA 16 or CA 13 may be blended with the CA 11.

2/ The coarse aggregates used shall be capable of being combined with stone sand, slag sand, or steel slag sand meeting the FA/FM 20 gradation and mineral filler to meet the approved mix design and the mix requirements noted herein.

3/ The specified coarse aggregate gradations may be blended."

HMA Nomenclature. Revise the "High ESAL" portion of the table in Article 1030.01 to read:

"High ESAL	Binder Courses	IL-19.0, IL-9.5, IL-9.5FG, IL-4.75, SMA 12.5, SMA 9.5

	Surface Courses	IL-9.5, IL-9.5FG, SMA 12.5, SMA 9.5"

Mixture Design. Revise the table in Article 1030.04(a)(1) and add SMA 9.5 and IL-9.5FG mixture compositions as follows:

"HIGH ESAL, MIXTURE COMPOSITION (% PASSING) [1/]						
Sieve Size	SMA 12.5 [5/]		SMA 9.5 [5/]		IL-9.5FG	
	min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.
1 in. (25 mm)						
3/4 in. (19 mm)		100		100		
1/2 in. (12.5 mm)	90	99	95	100		100
3/8 in. (9.5 mm)	50	85	70	95	90	100
#4 4.75 mm)	20	40	30	50	60	75
#8 (2.36 mm)	16	24 [4/]	20	30	45	60
#16 (1.18 mm)				21	25	40
#30 (600 µm)				18	15	30
#50 (300 µm)				15	8	15
#100 (150 µm)					6	10
#200 (75 µm)	8.0	11.0 [3/]	8.0	11.0 [3/]	4.0	6.5
#635 (20 µm)		≤ 3.0		≤ 3.0		
Ratio of Dust/Asphalt Binder						1.0

1/ Based on percent of total aggregate weight.

2/ The mixture composition shall not exceed 44 percent passing the #8 (2.36 mm) sieve for surface courses with Ndesign = 90.

3/ Additional minus No. 200 (0.075 mm) material required by the mix design shall be mineral filler, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

4/ When establishing the adjusted job mix formula (AJMF) the percent passing the #8 (2.36 mm) sieve shall not be adjusted above 24 percent.

5/ When the bulk specific gravity (Gsb) of the component aggregates vary by more than 0.2, the blend gradations shall be based on volumetric percentage."

Revise the table in Article 1030.04(b)(1) to read:

"VOLUMETRIC REQUIREMENTS, High ESAL				
Ndesign	Voids in the Mineral Aggregate (VMA), % minimum			Voids Filled with Asphalt Binder (VFA),%
	IL-19.0	IL-9.5 IL-9.5FG	IL-4.75 1/	
50	13.5	15.0	18.5	65 - 78 2/
70				65 – 75 3/
90				

1/ Maximum draindown for IL-4.75 shall be 0.3 percent.

2/ VFA for IL-4.75 shall be 76-83 percent.

3/ VFA for IL-9.5FG shall be 65-78 percent."

Revise the table in Article 1030.04(b)(3) to read:

"VOLUMETRIC REQUIREMENTS, SMA 12.5 1/ and SMA 9.5 1/				
ESALs (million)	Ndesign	Design Air Voids Target, %	Voids in the Mineral Aggregate (VMA), % min.	Voids Filled with Asphalt (VFA), %
≤ 10	50	4.0	16.0	75 – 80
> 10	80	4.0	17.0	75 – 80

1/ Maximum draindown shall be 0.3 percent."

Quality Control/Quality Assurance (QC/QA). Revise the third paragraph of Article 1030.05(d)(3) to read:

"If the Contractor and Engineer agree the nuclear density test method is not appropriate for the mixture, cores shall be taken at random locations determined according to the

QC/QA document "Determination of Random Density Test Site Locations". Core densities shall be determined using the Illinois Modified AASHTO T 166 or T 275 procedure."

Add the following paragraphs to the end of Article 1030.05(d)(3):

"Longitudinal joint density testing shall be performed at each random density test location. Longitudinal joint testing shall be located at a distance equal to the lift thickness or a minimum of 4 in. (100 mm), from each pavement edge (i.e. for a 5 in. (125 mm) lift the near edge of the density gauge or core barrel shall be within 5 in. (125 mm) from the edge of pavement). Longitudinal joint density testing shall be performed using either a correlated nuclear gauge or cores.

a. Confined Edge. Each confined edge density shall be represented by a one-minute nuclear density reading or a core density and shall be included in the average of density readings or core densities taken across the mat which represents the Individual Test.

b. Unconfined Edge. Each unconfined edge joint density shall be represented by an average of three one-minute density readings or a single core density at the given density test location and shall meet the density requirements specified herein. The three one-minute readings shall be spaced 10 ft (3 m) apart longitudinally along the unconfined pavement edge and centered at the random density test location.

When a longitudinal joint sealant (LJS) is applied, longitudinal joint density testing will not be required on the joint(s) sealed."

Revise the second table in Article 1030.05(d)(4) and its notes to read:

"DENSITY CONTROL LIMITS			
Mixture Composition	Parameter	Individual Test (includes confined edges)	Unconfined Edge Joint Density, minimum
IL-4.75	Ndesign = 50	93.0 – 97.4 % 1/	91.0%
IL-9.5FG	Ndesign = 50 - 90	93.0 – 97.4 %	91.0%
IL-9.5	Ndesign = 90	92.0 – 96.0 %	90.0%
IL-9.5, IL-9.5L,	Ndesign < 90	92.5 – 97.4 %	90.0%
IL-19.0	Ndesign = 90	93.0 – 96.0 %	90.0%
IL-19.0, IL-19.0L	Ndesign < 90	93.0 2/ – 97.4 %	90.0%
SMA	Ndesign = 50 or 80	93.5 – 97.4 %	91.0%

1/ Density shall be determined by cores or by correlated, approved thin lift nuclear gauge.

2/ 92.0 % when placed as first lift on an unimproved subgrade."

Equipment. Add the following to Article 1101.01 of the Standard Specifications:

"(h) Oscillatory Roller. The oscillatory roller shall be self-propelled and provide a smooth operation when starting, stopping, or reversing directions. The oscillatory roller shall be able to operate in a mode that will provide tangential impact force with or without vertical impact force by using at least one drum. The oscillatory roller shall be equipped with water tanks and sprinkling devices, or other approved methods, which shall be used to wet the drums to prevent material pickup. The drum(s) amplitude and frequency of the tangential and vertical impact force shall be approximately the same in each direction and meet the following requirements:

(1) The minimum diameter of the drum(s) shall be 42 in. (1070 mm);

(2) The minimum length of the drum(s) shall be 57 in. (1480 mm);

(3) The minimum unit static force on the drum(s) shall be 125 lb/in. (22 N/m); and

(4) The minimum force on the oscillatory drum shall be 18,000 lb (80 kN)."

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Add the following to Article 406.03 of the Standard Specifications:

"(j) Oscillatory Roller .....1101.01"

Revise the third paragraph of Article 406.05(a) to read:

"All depressions of 1 in. (25 mm) or more in the surface of the existing pavement shall be filled with binder. At locations where heavy disintegration and deep spalling exists, the area shall be cleaned of all loose and unsound material, tacked, and filled with binder (hand method)."

Revise Article 406.05(c) to read.

"(c) Binder (Hand Method). Binder placed other than with a finishing machine will be designated as binder (hand method) and shall be compacted with a roller to the satisfaction of the Engineer. Hand tamping will be permitted when approved by the Engineer."

Revise the special conditions for mixture IL-4.75 in Article 406.06(b)(2)e. to read:

"e. The mixture shall be overlaid within 5 days of being placed."

Revise Article 406.06(d) to read:

"(d) Lift Thickness. The minimum compacted lift thickness for HMA binder and surface courses shall be as follows.

MINIMUM COMPACTED LIFT THICKNESS	
Mixture Composition	Thickness, in. (mm)
IL-4.75	3/4 (19) - over HMA surfaces 1/ 1 (25) - over PCC surfaces 1/
IL-9.5FG	1 1/4 (32)
IL-9.5, IL-9.5L	1 1/2 (38)
SMA 9.5	1 1/2 (38)
SMA 12.5	2 (51)
IL-19.0, IL-19.0L	2 1/4 (57)

1/ The maximum compacted lift thickness for mixture IL-4.75 shall be 1 1/4 in. (32 mm)."

Revise Table 1 and Note 3/ of Table 1 in Article 406.07(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"TABLE 1 - MINIMUM ROLLER REQUIREMENTS FOR HMA				
	Breakdown Roller (one of the following)	Intermediate Roller	Final Roller (one or more of the following)	Density Requirement
Binder and Surface 1/	V_D, P 3/, T_B, 3W, O_T, O_B	P 3/, O_T, O_B	V_S, T_B, T_F, O_T	As specified in Articles: 1030.05(d)(3), (d)(4), and (d)(7).
IL-4.75 and SMA 4/ 5/	T_B, 3W, O_T	- -	T_F, 3W, O_T	
Bridge Decks 2/	T_B	- -	T_F	As specified in Articles 582.05 and 582.06.

3/ A vibratory roller (V_D) or oscillatory roller (O_T or O_B) may be used in lieu of the pneumatic-tired roller on mixtures containing polymer modified asphalt binder."

Add the following to EQUIPMENT DEFINITION in Article 406.07(a) contained in the Errata of the Supplemental Specifications:

"O_T - Oscillatory roller, tangential impact mode. Maximum speed is 3.0 mph (4.8 km/h) or 264 ft/min (80 m/min).

O_B - Oscillatory roller, tangential and vertical impact mode, operated at a speed to produce not less than 10 vertical impacts/ft (30 impacts/m)."

Basis of Payment. Replace the second through the fifth paragraphs of Article 406.14 with the following:

"HMA binder and surface courses will be paid for at the contract unit price per ton (metric ton) for MIXTURE FOR CRACKS, JOINTS, AND FLANGEWAYS; HOT-MIX ASPHALT BINDER COURSE (HAND METHOD), of the Ndesign specified; HOT-MIX ASPHALT BINDER COURSE, of the mixture composition and Ndesign specified; HOT-MIX ASPHALT SURFACE COURSE, of the mixture composition, friction aggregate, and Ndesign specified; POLYMERIZED HOT-MIX ASPHALT BINDER COURSE (HAND METHOD), of the Ndesign specified; POLYMERIZED HOT-MIX ASPHALT BINDER COURSE, of the mixture composition and Ndesign specified; POLYMERIZED HOT-MIX ASPHALT SURFACE COURSE, of the mixture composition, friction aggregate, and Ndesign specified; POLYMERIZED HOT-MIX ASPHALT BINDER COURSE, STONE MATRIX ASPHALT, of the mixture composition and Ndesign specified; POLYMERIZED HOT-MIX ASPHALT SURFACE COURSE, STONE MATRIX ASPHALT, of the mixture composition, friction aggregate, and Ndesign specified."

80416

HOT-MIX ASPHALT – LONGITUDINAL JOINT SEALANT (BDE)

Effective: August 1, 2018
Revised: November 1, 2019

Add the following to Article 406.02 of the Standard Specifications.

"(d) Longitudinal Joint Sealant (LJS) ..... 1032"

Add the following to Article 406.03 of the Standard Specifications.

"(k) Longitudinal Joint Sealant (LJS) Pressure Distributor (Note 2)
(l) Longitudinal Joint Sealant (LJS) Melter Kettle (Note 3)

Note 2. When a pressure distributor is used to apply the LJS, the distributor shall be equipped with a heating and recirculating system along with a functioning auger agitating system or vertical shaft mixer in the hauling tank to prevent localized overheating. The distributor shall be equipped with a guide or laser system to aid in proper placement of the LJS application.

Note 3. When a melter kettle is used to transport and apply the LJS, the melter kettle shall be an oil jacketed double-boiler with agitating and recirculating systems. Material from the kettle may be dispensed through a pressure feed wand with an applicator shoe or through a pressure feed wand into a hand-operated thermal push cart."

Revise Article 406.06(g)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(2) Longitudinal Joints. Unless prohibited by stage construction, any HMA lift shall be complete before construction of the subsequent lift. The longitudinal joint in all lifts shall be at the centerline of the pavement if the roadway comprises two lanes in width, or at lane width if the roadway is more than two lanes in width.

When stage construction prohibits the total completion of a particular lift, the longitudinal joint in one lift shall be offset from the longitudinal joint in the preceding lift by not less than 3 in. (75 mm). The longitudinal joint in the surface course shall be at the centerline of the pavement if the roadway comprises two lanes in width, or at lane width if the roadway is more than two lanes in width.

A notched wedge longitudinal joint shall be used between successive passes of HMA binder course that has a difference in elevation of greater than 2 in. (50 mm) between lanes on pavement that is open to traffic.

The notched wedge longitudinal joint shall consist of a 1 to 1 1/2 in. (25 to 38 mm) vertical notch at the lane line, a 9 to 12 in. (230 to 300 mm) wide uniform taper sloped toward and extending into the open lane, and a second 1 to 1 1/2 in. (25 to 38 mm) vertical notch at the outside edge.

The notched wedge longitudinal joint shall be formed by the strike off device on the paver. The wedge shall then be compacted by the joint roller.

Tack coat shall be applied to the entire surface of the notched wedge joint immediately prior to placing the adjacent lift of binder. The material shall be uniformly applied at a rate of 0.05 to 0.1 gal/sq yd (0.2 to 0.5 L/sq m).

When the use of longitudinal joint sealant (LJS) is specified, the surface to which the LJS is applied shall be thoroughly cleaned and dry. The LJS may be placed before or after the tack coat. When placed after the tack coat, the tack shall be fully cured prior to placement of the LJS.

The LJS shall be applied in a single pass with a pressure distributor, melter kettle, or hand applied from a roll. At the time of installation, the pavement surface temperature and the ambient temperature shall be a minimum of 40 °F (4 °C) and rising.

The LJS shall be applied at a width of 18 in. (450 mm) ± 1 1/2 in. (38 mm) and centered ± 2 in. (± 50 mm) under the joint of the next HMA lift to be constructed. If the LJS flows more than 2 in. (50 mm) from the initial placement width, LJS placement shall stop and remedial action shall be taken.

When starting another run of LJS placement, suitable release paper shall be placed over the previous application of LJS to prevent doubling up of thickness of LJS.

The application rate of LJS shall be according to the following.

LJS Application Table			
Overlay Thickness in. (mm)	Coarse Graded Application Rate 1/ (IL-19.0, IL-19.0L, IL-9.5, IL-9.5L, IL-4.75) lb/ft (kg/m)	Fine Graded Application Rate 1/ lb/ft (kg/m)	SMA Mixtures 1/ 2/
3/4 (19)	0.88 (1.31)		
1 (25)	1.15 (1.71)		
1 1/4 (32)	1.31 (1.95)	0.88 (1.31)	
1 1/2 (38)	1.47 (2.19)	0.95 (1.42)	1.26 (1.88)
1 3/4 (44)	1.63 (2.43)	1.03 (1.54)	1.38 (2.06)
2 (50)	1.80 (2.68)	1.11 (1.65)	1.51 (2.25)
≥ 2 1/4 (60)	1.96 (2.92)		

1/ The application rate has a surface demand for liquid included within it. The thickness of the LJS may taper from the center of the application to a lesser thickness on the edge of the application, provided the correct width and application rate are maintained.

2/ If the joint is between SMA and either Coarse Graded or Fine Graded, the SMA rate shall be used.

The Contractor shall furnish to the Engineer a bill of lading for each tanker supplying material to the project. The application rate of LJS shall be verified within the first 1000 ft (300 m) of the day's placement and every 12,000 ft (3600 m) thereafter. A suitable paper or pan shall be placed at a random location in the path of the LJS. After application of the LJS, the paper or pan shall be picked up, weighed, and the application rate calculated. The tolerance between the application rate shown in the LJS Application Table and the calculated rate shall be ± 10 percent. The LJS shall be replaced in the area where the sample was taken.

A 1 qt (1 L) sample shall be taken from the pressure distributor or melting kettle at the jobsite once for each contract and sent to the Central Bureau of Materials.

The LJS shall be suitable for construction traffic to drive on without pickup or tracking of the LJS within 30 minutes of placement. If pickup or tracking occurs, LJS placement shall stop and damaged areas shall be repaired.

Prior to paving, the Contractor shall ensure the paver end plate and grade control device is adequately raised above the finished height of the LJS.

The LJS shall not flush to the final surface of the HMA pavement."

Add the following paragraph after the second paragraph of Article 406.13(b) of the Standard Specifications.

"Application of longitudinal joint sealant (LJS) will be measured for payment in place in feet (meters)."

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of Article 406.14 of the Standard Specifications.

"Longitudinal joint sealant will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot (meter) for LONGITUDINAL JOINT SEALANT."

Add the following to Section 1032 of the Standard Specifications.

"**1032.12 Longitudinal Joint Sealant (LJS).** Longitudinal joint sealant (LJS) will be accepted according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum, "Performance Graded Asphalt Binder Acceptance Procedure" with the following exceptions: Article 3.1.9 and 3.4.1.4 of the policy memorandum will be excluded. The bituminous material used for the LJS shall be according to the following table. Elastomers shall be added to a base asphalt and shall be either a styrene-butadiene diblock or triblock copolymer without oil extension, or a styrene-butadiene rubber. Air blown asphalt, acid modification, or other modifiers will not be allowed. LJS in the form of pre-formed rollout banding may also be used.

Test	Test Requirement	Test Method
Dynamic shear @ 88°C (unaged), G*/sin δ, kPa	1.00 min.	AASHTO T 315
Creep stiffness @ -18°C (unaged), Stiffness (S), MPa m-value	300 max. 0.300 min.	AASHTO T 313
Ash, %	1.0 – 4.0	AASHTO T 111
Elastic Recovery, 100 mm elongation, cut immediately, 25°C, %	70 min.	ASTM D 6084 (Procedure A)
Separation of Polymer, Difference in °C of the softening point (ring and ball)	3 max.	ITP Separation of Polymer from Asphalt Binder"

80398

MECHANICALLY STABILIZED EARTH RETAINING WALLS (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2019
Revised: November 1, 2020

Revise Articles 1003.07(f)(2) and 1004.06(f)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(2) The chlorides shall be a maximum of 100 parts per million according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 291."

Revise Articles 1003.07(f)(3) and 1004.06(f)(3) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(3) The sulfates shall be a maximum of 200 parts per million according to Illinois Modified AASHTO T 290."

Revise Articles 1003.07(g) and 1004.06(g) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(g) Testing Protocol. Prior to the start of and during construction, the internal friction angle and pH shall be determined in order to demonstrate the select fill material meets the specification requirements. Resistivity, chlorides, sulfates, and organic content test results shall also be determined if steel reinforcement is used. Testing shall be according to the current Bureau of Materials Policy Memorandum "Fine and Coarse Aggregates Used as Select Fill in MSE Walls Acceptance Procedures for Approved/Qualified Aggregate Sources"."

80418

MOBILIZATION (BDE)

Effective: April 1, 2020

Replace Articles 671.02(a), (b), and (c) of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"(a) Upon execution of the contract, 90 percent of the pay item will be paid.

(b) When 90 percent of the adjusted contract value is earned, the remaining ten percent of the pay item will be paid along with any amount bid in excess of six percent of the original contract amount."

80428

PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2017

Revise the Air Content % of Class PP Concrete in Table 1 Classes of Concrete and Mix Design Criteria in Article 1020.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"TABLE 1. CLASSES OF CONCRETE AND MIX DESIGN CRITERIA

Class of Conc.	Use	Air Content %
PP	Pavement Patching Bridge Deck Patching (10)	
	PP-1	4.0 - 8.0"
	PP-2	
	PP-3	
	PP-4	
	PP-5	

Revise Note (4) at the end of Table 1 Classes of Concrete and Mix Design Criteria in Article 1020.04 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(4) For all classes of concrete, the maximum slump may be increased to 7 in (175 mm) when a high range water-reducing admixture is used. For Class SC, the maximum slump may be increased to 8 in. (200 mm). For Class PS, the maximum slump may be increased to 8 1/2 in. (215 mm) if the high range water-reducing admixture is the polycarboxylate type."

80389

REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2019
Revised: January 1, 2020

Revise Section 669 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"SECTION 669. REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES

669.01 Description. This work shall consist of the transportation and proper disposal of regulated substances. This work shall also consist of the removal, transportation, and proper disposal of underground storage tanks (UST), their contents and associated underground piping to the point where the piping is above the ground, including determining the content types and estimated quantities.

669.02 Equipment. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer of the delivery of all excavation, storage, and transportation equipment to a work area location. The equipment shall comply with OSHA and American Petroleum Institute (API) guidelines and shall be furnished in a clean condition. Clean condition means the equipment does not contain any residual material classified as a non-special waste, non-hazardous special waste, or hazardous waste. Residual materials include, but are not limited to, petroleum products, chemical products, sludges, or any other material present in or on equipment.

Before beginning any associated soil or groundwater management activity, the Contractor shall provide the Engineer with the opportunity to visually inspect and approve the equipment. If the equipment contains any contaminated residual material, decontamination shall be performed on the equipment as appropriate to the regulated substance and degree of contamination present according to OSHA and API guidelines. All cleaning fluids used shall be treated as the contaminant unless laboratory testing proves otherwise.

669.03 Pre-Construction Submittals and Qualifications. Prior to beginning this work, or working in areas with regulated substances, the Contractor shall submit a "Regulated Substances Pre-Construction Plan (RSPCP)" to the Engineer for review and approval using form BDE 2730. The form shall be signed by an Illinois licensed Professional Engineer or Professional Geologist.

As part of the RSPCP, the Contractor(s) or firm(s) performing the work shall meet the following qualifications.

(a) Regulated Substances Monitoring. Qualification for environmental observation and field screening of regulated substances work and environmental observation of UST removal shall require either pre-qualification in Hazardous Waste by the Department or demonstration of acceptable project experience in remediation and operations for contaminated sites in accordance with applicable Federal, State, or local regulatory requirements using BDE 2730.

Qualification for each individual performing regulated substances monitoring shall require a minimum of one-year of experience in similar activities as those required for the project.

(b) Underground Storage Tank Removal. Qualification for underground storage tank (UST) removal work shall require licensing and certification with the Office of the State Fire Marshall (OSFM) and possession of all permits required to perform the work. A copy of the permit shall be provided to the Engineer prior to tank removal.

The qualified Contractor(s) or firm(s) shall also document it does not have any current or former ties with any of the properties contained within, adjoining, or potentially affecting the work.

The Engineer will require up to 21 calendar days for review of the RSPCP. The review may involve rejection or revision and resubmittal; in which case, an additional 21 days will be required for each subsequent review. Work shall not commence until the RSPCP has been approved by the Engineer. After approval, the RSPCP shall be revised as necessary to reflect changed conditions in the field and documented using BDE 2730A "Regulated Substances Pre-Construction Plan (RSPCP) Addendum" and submitted to the Engineer for approval.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

669.04 Regulated Substances Monitoring. Regulated substances monitoring includes environmental observation and field screening during regulated substances management activities at the contract specific work areas. As part of the regulated substances monitoring, the monitoring personnel shall perform and document the applicable duties listed on form BDE 2732 "Regulated Substances Monitoring Daily Record (RSMDR)".

(a) Environmental Observation. Prior to beginning excavation, the Contractor shall mark the limits of the contract specific work areas. Once work begins, the monitoring personnel shall be present on-site continuously during the excavation and loading of material.

(b) Field Screening. Field screening shall be performed during the excavation and loading of material from the contract specific work areas, except for material classified according to Article 669.05(b)(1) or 669.05(c) where field screening is not required.

Field screening shall be performed with either a photoionization detector (PID) (minimum 10.6eV lamp) or a flame ionization detector (FID), and other equipment as appropriate, to monitor for potential contaminants associated with regulated substances. The PID or FID shall be calibrated on-site, and background level readings taken and recorded daily, and as field and weather conditions change. Field screen readings on the PID or FID in excess of background levels indicates the potential presence of regulated substances requiring handling as a non-special waste, special waste, or hazardous waste. PID or FID readings may be used as the basis of increasing the limits of removal with the approval of the Engineer but shall in no case be used to decrease the limits.

669.05 Regulated Substances Management and Disposal. The management and disposal of soil and/or groundwater containing regulated substances shall be according to the following:

(a) Soil Analytical Results Exceed Most Stringent MAC. When the soil analytical results indicate detected levels exceed the most stringent maximum allowable concentration (MAC) for chemical constituents in soil established pursuant to Subpart F of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 1100.605, the soil shall be managed as follows:

(1) When analytical results indicate inorganic chemical constituents exceed the most stringent MAC, but still considered within area background levels by the Engineer, the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable. If the soils cannot be utilized within the right-of-way, they shall be managed and disposed of at a landfill as a non-special waste.

(2) When analytical results indicate inorganic chemical constituents exceed the most stringent MAC but do not exceed the MAC for a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) County identified in 35 Ill. Admin. Code 742 Appendix A. Table G, the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable, or managed and disposed of at a clean construction and demolition debris (CCDD) facility or an uncontaminated soil fill operation (USFO) within an MSA County provided the pH of the soil is within the range of 6.25 - 9.0, inclusive.

(3) When analytical results indicate chemical constituents exceed the most stringent MAC but do not exceed the MAC for an MSA County excluding Chicago, or the MAC within the Chicago corporate limits, the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable, or managed and disposed of off-site at a CCDD facility or an USFO within an MSA County excluding Chicago or within the Chicago corporate limits provided the pH of the soil is within the range of 6.25 - 9.0, inclusive.

(4) When analytical results indicate chemical constituents exceed the most stringent MAC but do not exceed the MAC for an MSA County excluding Chicago, the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable, or managed and disposed of off-site at a CCDD facility or an USFO within an MSA County excluding Chicago provided the pH of the soil is within the range of 6.25 - 9.0, inclusive.

(5) When the Engineer determines soil cannot be managed according to Articles 669.05(a)(1) through (a)(4) above and the materials do not contain special waste or hazardous waste, as determined by the Engineer, the soil shall be managed and disposed of at a landfill as a non-special waste.

(6) When analytical results indicate soil is hazardous by characteristic or listing pursuant to 35 Ill. Admin. Code 721, contains radiological constituents, or the Engineer otherwise determines the soil cannot be managed according to Articles 669.05(a)(1)

through (a)(5) above, the soil shall be managed and disposed of off-site as a special waste or hazardous waste as applicable.

(b) Soil Analytical Results Do Not Exceed Most Stringent MAC. When the soil analytical results indicate that detected levels do not exceed the most stringent MAC, the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable, or managed and disposed of off-site according to Article 202.03. However, the excavated soil cannot be taken to a CCDD facility or an USFO for any of the following reasons.

(1) The pH of the soil is less than 6.25 or greater than 9.0.

(2) The soil exhibited PID or FID readings in excess of background levels.

(c) Soil Analytical Results Exceed Most Stringent MAC but Do Not Exceed Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives (TACO) Residential. When the soil analytical results indicate that detected levels exceed the most stringent MAC but do not exceed TACO Tier 1 Soil Remediation Objectives for Residential Properties pursuant to 35 Ill. Admin. Code 742 Appendix B Table A, the excavated soil can be utilized within the right-of-way as embankment or fill, when suitable, or managed and disposed of off-site according to Article 202.03. However, the excavated soil cannot be taken to a CCDD facility or an USFO.

(d) Groundwater. When groundwater analytical results indicate the detected levels are above Appendix B, Table E of 35 Ill. Admin. Code 742, the most stringent Tier 1 Groundwater Remediation Objectives for Groundwater Component of the Groundwater Ingestion Route for Class 1 groundwater, the groundwater shall be managed off-site as a special waste or hazardous waste as applicable. Special waste groundwater shall be containerized and trucked to an off-site treatment facility, or may be discharged to a sanitary sewer or combined sewer when permitted by the local sewer authority. Groundwater discharged to a sanitary sewer or combined sewer shall be pre-treated to remove particulates and measured with a calibrated flow meter to comply with applicable discharge limits. A copy of the permit shall be provided to the Engineer prior to discharging groundwater to the sanitary sewer or combined sewer.

Groundwater encountered within trenches may be managed within the trench and allowed to infiltrate back into the ground. If the groundwater cannot be managed within the trench, it may be discharged to a sanitary sewer or combined sewer when permitted by the local sewer authority, or it shall be containerized and trucked to an off-site treatment facility as a special waste or hazardous waste. The Contractor is prohibited from discharging groundwater within the trench through a storm sewer. The Contractor shall install backfill plugs within the area of groundwater contamination.

One backfill plug shall be placed down gradient to the area of groundwater contamination. Backfill plugs shall be installed at intervals not to exceed 50 ft (15 m). Backfill plugs are to be 4 ft (1.2 m) long, measured parallel to the trench, full trench width and depth. Backfill plugs shall not have any fine aggregate bedding or backfill, but shall be entirely cohesive

soil or any class of concrete. The Contractor shall provide test data that the material has a permeability of less than 10^{-7} cm/sec according to ASTM D 5084, Method A or per another test method approved by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall use due care when transferring contaminated material from the area of origin to the transporter. Should releases of contaminated material to the environment occur (i.e., spillage onto the ground, etc.), the Contractor shall clean-up spilled material and place in the appropriate storage containers as previously specified. Clean-up shall include, but not be limited to, sampling beneath the material staging area to determine complete removal of the spilled material.

The Contractor shall provide engineered barriers, when required, and shall include materials sufficient to completely line excavation surfaces, including sloped surfaces, bottoms, and sidewall faces, within the areas designated for protection.

The Contractor shall obtain all documentation including any permits and/or licenses required to transport the material containing regulated substances to the disposal facility. The Contractor shall coordinate with the Engineer on the completion of all documentation. The Contractor shall make all arrangements for collection and analysis of landfill acceptance testing. The Contractor shall coordinate waste disposal approvals with the disposal facility.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with all transport-related documentation within two days of transport or receipt of said document(s). For management of special or hazardous waste, the Contractor shall provide the Engineer with documentation that the Contractor is operating with a valid Illinois special waste transporter permit at least two weeks before transporting the first load of contaminated material.

Transportation and disposal of material classified according to Article 669.05(a)(5) or 669.05(a)(6) shall be completed each day so that none of the material remains on-site by the close of business, except when temporary staging has been approved.

Any waste generated as a special or hazardous waste from a non-fixed facility shall be manifested off-site using the Department's county generator number provided by the Bureau of Design and Environment. An authorized representative of the Department shall sign all manifests for the disposal of the contaminated material and confirm the Contractor's transported volume. Any waste generated as a non-special waste may be managed off-site without a manifest, a special waste transporter, or a generator number.

The Contractor shall select a landfill permitted for disposal of the contaminant within the State of Illinois. The Department will review and approve or reject the facility proposed by the Contractor to use as a landfill. The Contractor shall verify whether the selected disposal facility is compliant with those applicable standards as mandated by their permit and whether the disposal facility is presently, has previously been, or has never been, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) National Priorities List or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) List of Violating Facilities. The use of a Contractor selected landfill shall in no manner delay the construction schedule or alter the Contractor's responsibilities as set forth.

669.06 Non-Special Waste Certification. An authorized representative of the Department shall sign and date all non-special waste certifications. The Contractor shall be responsible for providing the Engineer with the required information that will allow the Engineer to certify the waste is not a special waste.

(a) Definition. A waste is considered a non-special waste as long as it is not:

(1) a potentially infectious medical waste;

(2) a hazardous waste as defined in 35 Ill. Admin. Code 721;

(3) an industrial process waste or pollution control waste that contains liquids, as determined using the paint filter test set forth in subdivision (3)(A) of subsection (m) of 35 Ill. Admin. Code 811.107;

(4) a regulated asbestos-containing waste material, as defined under the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants in 40 CFR Part 61.141;

(5) a material containing polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's) regulated pursuant to 40 CFR Part 761;

(6) a material subject to the waste analysis and recordkeeping requirements of 35 Ill. Admin. Code 728.107 under land disposal restrictions of 35 Ill. Admin. Code 728;

(7) a waste material generated by processing recyclable metals by shredding and required to be managed as a special waste under Section 22.29 of the Environmental Protection Act; or

(8) an empty portable device or container in which a special or hazardous waste has been stored, transported, treated, disposed of, or otherwise handled.

(b) Certification Information. All information used to determine the waste is not a special waste shall be attached to the certification. The information shall include but not be limited to:

(1) the means by which the generator has determined the waste is not a hazardous waste;

(2) the means by which the generator has determined the waste is not a liquid;

(3) if the waste undergoes testing, the analytic results obtained from testing, signed and dated by the person responsible for completing the analysis;

(4) if the waste does not undergo testing, an explanation as to why no testing is needed;

(5) a description of the process generating the waste; and

(6) relevant material safety data sheets.

669.07 Temporary Staging. Soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(2), (b)(1), or (c) may be temporarily staged at the Contractor's option. Soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) shall be managed and disposed of without temporary staging to the greatest extent practicable. If circumstances beyond the Contractor's control require temporary staging of these latter materials, the Contractor shall request approval from the Engineer in writing.

Temporary staging shall be accomplished within the right-of-way and the Contractor's means and methods shall be described in the approved or amended RSPCP. Staging areas shall not be located within 200 feet (61 m) of a public or private water supply well; nor within 100 feet (30 m) of sensitive environmental receptor areas, including wetlands, rivers, streams, lakes, or designated habitat zones.

The method of staging shall consist of containerization or stockpiling as applicable for the type, classification, and physical state (i.e., liquid, solid, semisolid) of the material. Materials of different classifications shall be staged separately with no mixing or co-mingling.

When containers are used, the containers and their contents shall remain intact and inaccessible to unauthorized persons until the manner of disposal is determined. The Contractor shall be responsible for all activities associated with the storage containers including, but not limited to, the procurement, transport, and labeling of the containers. The Contractor shall not use a storage container if visual inspection of the container reveals the presence of free liquids or other substances that could cause the waste to be reclassified as a hazardous or special waste.

When stockpiles are used, they shall be covered with a minimum 20-mil plastic sheeting or tarps secured using weights or tie-downs. Perimeter berms or diversionary trenches shall be provided to contain and collect for disposal any water that drains from the soil. Stockpiles shall be managed to prevent or reduce potential dust generation.

When staging non-special waste, special waste, or hazardous waste, the following additional requirements shall apply:

(a) Non-Special Waste. When stockpiling soil classified according to Article 669.05(a)(1) or 669.05(a)(5), an impermeable surface barrier between the materials and the ground surface shall be installed. The impermeable barrier shall consist of a minimum 20-mil plastic liner material and the surface of the stockpile area shall be clean and free of debris prior to placement of the liner. Measures shall also be taken to limit or discourage access to the staging area.

(b) Special Waste and Hazardous Waste. Soil classified according to Article 669.05(a)(6) shall not be stockpiled but shall be containerized immediately upon generation in containers, tanks or containment buildings as defined by RCRA, Toxic Substances Control

Act (TSCA), and other applicable State or local regulations and requirements, including 35 Ill. Admin. Code Part 722, Standards Applicable to Generators of Hazardous Waste.

The staging area(s) shall be enclosed (by a fence or other structure) to restrict direct access to the area, and all required regulatory identification signs applicable to a staging area containing special waste or hazardous waste shall be deployed.

Storage containers shall be placed on an all-weather gravel-packed, asphalt, or concrete surface. Containers shall be in good condition and free of leaks, large dents, or severe rusting, which may compromise containment integrity. Containers must be constructed of, or lined with, materials that will not react or be otherwise incompatible with the hazardous or special waste contents. Containers used to store liquids shall not be filled more than 80 percent of the rated capacity. Incompatible wastes shall not be placed in the same container or comingled.

All containers shall be legibly labeled and marked using pre-printed labels and permanent marker in accordance with applicable regulations, clearly showing the date of waste generation, location and/or area of waste generation, and type of waste. The Contractor shall place these identifying markings on an exterior side surface of the container.

Storage containers shall be kept closed, and storage pads covered, except when access is needed by authorized personnel.

Special waste and hazardous waste shall be transported and disposed within 90 days from the date of generation.

669.08 Underground Storage Tank Removal. For the purposes of this section, an underground storage tank (UST) includes the underground storage tank, piping, electrical controls, pump island, vent pipes and appurtenances.

Prior to removing an UST, the Engineer shall determine whether the Department is considered an "owner" or "operator" of the UST as defined by the UST regulations (41 Ill. Adm. Code Part 176). Ownership of the UST refers to the Department's owning title to the UST during storage, use or dispensing of regulated substances. The Department may be considered an "operator" of the UST if it has control of, or has responsibility for, the daily operation of the UST. The Department may however voluntarily undertake actions to remove an UST from the ground without being deemed an "operator" of the UST.

In the event the Department is deemed not to be the "owner" or "operator" of the UST, the OSFM removal permit shall reflect who was the past "owner" or "operator" of the UST. If the "owner" or "operator" cannot be determined from past UST registration documents from OSFM, then the OSFM removal permit will state the "owner" or "operator" of the UST is the Department. The Department's Office of Chief Counsel (OCC) will review all UST removal permits prior to submitting any removal permit to the OSFM. If the Department is not the "owner" or "operator" of the UST then it will not register the UST or pay any registration fee.

The Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining permits required for removing the UST, notification to the OSFM, using an OSFM certified tank contractor, removal and disposal of the UST and its contents, and preparation and submittal of the OSFM Site Assessment Report in accordance with 41 Ill. Admin. Code Part 176.330.

The Contractor shall contact the Engineer and the OSFM's office at least 72 hours prior to removal to confirm the OSFM inspector's presence during the UST removal. Removal, transport, and disposal of the UST shall be according to the applicable portions of the latest revision of the "American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 1604".

The Contractor shall collect and analyze tank content (sludge) for disposal purposes. The Contractor shall remove as much of the regulated substance from the UST system as necessary to prevent further release into the environment. All contents within the tank shall be removed, transported and disposed of, or recycled. The tank shall be removed and rendered empty according to IEPA definition.

The Contractor shall collect soil samples from the bottom and sidewalls of the excavated area in accordance with 35 Ill. Admin. Code Part 734.210(h) after the required backfill has been removed during the initial response action, to determine the level of contamination remaining in the ground, regardless if a release is confirmed or not by the OSFM on-site inspector.

In the event the UST is designated a leaking underground storage tank (LUST) by the OSFM's inspector, or confirmation by analytical results, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer and the District Environmental Studies Unit (DESU). Upon confirmation of a release of contaminants and notifications to the Engineer and DESU, the Contractor shall report the release to the Illinois Emergency Management Agency (IEMA) (e.g., by telephone or electronic mail) and provide them with whatever information is available ("owner" or "operator" shall be stated as the past registered "owner" or "operator", or the IDOT District in which the tank is located and the DESU Manager).

The Contractor shall perform the following initial response actions if a release is indicated by the OSFM inspector:

(a) Take immediate action to prevent any further release of the regulated substance to the environment, which may include removing, at the Engineer's discretion, and disposing of up to 4 ft (1.2 m) of the contaminated material, as measured from the outside dimension of the tank;

(b) Identify and mitigate fire, explosion and vapor hazards;

(c) Visually inspect any above ground releases or exposed below ground releases and prevent further migration of the released substance into surrounding soils and groundwater; and

(d) Continue to monitor and mitigate any additional fire and safety hazards posed by vapors and free product that have migrated from the tank excavation zone and entered into subsurface structures (such as sewers or basements).

The tank excavation shall be backfilled according to applicable portions of Sections 205, 208, and 550 with a material that will compact and develop stability. All uncontaminated concrete and soil removed during tank extraction may be used to backfill the excavation, at the discretion of the Engineer.

After backfilling the excavation, the site shall be graded and cleaned.

669.09 Regulated Substances Final Construction Report. Not later than 90 days after completing this work, the Contractor shall submit a "Regulated Substances Final Construction Report (RSFCR)" to the Engineer using form BDE 2733 and required attachments. The form shall be signed by an Illinois licensed Professional Engineer or Professional Geologist.

669.10 Method of Measurement. Non-special waste, special waste, and hazardous waste soil will be measured for payment according to Article 202.07(b) when performing earth excavation, Article 502.12(b) when excavating for structures, or by computing the volume of the trench using the maximum trench width permitted and the actual depth of the trench.

Groundwater containerized and transported off-site for management, storage, and disposal will be measured for payment in gallons (liters).

Backfill plugs will be measured in cubic yards (cubic meters) in place, except the quantity for which payment will be made shall not exceed the volume of the trench, as computed by using the maximum width of trench permitted by the Specifications and the actual depth of the trench, with a deduction for the volume of the pipe.

Engineered Barriers will be measured for payment in square yards (square meters).

669.11 Basis of Payment. The work of preparing, submitting and administering a Regulated Substances Pre-Construction Plan will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for REGULATED SUBSTANCES PRE-CONSTRUCTION PLAN.

Regulated substances monitoring, including completion of form BDE 2732 for each day of work, will be paid for at the contract unit price per calendar day, or fraction thereof to the nearest 0.5 calendar day, for REGULATED SUBSTANCES MONITORING.

The installation of engineered barriers will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard (square meter) for ENGINEERED BARRIER.

The work of UST removal, soil excavation, soil and content sampling, the management of excavated soil and UST content, and UST disposal, will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK REMOVAL.

The transportation and disposal of soil and other materials from an excavation determined to be contaminated will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard (cubic meter) for

NON-SPECIAL WASTE DISPOSAL, SPECIAL WASTE DISPOSAL, or HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL.

The transportation and disposal of groundwater from an excavation determined to be contaminated will be paid for at the contract unit price per gallon (liter) for SPECIAL WASTE GROUNDWATER DISPOSAL or HAZARDOUS WASTE GROUNDWATER DISPOSAL. When groundwater is discharged to a sanitary or combined sewer by permit, the cost will be paid for according to Article 109.05.

Backfill plugs will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic yard (cubic meter) for BACKFILL PLUGS.

Payment for temporary staging of soil classified according to Articles 669.05(a)(1), (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), or (b)(2) will be paid for according to Article 109.04. The Department will not be responsible for any additional costs incurred, if mismanagement of the staging area, storage containers, or their contents by the Contractor results in excess cost expenditure for disposal or other material management requirements.

Payment for accumulated stormwater removal and disposal will be according to Article 109.04. Payment will only be allowed if appropriate stormwater and erosion control methods were used.

Payment for decontamination, labor, material, and equipment for monitoring areas beyond the specified areas, with the Engineer's prior written approval, will be according to Article 109.04.

When the waste material for disposal requires sampling for landfill disposal acceptance, the samples shall be analyzed for TCLP VOCs, SVOCs, RCRA metals, pH, ignitability, and paint filter test. The analysis will be paid for at the contract unit price per each for SOIL DISPOSAL ANALYSIS using EPA Methods 1311 (extraction), 8260B for VOCs, 8270C for SVOCs, 6010B and 7470A for RCRA metals, 9045C for pH, 1030 for ignitability, and 9095A for paint filter.

The work of preparing, submitting and administering a Regulated Substances Final Construction Report will be paid for at the contract lump sum price REGULATED SUBSTANCES FINAL CONSTRUCTION REPORT."

80407

SILT FENCE, INLET FILTERS, GROUND STABILIZATION AND RIPRAP FILTER FABRIC (BDE)

Effective: November 1, 2019
Revised: April 1, 2020

Revise Article 280.02(m) and add Article 280.02(n) so the Standard Specifications read:

"(m) Above Grade Inlet Filter (Fitted)..... 1081.15(j)
(n) Above Grade Inlet Filter (Non-Fitted).....1081.15(k)"

Revise the last sentence of the first paragraph in Article 280.04(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The protection shall be constructed with hay or straw bales, silt filter fence, above grade inlet filters (fitted and non-fitted), or inlet filters.

Revise the first sentence of the second paragraph in Article 280.04(c) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"When above grade inlet filters (fitted and non-fitted) are specified, they shall be of sufficient size to completely span and enclose the inlet structure."

Revise Article 1080.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**1080.02 Geotextile Fabric.** The fabric for silt filter fence shall consist of woven fabric meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 288 for unsupported silt fence.

The fabric for ground stabilization shall consist of woven yarns or nonwoven filaments of polyolefins or polyesters. Woven fabrics shall be Class 2 and nonwoven fabrics shall be Class 1 according to AASHTO M 288.

The physical properties for silt fence and ground stabilization fabrics shall be according to the following.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES			
	Silt Fence Woven [1/]	Ground Stabilization Woven [2/]	Ground Stabilization Nonwoven [2/]
Grab Strength, lb (N) [3/] ASTM D 4632	123 (550) MD 101 (450) XD	247 (1100) min. [4/]	202 (900) min. [4/]
Elongation/Grab Strain, % ASTM D 4632 [4/]	49 max.	49 max.	50 min.
Trapezoidal Tear Strength, lb (N) ASTM D 4533 [4/]	--	90 (400) min.	79 (350) min.

Puncture Strength, lb (N) ASTM D 6241 [4/]	--	494 (2200) min.	433 (1925) min.
Apparent Opening Size, Sieve No. (mm) ASTM D 4751 [5/]	30 (0.60) max.	40 (0.43) max.	40 (0.43) max.
Permittivity, sec^{-1} ASTM D 4491	0.05 min.		
Ultraviolet Stability, % retained strength after 500 hours of exposure ASTM D 4355	70 min.	50 min.	50 min.

1/ NTPEP results or manufacturer's certification to meet test requirements.

2/ NTPEP results to meet test requirements. Manufacturer shall have public release status and current reports on laboratory results in Test Data of NTPEP's DataMine.

3/ MD = Machine direction. XD = Cross-machine direction.

4/ Values represent the minimum average roll value (MARV) in the weaker principle direction, MD or XD.

5/ Values represent the maximum average roll value."

Revise Article 1080.03 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**1080.03 Filter Fabric.** The filter fabric shall consist of woven yarns or nonwoven filaments of polyolefins or polyesters. Woven fabrics shall be Class 3 for riprap gradations RR 4 and RR 5, and Class 2 for RR 6 and RR 7 according to AASHTO M 288. Woven slit film geotextiles (i.e. geotextiles made from yarns of a flat, tape-like character) shall not be permitted. Nonwoven fabrics shall be Class 2 for riprap gradations RR 4 and RR 5, and Class 1 for RR 6 and RR 7 according to AASHTO M 288. After forming, the fabric shall be processed so that the yarns or filaments retain their relative positions with respect to each other. The fabric shall be new and undamaged.

The filter fabric shall be manufactured in widths of not less than 6 ft (2 m). Sheets of fabric may be sewn together with thread of a material meeting the chemical requirements given for the yarns or filaments to form fabric widths as required. The sheets of filter fabric shall be sewn together at the point of manufacture or another approved location.

The filter fabric shall be according to the following.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES [1/]				
	Gradation Nos. RR 4 & RR 5		Gradation Nos. RR 6 & RR 7	
	Woven	Nonwoven	Woven	Nonwoven
Grab Strength, lb (N) ASTM D 4632 [2/]	180 (800) min.	157 (700) min.	247 (1100) min.	202 (900) min.
Elongation/Grab Strain, % ASTM D 4632 [2/]	49 max.	50 min.	49 max.	50 min.
Trapezoidal Tear Strength, lb (N) ASTM D 4533 [2/]	67 (300) min.	56 (250) min.	90 (400) min.	79 (350) min.
Puncture Strength, lb (N) ASTM D 6241 [2/]	370 (1650) min.	309 (1375) min.	494 (2200) min.	433 (1925) min.
Ultraviolet Stability, % retained strength after 500 hours of exposure - ASTM D 4355	50 min.			

1/ NTPEP results to meet test requirements. Manufacturer shall have public release status and current reports on laboratory results in Test Data of NTPEP's DataMine.

2/ Values represent the minimum average roll value (MARV) in the weaker principle direction [machine direction (MD) or cross-machine direction (XD)].

As determined by the Engineer, the filter fabric shall meet the requirements noted in the following after an onsite investigation of the soil to be protected.

Soil by Weight (Mass) Passing the No. 200 sieve (75 µm), %	Apparent Opening Size, Sieve No. (mm) - ASTM D 4751 [1/]	Permittivity, sec^{-1} ASTM D 4491
49 max.	60 (0.25) max.	0.2 min.
50 min.	70 (0.22) max.	0.1 min.

1/ Values represent the maximum average roll value."

Revise Article 1081.15(h)(3)a of the Standard Specifications to read:

"a. Inner Filter Fabric Bag. The inner filter fabric bag shall be constructed of woven yarns or nonwoven filaments made of polyolefins or polyesters with a minimum silt and debris capacity of 2.0 cu ft (0.06 cu m). Woven fabric shall be Class 3 and nonwoven fabric shall be Class 2 according to AASHTO M 288. The fabric bag shall be according to the following.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES		
	Woven	Nonwoven
Grab Strength, lb (N) ASTM D 4632 1/	180 (800) min.	157 (700) min.
Elongation/Grab Strain, % ASTM D 4632 1/	49 max.	50 min.
Trapezoidal Tear Strength, lb (N) ASTM D 4533 1/	67 (300) min.	56 (250) min.
Puncture Strength, lb (N) ASTM D 6241 1/	370 (1650) min.	309 (1375) min.
Apparent Opening Size, Sieve No. (mm) ASTM D 4751 2/	60 (0.25) max.	
Permittivity, sec^{-1} ASTM D 4491	2.0 min.	
Ultraviolet Stability, % retained strength after 500 hours of exposure – ASTM D 4355	70 min.	

1/ Values represent the minimum average roll value (MARV) in the weaker principle direction [machine direction (MD) or cross-machine direction (XD)].

2/ Values represent the maximum average roll value."

Revise Article 1081.15(i)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(i) Urethane Foam/Geotextile. Urethane foam/geotextile shall be triangular shaped having a minimum height of 10 in. (250 mm) in the center with equal sides and a minimum 20 in. (500 mm) base. The triangular shaped inner material shall be a low density urethane foam. The outer geotextile fabric cover shall consist of woven yarns or nonwoven filaments made of polyolefins or polyesters placed around the inner material and shall extend beyond both sides of the triangle a minimum of 18 in. (450 mm). Woven filter fabric shall be Class 3 and nonwoven filter fabric shall be Class 2 according to AASHTO M 288.

(1) The geotextile shall meet the following properties.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES		
	Woven	Nonwoven
Grab Strength, lb (N) ASTM D 4632 1/	180 (800) min.	157 (700) min.
Elongation/Grab Strain, % ASTM D 4632 1/	49 max.	50 min.
Trapezoidal Tear Strength, lb (N) ASTM D 4533 1/	67 (300) min.	56 (250) min.
Puncture Strength, lb (N) ASTM D 6241 1/	370 (1650) min.	309 (1375) min.

Apparent Opening Size, Sieve No. (mm) ASTM D 4751 2/	30 (0.60) max.
Permittivity, sec^{-1} ASTM D 4491	2.0 min.
Ultraviolet Stability, % retained strength after 500 hours of exposure – ASTM D 4355	70 min.

1/ Values represent the minimum average roll value (MARV) in the weaker principle direction [machine direction (MD) or cross-machine direction (XD)].

2/ Values represent the maximum average roll value."

Add the following to Article 1081.15(i) of the Standard Specifications.

"(3) Certification. The manufacturer shall furnish a certificate with each shipment of urethane foam/geotextile assemblies stating the amount of product furnished and that the material complies with these requirements."

Revise the title and first sentence of Article 1081.15(j) of the Standards Specifications to read:

"(j) Above Grade Inlet Filters (Fitted). Above grade inlet filters (fitted) shall consist of a rigid polyethylene frame covered with a fitted geotextile filter fabric."

Revise Article 1081.15(j)(2) of the Standard Specifications to read:

(2) Fitted Geotextile Filter Fabric. The fitted geotextile filter fabric shall consist of woven yarns or nonwoven filaments made of polyolefins or polyesters. Woven filter fabric shall be Class 3 and nonwoven filter fabric shall be Class 2 according to AASHTO M 288. The filter shall be fabricated to provide a direct fit to the frame. The top of the filter shall integrate a coarse screen with a minimum apparent opening size of 1/2 in. (13 mm) to allow large volumes of water to pass through in the event of heavy flows. The filter shall have integrated anti-buoyancy pockets capable of holding a minimum of 3.0 cu ft (0.08 cu m) of stabilization material. Each filter shall have a label with the following information sewn to or otherwise permanently adhered to the outside: manufacturer's name, product name, and lot, model, or serial number. The fitted geotextile filter fabric shall be according to the table in Article 1081.15(h)(3)a above."

Add Article 1081.15(k) to the Standard Specifications to read:

"(k) Above Grade Inlet Filters (Non-Fitted). Above grade inlet filters (non-fitted) shall consist of a geotextile fabric surrounding a metal frame. The frame shall consist of either a) a circular cage formed of welded wire mesh, or b) a collapsible aluminum frame, as described below.

(1) Frame Construction.

a) Welded Wire Mesh Frame. The frame shall consist of 6 in. x 6 in. (150 mm x 150 mm) welded wire mesh formed of #10 gauge (3.42 mm) steel conforming to ASTM A 185. The mesh shall be 30 in. (750 mm) tall and formed into a 42 in. (1.05 m) minimum diameter cylinder.

b) Collapsible Aluminum Frame. The collapsible aluminum frame shall consist of grade 6036 aluminum. The frame shall have anchor lugs that attach it to the inlet grate, which shall resist movement from water and debris. The collapsible joints of the frame shall have a locking device to secure the vertical members in place, which shall prevent the frame from collapsing while under load from water and debris.

(2) Geotextile Fabric. The geotextile fabric shall consist of woven yarns or nonwoven filaments made of polyolefins or polyesters. The woven filter fabric shall be a Class 3 and the nonwoven filter fabric shall be a Class 2 according to AASHTO M 288. The geotextile fabric shall be according to the table in Article 1081.15(h)(3)a above.

(3) Geotechnical Fabric Attachment to the Frame.

a) Welded Wire Mesh Frame. The woven or nonwoven geotextile fabric shall be wrapped 3 in. (75 mm) over the top member of a 6 in. x 6 in. (150 mm x 150 mm) welded wire mesh frame and secured with fastening rings constructed of wire conforming to ASTM A 641, A 809, A 370, and A 938 at 6 in. (150 mm) on center. The fastening rings shall penetrate both layers of geotextile and securely close around the steel mesh. The geotextile shall be secured to the sides of the welded wire mesh with fastening rings at a spacing of 1 per sq ft (11 per sq m) and securely close around a steel member.

b) Collapsible Aluminum Frame. The woven or nonwoven fabric shall be secured to the aluminum frame along the top and bottom of the frame perimeter with strips of aluminum secured to the perimeter member, such that the anchoring system provides a uniformly distributed stress throughout the geotechnical fabric.

(4) Certification. The manufacturer shall furnish a certificate with each shipment of above grade inlet filter assemblies stating the amount of product furnished and that the material complies with these requirements."

80419

SUBCONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION PAYMENTS (BDE)

Effective: November 2, 2017
Revised: April 1, 2019

Replace the second paragraph of Article 109.12 of the Standard Specifications with the following:

"This mobilization payment shall be made at least seven days prior to the subcontractor starting work. The amount paid shall be at the following percentage of the amount of the subcontract reported on form BC 260A submitted for the approval of the subcontractor's work.

Value of Subcontract Reported on Form BC 260A	Mobilization Percentage
Less than $10,000	25%
$10,000 to less than $20,000	20%
$20,000 to less than $40,000	18%
$40,000 to less than $60,000	16%
$60,000 to less than $80,000	14%
$80,000 to less than $100,000	12%
$100,000 to less than $250,000	10%
$250,000 to less than $500,000	9%
$500,000 to $750,000	8%
Over $750,000	7%"

80391

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES - CONES (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2019

Revise Article 701.15(a) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(a) Cones. Cones are used to channelize traffic. Cones used to channelize traffic at night shall be reflectorized; however, cones shall not be used in nighttime lane closure tapers or nighttime lane shifts."

Revise Article 1106.02(b) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"(b) Cones. Cones shall be predominantly orange. Cones used at night that are 28 to 36 in. (700 to 900 mm) in height shall have two white circumferential stripes. If non-reflective spaces are left between the stripes, the spaces shall be no more than 2 in. (50mm) in width. Cones used at night that are taller than 36 in. (900 mm) shall have a minimum of two white and two fluorescent orange alternating, circumferential stripes with the top stripe being fluorescent orange. If non-reflective spaces are left between the stripes, the spaces shall be no more than 3 in. (75 mm) in width.

The minimum weights for the various cone heights shall be 4 lb for 18 in. (2 kg for 450 mm), 7 lb for 28 in. (3 kg for 700 mm), and 10 lb for 36 in. (5 kg for 900 mm) with a minimum of 60 percent of the total weight in the base. Cones taller than 36 in. shall be weighted per the manufacturer's specifications such that they are not moved by wind or passing traffic."

80409

WARM MIX ASPHALT (BDE)

Effective: January 1, 2012
Revised: April 1, 2016

Description. This work shall consist of designing, producing and constructing Warm Mix Asphalt (WMA) in lieu of Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) at the Contractor's option. Work shall be according to Sections 406, 407, 408, 1030, and 1102 of the Standard Specifications, except as modified herein. In addition, any references to HMA in the Standard Specifications, or the special provisions shall be construed to include WMA.

WMA is an asphalt mixture which can be produced at temperatures lower than allowed for HMA utilizing approved WMA technologies. WMA technologies are defined as the use of additives or processes which allow a reduction in the temperatures at which HMA mixes are produced and placed. WMA is produced by the use of additives, a water foaming process, or combination of both. Additives include minerals, chemicals or organics incorporated into the asphalt binder stream in a dedicated delivery system. The process of foaming injects water into the asphalt binder stream, just prior to incorporation of the asphalt binder with the aggregate.

Approved WMA technologies may also be used in HMA provided all the requirements specified herein, with the exception of temperature, are met. However, asphalt mixtures produced at temperatures in excess of 275 °F (135 °C) will not be considered WMA when determining the grade reduction of the virgin asphalt binder grade.

Equipment.

Revise the first paragraph of Article 1102.01 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**1102.01 Hot-Mix Asphalt Plant.** The hot-mix asphalt (HMA) plant shall be the batch-type, continuous-type, or dryer drum plant. The plants shall be evaluated for prequalification rating and approval to produce HMA according to the current Bureau of Materials and Physical Research Policy Memorandum, "Approval of Hot-Mix Asphalt Plants and Equipment". Once approved, the Contractor shall notify the Bureau of Materials and Physical Research to obtain approval of all plant modifications. The plants shall not be used to produce mixtures concurrently for more than one project or for private work unless permission is granted in writing by the Engineer. The plant units shall be so designed, coordinated and operated that they will function properly and produce HMA having uniform temperatures and compositions within the tolerances specified. The plant units shall meet the following requirements."

Add the following to Article 1102.01(a) of the Standard Specifications.

"(11) Equipment for Warm Mix Technologies.

a. Foaming. Metering equipment for foamed asphalt shall have an accuracy of ± 2 percent of the actual water metered. The foaming control system shall be electronically interfaced with the asphalt binder meter.

b. Additives. Additives shall be introduced into the plant according to the supplier's recommendations and shall be approved by the Engineer. The system for introducing the WMA additive shall be interlocked with the aggregate feed or weigh system to maintain correct proportions for all rates of production and batch sizes."

Mix Design Verification.

Add the following to Article 1030.04 of the Standard Specifications.

"(e) Warm Mix Technologies.

(1) Foaming. WMA mix design verification will not be required when foaming technology is used alone (without WMA additives). However, the foaming technology shall only be used on HMA designs previously approved by the Department.

(2) Additives. WMA mix designs utilizing additives shall be submitted to the Engineer for mix design verification."

Construction Requirements.

Revise the second paragraph of Article 406.06(b)(1) of the Standard Specifications to read:

"The HMA shall be delivered at a temperature of 250 to 350 °F (120 to 175 °C). WMA shall be delivered at a minimum temperature of 215 °F (102 °C)."

Basis of Payment.

This work will be paid at the contract unit price bid for the HMA pay items involved. Anti-strip will not be paid for separately, but shall be considered as included in the cost of the work.

80288

WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (BDE)

Effective: March 2, 2020

Add the following to Article 701.03 of the Standard Specifications:

"(q) Temporary Sign Supports .....1106.02"

Revise the third paragraph of Article 701.14 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"For temporary sign supports, the Contractor shall provide a FHWA eligibility letter for each device used on the contract. The letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device. The signs shall be supported within 20 degrees of vertical. Weights used to stabilize signs shall be attached to the sign support per the manufacturer's specifications."

Revise the first paragraph of Article 701.15 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**701.15 Traffic Control Devices.** For devices that must meet crashworthiness standards, the Contractor shall provide a manufacturer's self-certification or a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 1 device and a FHWA eligibility letter for each Category 2 and Category 3 device used on the contract. The self-certification or letter shall provide information for the set-up and use of the device as well as a detailed drawing of the device."

Revise the first six paragraphs of Article 1106.02 of the Standard Specifications to read:

"**1106.02 Devices.** Work zone traffic control devices and combinations of devices shall meet crashworthiness standards for their respective categories. The categories are as follows.

Category 1 includes small, lightweight, channelizing and delineating devices that have been in common use for many years and are known to be crashworthy by crash testing of similar devices or years of demonstrable safe performance. These include cones, tubular markers, plastic drums, and delineators, with no attachments (e.g. lights). Category 1 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 1 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 2 includes devices that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change but may otherwise be hazardous. These include vertical panels with lights, barricades, temporary sign supports, and Category 1 devices with attachments (e.g. drums with lights). Category 2 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 2 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2024.

Category 3 includes devices that are expected to cause significant velocity changes or other potentially harmful reactions to impacting vehicles. These include crash cushions (impact

attenuators), truck mounted attenuators, and other devices not meeting the definitions of Category 1 or 2. Category 3 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 shall be MASH-16 compliant. Category 3 devices manufactured on or before December 31, 2019, and compliant with NCHRP 350 or MASH 2009, may be used on contracts let before December 31, 2029. Category 3 devices shall be crash tested for Test Level 3 or the test level specified.

Category 4 includes portable or trailer-mounted devices such as arrow boards, changeable message signs, temporary traffic signals, and area lighting supports. It is preferable for Category 4 devices manufactured after December 31, 2019 to be MASH-16 compliant; however, there are currently no crash tested devices in this category, so it remains exempt from the NCHRP 350 or MASH compliance requirement.

For each type of device, when no more than one MASH-16 compliant is available, an NCHRP 350 or MASH-2009 compliant device may be used, even if manufactured after December 31, 2019."

Revise Articles 1106.02(g), 1106.02(k), and 1106.02(l) to read:

"(g) Truck Mounted/Trailer Mounted Attenuators. The attenuator shall be approved for use at Test Level 3. Test Level 2 may be used for normal posted speeds less than or equal to 45 mph.

(k) Temporary Water Filled Barrier. The water filled barrier shall be a lightweight plastic shell designed to accept water ballast and be on the Department's qualified product list.

Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings.

(l) Movable Traffic Barrier. The movable traffic barrier shall be on the Department's qualified product list.

Shop drawings shall be furnished by the manufacturer and shall indicate the deflection of the barrier as determined by acceptance testing; the configuration of the barrier in that test; and the vehicle weight, velocity, and angle of impact of the deflection test. The Engineer shall be provided one copy of the shop drawings. The barrier shall be capable of being moved on and off the roadway on a daily basis."

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DuPage County Prevailing Wage Rates posted on 11/1/19

						Overtime								
Trade Title	Rg	Type	C	Base	Foreman	M-F	Sa	Su	Hol	H/W	Pension	Vac	Trng	Other Ins
ASBESTOS ABT-GEN	All	ALL		43.72	44.72	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	14.99	13.61	0.00	0.90	
ASBESTOS ABT-MEC	All	BLD		37.88	40.38	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	13.42	12.20	0.00	0.72	
BOILERMAKER	All	BLD		50.51	55.05	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	6.97	14.65	0.00	1.10	
BRICK MASON	All	BLD		46.88	51.57	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	10.85	19.31	0.00	0.95	
CARPENTER	All	ALL		48.55	50.55	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.79	21.84	0.00	0.73	
CEMENT MASON	All	ALL		46.25	48.25	2.0	1.5	2.0	2.0	14.50	19.04	0.00	1.25	
CERAMIC TILE FINISHER	All	BLD		40.56	40.56	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.00	12.80	0.00	0.86	
COMMUNICATION TECHNICIAN	All	BLD		34.25	37.05	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	12.35	21.78	2.21	0.68	
ELECTRIC PWR EQMT OP	All	ALL		43.71	59.52	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	6.00	13.55	0.00	0.77	1.31
ELECTRIC PWR EQMT OP	All	HWY		41.45	56.38	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	5.50	12.87	0.00	0.73	
ELECTRIC PWR GRNDMAN	All	ALL		33.69	59.52	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	6.00	10.44	0.00	0.59	1.01
ELECTRIC PWR GRNDMAN	All	HWY		32.00	56.38	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	5.50	9.92	0.00	0.66	
ELECTRIC PWR LINEMAN	All	ALL		52.44	59.52	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	6.00	16.27	0.00	0.93	1.58
ELECTRIC PWR LINEMAN	All	HWY		49.67	56.38	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	5.50	15.40	0.00	0.88	
ELECTRIC PWR TRK DRV	All	ALL		34.90	59.52	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	6.00	10.83	0.00	0.62	1.05
ELECTRIC PWR TRK DRV	All	HWY		33.14	56.38	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	5.50	10.29	0.00	0.59	
ELECTRICIAN	All	BLD		41.00	45.00	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	12.35	24.58	5.72	0.75	
ELEVATOR CONSTRUCTOR	All	BLD		56.61	63.69	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	15.58	17.51	4.53	0.62	
FENCE ERECTOR	NE	ALL		42.88	44.88	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	13.64	14.89	0.00	0.65	
FENCE ERECTOR	W	ALL		47.00	50.76	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	12.26	23.65	0.00	0.88	
GLAZIER	All	BLD		44.85	46.35	1.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	14.49	22.29	0.00	0.94	
HEAT/FROST INSULATOR	All	BLD		50.50	53.00	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	13.42	13.66	0.00	0.72	
IRON WORKER	E	ALL		47.00	50.76	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	12.26	23.65	0.00	0.88	
IRON WORKER	W	ALL		47.00	50.76	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	12.26	23.65	0.00	0.88	
LABORER	All	ALL		43.72	44.47	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	14.99	13.61	0.00	0.90	
LATHER	All	ALL		48.55	50.55	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.79	21.84	0.00	0.73	
MACHINIST	All	BLD		48.93	51.43	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	7.68	8.95	1.85	1.32	
MARBLE FINISHER	All	ALL		35.15	48.33	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	10.85	17.66	0.00	0.52	
MARBLE MASON	All	BLD		46.03	50.63	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	10.85	18.78	0.00	0.64	
MATERIAL TESTER I	All	ALL		33.72		1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	14.99	13.61	0.00	0.90	
MATERIALS TESTER II	All	ALL		38.72		1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	14.99	13.61	0.00	0.90	

MILLWRIGHT	All	ALL		48.55	50.55	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.79	21.84	0.00	0.73	
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	BLD	1	51.10	55.10	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	20.50	16.85	2.00	1.65	
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	BLD	2	49.80	55.10	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	20.50	16.85	2.00	1.65	
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	BLD	3	47.25	55.10	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	20.50	16.85	2.00	1.65	
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	BLD	4	45.50	55.10	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	20.50	16.85	2.00	1.65	
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	BLD	5	54.85	55.10	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	20.50	16.85	2.00	1.65	
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	BLD	6	52.10	55.10	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	20.50	16.85	2.00	1.65	
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	BLD	7	54.10	55.10	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	20.50	16.85	2.00	1.65	
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	FLT		38.00	38.00	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	19.65	15.10	2.00	1.40	
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	HWY	1	49.30	53.30	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	20.50	16.85	2.00	1.65	
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	HWY	2	48.75	53.30	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	20.50	16.85	2.00	1.65	
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	HWY	3	46.70	53.30	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	20.50	16.85	2.00	1.65	
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	HWY	4	45.30	53.30	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	20.50	16.85	2.00	1.65	
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	HWY	5	44.10	53.30	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	20.50	16.85	2.00	1.65	
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	HWY	6	52.30	53.30	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	20.50	16.85	2.00	1.65	
OPERATING ENGINEER	All	HWY	7	50.30	53.30	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	20.50	16.85	2.00	1.65	
ORNAMENTAL IRON WORKER	E	ALL		50.05	52.55	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	14.14	21.13	0.00	1.25	
ORNAMENTAL IRON WORKER	W	ALL		45.06	48.66	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	10.52	20.76	0.00	0.70	
PAINTER	All	ALL		47.30	49.30	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	12.43	8.65	0.00	1.45	
PAINTER - SIGNS	All	BLD		39.06	43.86	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	2.67	3.32	0.00	0.00	
PILEDRIVER	All	ALL		48.55	50.55	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.79	21.84	0.00	0.73	
PIPEFITTER	All	BLD		49.60	52.60	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	10.75	19.85	0.00	2.67	
PLASTERER	All	BLD		46.75	49.56	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	10.85	19.01	0.00	0.95	
PLUMBER	All	BLD		51.00	54.05	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	15.37	14.75	0.00	1.35	
ROOFER	All	BLD		44.60	48.60	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	10.38	12.74	0.00	0.58	
SHEETMETAL WORKER	All	BLD		48.87	51.31	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	10.78	17.51	0.00	0.93	2.31
SPRINKLER FITTER	All	BLD		50.15	52.65	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	13.50	16.60	0.00	0.65	
STEEL ERECTOR	E	ALL		47.00	50.76	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	12.26	23.65	0.00	0.88	
STEEL ERECTOR	W	ALL		45.06	48.66	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	10.52	20.76	0.00	0.70	
STONE MASON	All	BLD		46.88	51.57	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	10.85	19.31	0.00	0.95	
TERRAZZO FINISHER	All	BLD		42.54	42.54	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.00	14.64	0.00	0.88	
TERRAZZO MASON	All	BLD		46.38	49.88	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.00	16.09	0.00	0.93	
TILE MASON	All	BLD		47.50	51.50	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	11.00	16.06	0.00	0.93	
TRAFFIC SAFETY WORKER	All	HWY		37.75	39.35	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	9.30	9.87	0.00	0.30	
TRUCK DRIVER	All	ALL	1	37.61	38.16	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	9.08	11.36	0.00	0.15	
TRUCK DRIVER	All	ALL	2	37.76	38.16	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	9.08	11.36	0.00	0.15	

TRUCK DRIVER	All	ALL	3	37.96	38.16	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	9.08	11.36	0.00	0.15	
TRUCK DRIVER	All	ALL	4	38.16	38.16	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	9.08	11.36	0.00	0.15	
TUCKPOINTER	All	BLD		46.50	47.50	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	8.34	18.40	0.00	0.93	

Legend
Rg Region
Type Trade Type - All,Highway,Building,Floating,Oil & Chip,Rivers
C Class
Base Base Wage Rate
OT M-F Unless otherwise noted, OT pay is required for any hour greater than 8 worked each day, Mon through Fri. The number listed is the multiple of the base wage.
OT Sa Overtime pay required for every hour worked on Saturdays
OT Su Overtime pay required for every hour worked on Sundays
OT Hol Overtime pay required for every hour worked on Holidays
H/W Health/Welfare benefit
Vac Vacation
Trng Training
Other Ins Employer hourly cost for any other type(s) of insurance provided for benefit of worker.

Explanations DUPAGE COUNTY

IRON WORKERS AND FENCE ERECTOR (WEST) - West of Route 53.

The following list is considered as those days for which holiday rates of wages for work performed apply: New Years Day, Memorial Day, Fourth of July, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day and Veterans Day in some classifications/counties. Generally, any of these holidays which fall on a Sunday is celebrated on the following Monday. This then makes work performed on that Monday payable at the appropriate overtime rate for holiday pay. Common practice in a given local may alter certain days of celebration. If in doubt, please check with IDOL.

EXPLANATION OF CLASSES

ASBESTOS - GENERAL - removal of asbestos material/mold and hazardous materials from any place in a building, including mechanical systems where those mechanical systems are to be removed. This includes the removal of asbestos materials/mold and hazardous materials from ductwork or pipes in a building when the building is to be demolished at the time or at some close future date.

ASBESTOS - MECHANICAL - removal of asbestos material from mechanical systems, such as pipes, ducts, and boilers, where the mechanical systems are to remain.

TRAFFIC SAFETY

Effective November 30, 2018, the description of the traffic safety worker trade in this County is as follows: Work associated with barricades, horses and drums used to reduce lane usage on highway work, the installation and removal of temporary, non-temporary or permanent lane, pavement or roadway markings, and the installation and removal of temporary road signs.

CERAMIC TILE FINISHER

The grouting, cleaning, and polishing of all classes of tile, whether for interior or exterior purposes, all burned, glazed or unglazed

products; all composition materials, granite tiles, warning detectable tiles, cement tiles, epoxy composite materials, pavers, glass, mosaics, fiberglass, and all substitute materials, for tile made in tile-like units; all mixtures in tile like form of cement, metals, and other materials that are for and intended for use as a finished floor surface, stair treads, promenade roofs, walks, walls, ceilings, swimming pools, and all other places where tile is to form a finished interior or exterior. The mixing of all setting mortars including but not limited to thin-set mortars, epoxies, wall mud, and any other sand and cement mixtures or adhesives when used in the preparation, installation, repair, or maintenance of tile and/or similar materials. The handling and unloading of all sand, cement, lime, tile, fixtures, equipment, adhesives, or any other materials to be used in the preparation, installation, repair, or maintenance of tile and/or similar materials. Ceramic Tile Finishers shall fill all joints and voids regardless of method on all tile work, particularly and especially after installation of said tile work. Application of any and all protective coverings to all types of tile installations including, but not be limited to, all soap compounds, paper products, tapes, and all polyethylene coverings, plywood, masonite, cardboard, and any new type of products that may be used to protect tile installations, Blastrac equipment, and all floor scarifying equipment used in preparing floors to receive tile. The clean up and removal of all waste and materials. All demolition of existing tile floors and walls to be re-tiled.

COMMUNICATIONS TECHNICIAN

Low voltage installation, maintenance and removal of telecommunication facilities (voice, sound, data and video) including telephone and data inside wire, interconnect, terminal equipment, central offices, PABX, fiber optic cable and equipment, micro waves, V-SAT, bypass, CATV, WAN (wide area networks), LAN (local area networks), and ISDN (integrated system digital network), pulling of wire in raceways, but not the installation of raceways.

MARBLE FINISHER

Loading and unloading trucks, distribution of all materials (all stone, sand, etc.), stocking of floors with material, performing all rigging for heavy work, the handling of all material that may be needed for the installation of such materials, building of scaffolding, polishing if needed, patching, waxing of material if damaged, pointing up, caulking, grouting and cleaning of marble, holding water on diamond or Carborundum blade or saw for setters cutting, use of tub saw or any other saw needed for preparation of material, drilling of holes for wires that anchor material set by setters, mixing up of molding plaster for installation of material, mixing up thin set for the installation of material, mixing up of sand to cement for the installation of material and such other work as may be required in helping a Marble Setter in the handling of all material in the erection or installation of interior marble, slate, travertine, art marble, serpentine, alberene stone, blue stone, granite and other stones (meaning as to stone any foreign or domestic materials as are specified and used in building interiors and exteriors and customarily known as stone in the trade), carrara, sanionyx, vitrolite and similar opaque glass and the laying of all marble tile, terrazzo tile, slate tile and precast tile, steps, risers treads, base, or any other materials that may be used as substitutes for any of the aforementioned materials and which are used on interior and exterior which are installed in a similar manner.

MATERIAL TESTER I: Hand coring and drilling for testing of materials; field inspection of uncured concrete and asphalt.

MATERIAL TESTER II: Field inspection of welds, structural steel, fireproofing, masonry, soil, facade, reinforcing steel, formwork, cured concrete, and concrete and asphalt batch plants; adjusting proportions of bituminous mixtures.

OPERATING ENGINEER - BUILDING

Class 1. Asphalt Plant; Asphalt Spreader; Autograde; Backhoes with Caisson Attachment; Batch Plant; Benoto (requires Two Engineers); Boiler and Throttle Valve; Caisson Rigs; Central Redi-Mix Plant; Combination Back Hoe Front End-loader Machine; Compressor and Throttle Valve; Concrete Breaker (Truck Mounted); Concrete Conveyor; Concrete Conveyor (Truck Mounted); Concrete Paver Over 27E cu. ft; Concrete Paver 27E cu. ft. and Under. Concrete Placer; Concrete Placing Boom; Concrete Pump (Truck Mounted); Concrete Tower; Cranes, All; Cranes, Hammerhead; Cranes, (GCI and similar Type); Creter Crane; Spider Crane; Crusher, Stone, etc.; Derricks, All; Derricks, Traveling; Formless Curb and Gutter Machine; Grader, Elevating; Grouting Machines; Heavy Duty Self-Propelled Transporter or Prime Mover; Highlift Shovels or Front Endloader 2-1/4 yd. and over; Hoists, Elevators,

outside type rack and pinion and similar machines; Hoists, One, Two and Three Drum; Hoists, Two Tugger One Floor; Hydraulic Backhoes; Hydraulic Boom Trucks; Hydro Vac (and similar equipment); Locomotives, All; Motor Patrol; Lubrication Technician; Manipulators; Pile Drivers and Skid Rig; Post Hole Digger; Pre-Stress Machine; Pump Cretes Dual Ram; Pump Cretes: Squeeze Cretes-Screw Type Pumps; Gypsum Bulker and Pump; Raised and Blind Hole Drill; Roto Mill Grinder; Scoops - Tractor Drawn; Slip-Form Paver; Straddle Buggies; Operation of Tie Back Machine; Tournapull; Tractor with Boom and Side Boom; Trenching Machines.

Class 2. Boilers; Broom, All Power Propelled; Bulldozers; Concrete Mixer (Two Bag and Over); Conveyor, Portable; Forklift Trucks; Highlift Shovels or Front Endloaders under 2-1/4 yd.; Hoists, Automatic; Hoists, Inside Elevators; Hoists, Sewer Dragging Machine; Hoists, Tugger Single Drum; Laser Screed; Rock Drill (Self-Propelled); Rock Drill (Truck Mounted); Rollers, All; Steam Generators; Tractors, All; Tractor Drawn Vibratory Roller; Winch Trucks with "A" Frame.

Class 3. Air Compressor; Combination Small Equipment Operator; Generators; Heaters, Mechanical; Hoists, Inside Elevators (remodeling or renovation work); Hydraulic Power Units (Pile Driving, Extracting, and Drilling); Pumps, over 3" (1 to 3 not to exceed a total of 300 ft.); Low Boys; Pumps, Well Points; Welding Machines (2 through 5); Winches, 4 Small Electric Drill Winches.

Class 4. Bobcats and/or other Skid Steer Loaders; Oilers; and Brick Forklift.

Class 5. Assistant Craft Foreman.

Class 6. Gradall.

Class 7. Mechanics; Welders.

OPERATING ENGINEERS - HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION

Class 1. Asphalt Plant; Asphalt Heater and Planer Combination; Asphalt Heater Scarfire; Asphalt Spreader; Autograder/GOMACO or other similar type machines: ABG Paver; Backhoes with Caisson Attachment; Ballast Regulator; Belt Loader; Caisson Rigs; Car Dumper; Central Redi-Mix Plant; Combination Backhoe Front Endloader Machine, (1 cu. yd. Backhoe Bucket or over or with attachments); Concrete Breaker (Truck Mounted); Concrete Conveyor; Concrete Paver over 27E cu. ft.; Concrete Placer; Concrete Tube Float; Cranes, all attachments; Cranes, Tower Cranes of all types: Creter Crane: Spider Crane; Crusher, Stone, etc.; Derricks, All; Derrick Boats; Derricks, Traveling; Dredges; Elevators, Outside type Rack & Pinion and Similar Machines; Formless Curb and Gutter Machine; Grader, Elevating; Grader, Motor Grader, Motor Patrol, Auto Patrol, Form Grader, Pull Grader, Subgrader; Guard Rail Post Driver Truck Mounted; Hoists, One, Two and Three Drum; Heavy Duty Self-Propelled Transporter or Prime Mover; Hydraulic Backhoes; Backhoes with shear attachments up to 40' of boom reach; Lubrication Technician; Manipulators; Mucking Machine; Pile Drivers and Skid Rig; Pre-Stress Machine; Pump Cretes Dual Ram; Rock Drill - Crawler or Skid Rig; Rock Drill - Truck Mounted; Rock/Track Tamper; Roto Mill Grinder; Slip-Form Paver; Snow Melters; Soil Test Drill Rig (Truck Mounted); Straddle Buggies; Hydraulic Telescoping Form (Tunnel); Operation of Tieback Machine; Tractor Drawn Belt Loader; Tractor Drawn Belt Loader (with attached pusher - two engineers); Tractor with Boom; Tractaire with Attachments; Traffic Barrier Transfer Machine; Trenching; Truck Mounted Concrete Pump with Boom; Raised or Blind Hole Drills (Tunnel Shaft); Underground Boring and/or Mining Machines 5 ft. in diameter and over tunnel, etc; Underground Boring and/or Mining Machines under 5 ft. in diameter; Wheel Excavator; Widener (APSCO).

Class 2. Batch Plant; Bituminous Mixer; Boiler and Throttle Valve; Bulldozers; Car Loader Trailing Conveyors; Combination Backhoe Front Endloader Machine (Less than 1 cu. yd. Backhoe Bucket or over or with attachments); Compressor and Throttle Valve; Compressor, Common Receiver (3); Concrete Breaker or Hydro Hammer; Concrete Grinding Machine; Concrete Mixer or Paver 7S Series to and including 27 cu. ft.; Concrete Spreader; Concrete Curing Machine, Burlap Machine, Belting Machine and Sealing Machine; Concrete Wheel Saw; Conveyor Muck Cars (Haglund or Similar Type); Drills, All; Finishing Machine - Concrete; Highlift Shovels or Front Endloader; Hoist - Sewer Dragging Machine; Hydraulic Boom Trucks (All Attachments); Hydro-Blaster; Hydro Excavating (excluding hose work); Laser Screed; All Locomotives, Dinky; Off-Road Hauling Units (including articulating) Non Self-

Loading Ejection Dump; Pump Cretes: Squeeze Cretes - Screw Type Pumps, Gypsum Bulker and Pump; Roller, Asphalt; Rotary Snow Plows; Rototiller, Seaman, etc., self-propelled; Self-Propelled Compactor; Spreader - Chip - Stone, etc.; Scraper - Single/Twin Engine/Push and Pull; Scraper - Prime Mover in Tandem (Regardless of Size); Tractors pulling attachments, Sheeps Foot, Disc, Compactor, etc.; Tug Boats.

Class 3. Boilers; Brooms, All Power Propelled; Cement Supply Tender; Compressor, Common Receiver (2); Concrete Mixer (Two Bag and Over); Conveyor, Portable; Farm-Type Tractors Used for Mowing, Seeding, etc.; Forklift Trucks; Grouting Machine; Hoists, Automatic; Hoists, All Elevators; Hoists, Tugger Single Drum; Jeep Diggers; Low Boys; Pipe Jacking Machines; Post-Hole Digger; Power Saw, Concrete Power Driven; Pug Mills; Rollers, other than Asphalt; Seed and Straw Blower; Steam Generators; Stump Machine; Winch Trucks with "A" Frame; Work Boats; Tamper-Form-Motor Driven.

Class 4. Air Compressor; Combination - Small Equipment Operator; Directional Boring Machine; Generators; Heaters, Mechanical; Hydraulic Power Unit (Pile Driving, Extracting, or Drilling); Light Plants, All (1 through 5); Pumps, over 3" (1 to 3 not to exceed a total of 300 ft.); Pumps, Well Points; Vacuum Trucks (excluding hose work); Welding Machines (2 through 5); Winches, 4 Small Electric Drill Winches.

Class 5. SkidSteer Loader (all); Brick Forklifts; Oilers.

Class 6. Field Mechanics and Field Welders

Class 7. Dowell Machine with Air Compressor; Gradall and machines of like nature.

OPERATING ENGINEER - FLOATING

Diver. Diver Wet Tender, Diver Tender, ROV Pilot, ROV Tender

TRUCK DRIVER - BUILDING, HEAVY AND HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION

Class 1. Two or three Axle Trucks. A-frame Truck when used for transportation purposes; Air Compressors and Welding Machines, including those pulled by cars, pick-up trucks and tractors; Ambulances; Batch Gate Lockers; Batch Hopperman; Car and Truck Washers; Carry-alls; Fork Lifts and Hoisters; Helpers; Mechanics Helpers and Greasers; Oil Distributors 2-man operation; Pavement Breakers; Pole Trailer, up to 40 feet; Power Mower Tractors; Self-propelled Chip Spreader; Skipman; Slurry Trucks, 2-man operation; Slurry Truck Conveyor Operation, 2 or 3 man; Teamsters; Unskilled Dumpman; and Truck Drivers hauling warning lights, barricades, and portable toilets on the job site.

Class 2. Four axle trucks; Dump Crets and Adgetors under 7 yards; Dumpsters, Track Trucks, Euclids, Hug Bottom Dump Turnapulls or Turnatrailers when pulling other than self-loading equipment or similar equipment under 16 cubic yards; Mixer Trucks under 7 yeards; Ready-mix Plant Hopper Operator, and Winch Trucks, 2 Axles.

Class 3. Five axle trucks; Dump Crets and Adgetors 7 yards and over; Dumpsters, Track Trucks, Euclids, Hug Bottom Dump Turnatrailers or turnapulls when pulling other than self-loading equipment or similar equipment over 16 cubic yards; Explosives and/or Fission Material Trucks; Mixer Trucks 7 yards or over; Mobile Cranes while in transit; Oil Distributors, 1-man operation; Pole Trailer, over 40 feet; Pole and Expandable Trailers hauling material over 50 feet long; Slurry trucks, 1-man operation; Winch trucks, 3 axles or more; Mechanic--Truck Welder and Truck Painter.

Class 4. Six axle trucks; Dual-purpose vehicles, such as mounted crane trucks with hoist and accessories; Foreman; Master Mechanic; Self-loading equipment like P.B. and trucks with scoops on the front.

TERRAZZO FINISHER

The handling of sand, cement, marble chips, and all other materials that may be used by the Mosaic Terrazzo Mechanic, and the mixing, grinding, grouting, cleaning and sealing of all Marble, Mosaic, and Terrazzo work, floors, base, stairs, and wainscoting by

hand or machine, and in addition, assisting and aiding Marble, Masonic, and Terrazzo Mechanics.

Other Classifications of Work:

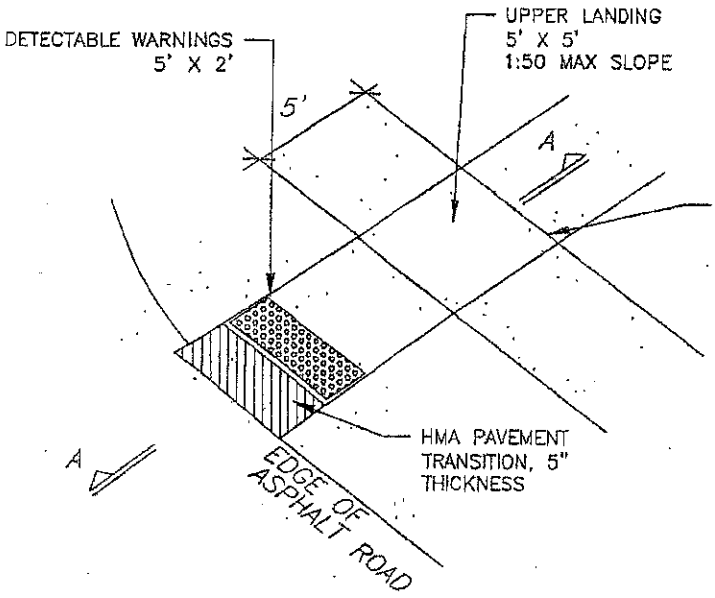
For definitions of classifications not otherwise set out, the Department generally has on file such definitions which are available. If a task to be performed is not subject to one of the classifications of pay set out, the Department will upon being contacted state which neighboring county has such a classification and provide such rate, such rate being deemed to exist by reference in this document. If no neighboring county rate applies to the task, the Department shall undertake a special determination, such special determination being then deemed to have existed under this determination. If a project requires these, or any classification not listed, please contact IDOL at 217-782-1710 for wage rates or clarifications.

LANDSCAPING

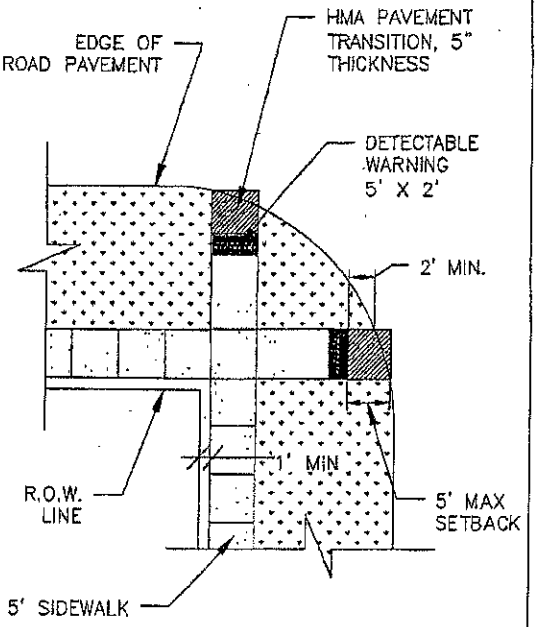
Landscaping work falls under the existing classifications for laborer, operating engineer and truck driver. The work performed by landscape plantsman and landscape laborer is covered by the existing classification of laborer. The work performed by landscape operators (regardless of equipment used or its size) is covered by the classifications of operating engineer. The work performed by landscape truck drivers (regardless of size of truck driven) is covered by the classifications of truck driver.

MATERIAL TESTER & MATERIAL TESTER/INSPECTOR I AND II

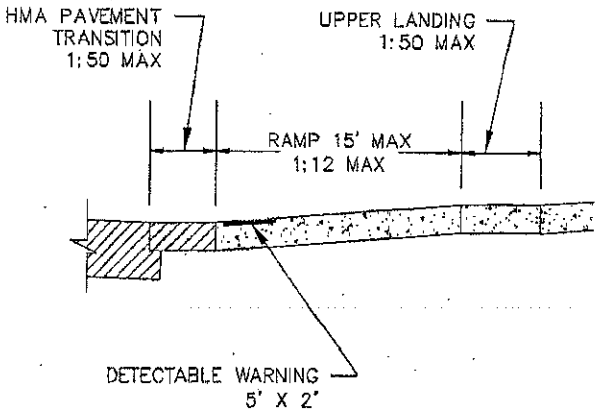
Notwithstanding the difference in the classification title, the classification entitled "Material Tester I" involves the same job duties as the classification entitled "Material Tester/Inspector I". Likewise, the classification entitled "Material Tester II" involves the same job duties as the classification entitled "Material Tester/Inspector II".



ISOMETRIC VIEW



PLAN



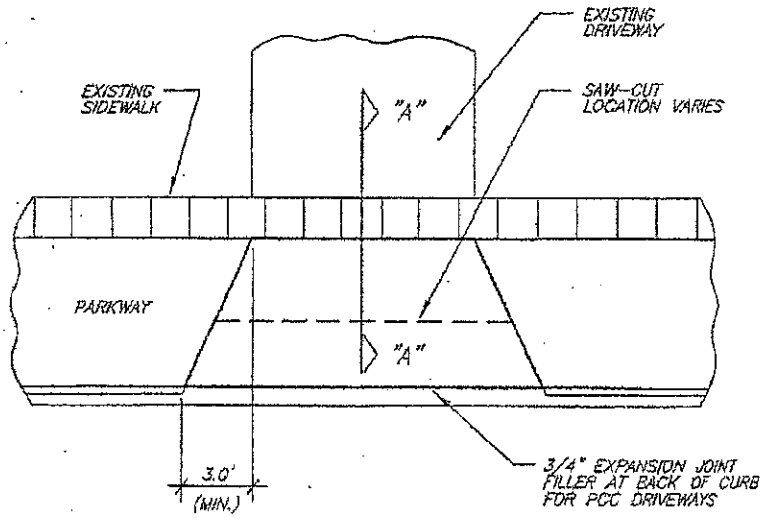
SECTION A–A

RAMPS SHALL MEET REQUIREMENTS OF IDOT STD. DETAILS FOR CURB RAMPS.

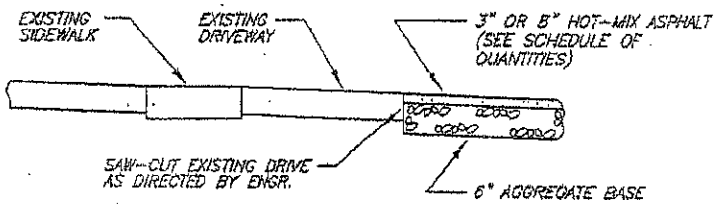
INSERT ADA DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE TILE AS SPECIFIED. DYED CONCRETE NOT ALLOWED.

THE TYPE OF DETECTABLE WARNING TILE SHALL BE ARMOR–TILE, ACCESS TILE, OR TUFTILE TACTILE WARNING SYSTEMS.

N.T.S.	DATE	REVISIONS	DRAWN BY	APPVD BY	STANDARD DETAIL
Village of DOWNERS GROVE FOUNDED IN 1832	03/25/11		S.A.V.	A.J.S.	A.D.A RAMPS ON NON–CURBED STREETS
	03/26/12		T.J.T.	A.J.S.	
	03/01/15		A.J.S.	A.J.S.	
	01/01/17		N.R.H.	J.M.W.	
	01/01/18		N.R.H.	J.M.W.	
	DRAWING NO.SWK–03				
	I:\LIBRARY\DETAILS\SIDEWALK\SWK–03				

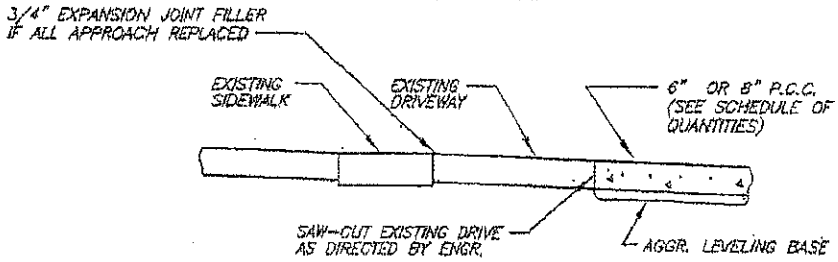


PLAN



SECTION "A - A"

ASPHALT DRIVE



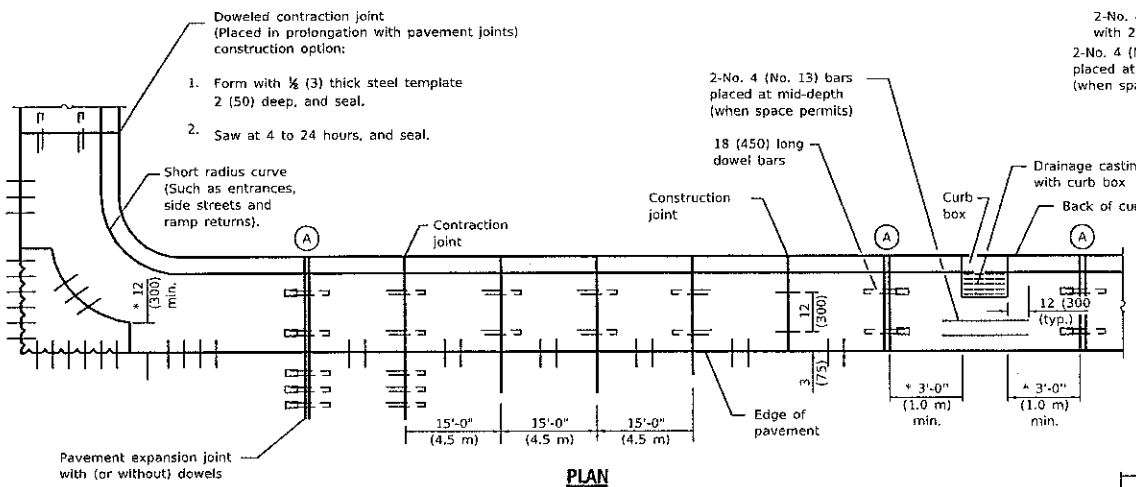
SECTION "A - A"

CONCRETE DRIVE

DRIVEWAY REMOVAL & REPLACEMENT

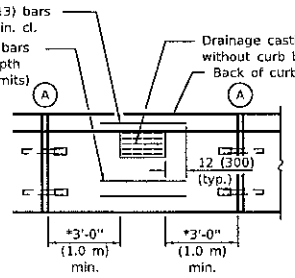
N.T.S.

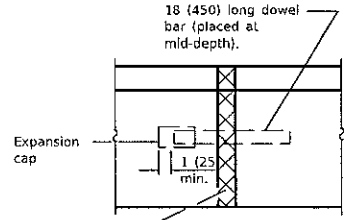
R.W.B
06/08/05
C:\CADFILES\RESURFACING\DETAILS



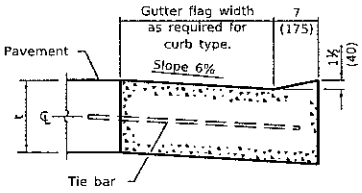
PLAN
ADJACENT TO PCC PAVEMENT OR PCC BASE COURSE

* This dimension shall be adjusted to align with joint on the adjacent pavement

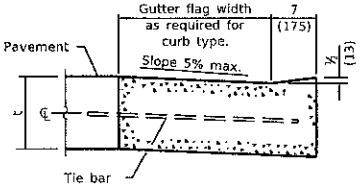




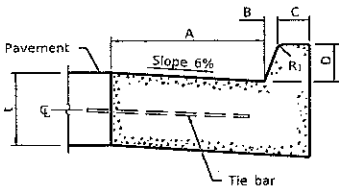
DETAIL (A)
EXPANSION JOINT



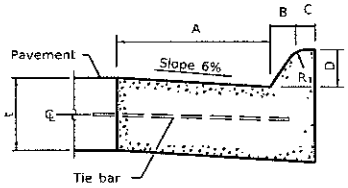
DEPRESSED CURB (TYPICAL)



DEPRESSED CURB ADJACENT TO CURB RAMP ACCESSIBLE TO THE DISABLED



BARRIER CURB



MOUNTABLE CURB

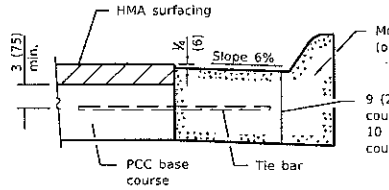
TABLE OF DIMENSIONS
BARRIER CURB

TYPE	A	B	C	D	R1
B-6.06 * (B-15.15)	6 (150)	1 (25)	6 (150)	6 (150)	1 (25)
B-6.12 (B-15.3)	12 (300)	1 (25)	6 (150)	6 (150)	1 (25)
B-6.18 (B-15.45)	18 (450)	1 (25)	6 (150)	6 (150)	1 (25)
B-6.24 (B-15.60)	24 (600)	1 (25)	6 (150)	6 (150)	1 (25)
B-9.12 (B-22.30)	12 (300)	2 (50)	5 (125)	9 (225)	1 (25)
B-9.18 (B-22.45)	18 (450)	2 (50)	5 (125)	9 (225)	1 (25)
B-9.24 (B-22.60)	24 (600)	2 (50)	5 (125)	9 (225)	1 (25)

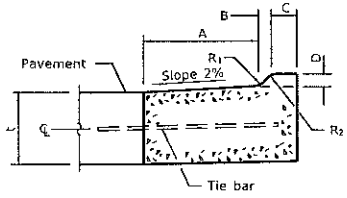
* For corner islands only.

TABLE OF DIMENSIONS
MOUNTABLE CURB

TYPE	A	B	C	D	R1	R2
M-2.06 (M-5.15)	6 (150)	2 (50)	4 (100)	2 (50)	3 (75)	2 (50)
M-2.12 (M-5.30)	12 (300)	2 (50)	4 (100)	2 (50)	3 (75)	2 (50)
M-4.06 (M-10.15)	6 (150)	4 (100)	3 (75)	4 (100)	3 (75)	NA
M-4.12 (M-10.30)	12 (300)	4 (100)	3 (75)	4 (100)	3 (75)	NA
M-4.18 (M-10.45)	18 (450)	4 (100)	3 (75)	4 (100)	3 (75)	NA
M-4.24 (M-10.60)	24 (600)	4 (100)	3 (75)	4 (100)	3 (75)	NA
M-6.06 (M-15.15)	6 (150)	6 (150)	2 (50)	6 (150)	2 (50)	NA
M-6.12 (M-15.30)	12 (300)	6 (150)	2 (50)	6 (150)	2 (50)	NA
M-6.18 (M-15.45)	18 (450)	6 (150)	2 (50)	6 (150)	2 (50)	NA
M-6.24 (M-15.60)	24 (600)	6 (150)	2 (50)	6 (150)	2 (50)	NA



ADJACENT TO PCC BASE COURSE WITH HMA SURFACING



M-2.06 (M-5.15) and M-2.12 (M-5.30)

DOWEL BAR TABLE

PAVEMENT THICKNESS	DOWEL BAR DIAMETER
10 (250) or greater	1½ (38)
8 (200) thru 9.99 (249)	1¼ (32)
Less than 8 (200)	1 (25)

GENERAL NOTES

The bottom slope of combination curb and gutter constructed adjacent to pcc pavement shall be the same slope as the subbase or 6% when subbase is omitted.

t = Pavement thickness.

Longitudinal joint tie bars shall be No. 5 (No. 16) at 24 (600) centers in accordance with details for longitudinal construction joint shown on Standard 420001.

A minimum clearance of 2 (50) between the end of the tie bar and the back of the curb shall be maintained.

The dowel bars shown in contraction joints will only be required for monolithic construction.

See Standard 606301 for details of corner islands except reference to Standard 606001 does not apply.

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise shown.

Illinois Department of Transportation

PASSED January 1, 2018
ENGINEER OF LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS
APPROVED January 1, 2018
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT

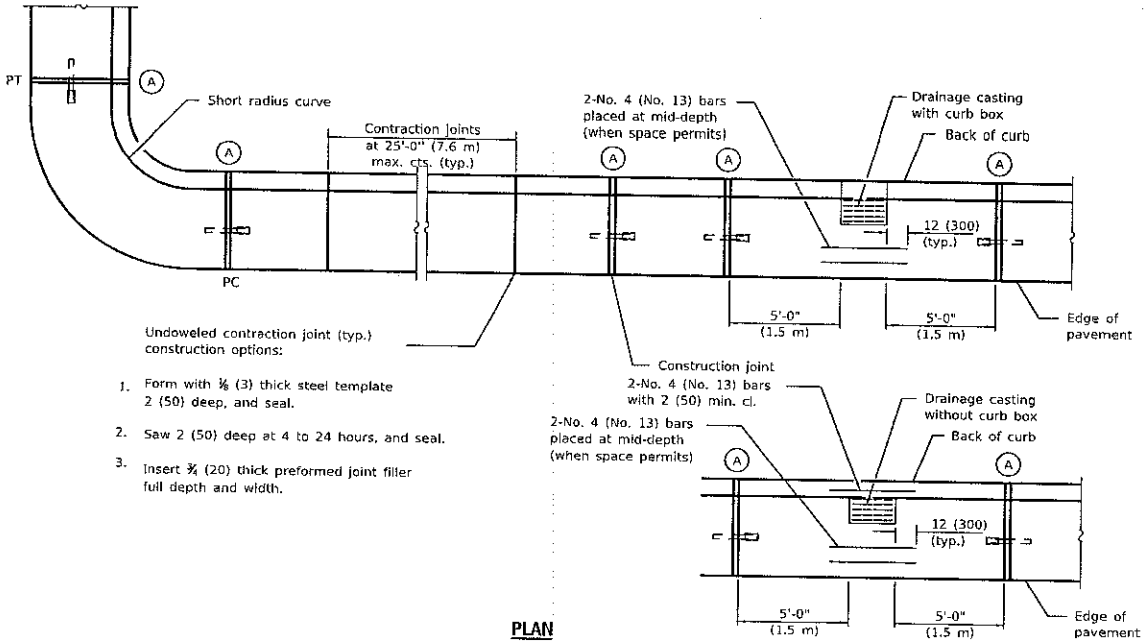
SSRS 1-1-18

DATE	REVISIONS
1-1-18	New standard.

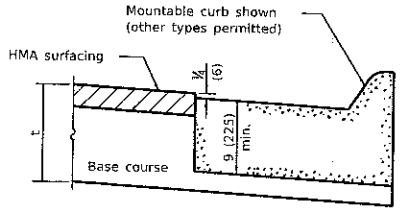
CONCRETE CURB TYPE B AND COMBINATION CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER

(Sheet 1 of 2)

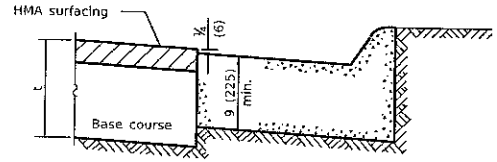
B.L.R. 28



PLAN

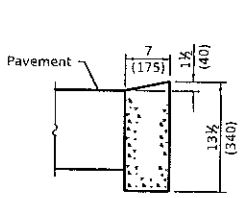


ON DISTURBED SUBGRADE

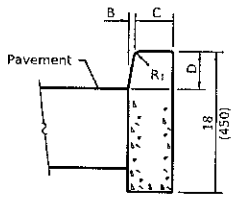


ON UNDISTURBED SUBGRADE

ADJACENT TO FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT

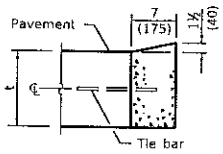


DEPRESSED CURB

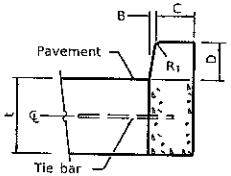


BARRIER CURB

ADJACENT TO FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT



DEPRESSED CURB



BARRIER CURB

ADJACENT TO PCC PAVEMENT OR PCC BASE COURSE

CONCRETE CURB TYPE B

Illinois Department of Transportation

PASSED January 1, 2018
ENGINEER OF LOCAL ROADS AND STREETS

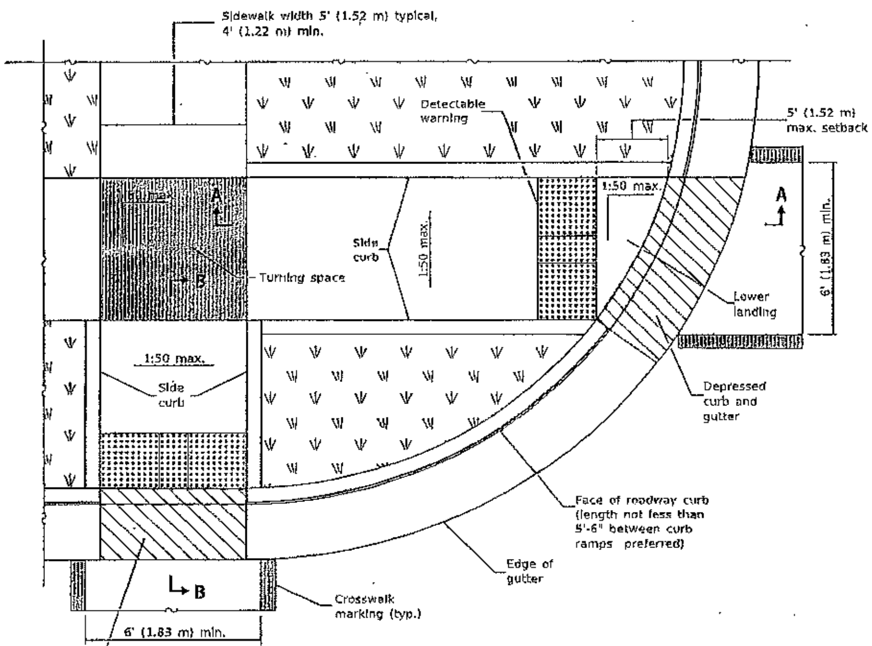
APPROVED January 1, 2018
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT

ISSUED 1-1-18

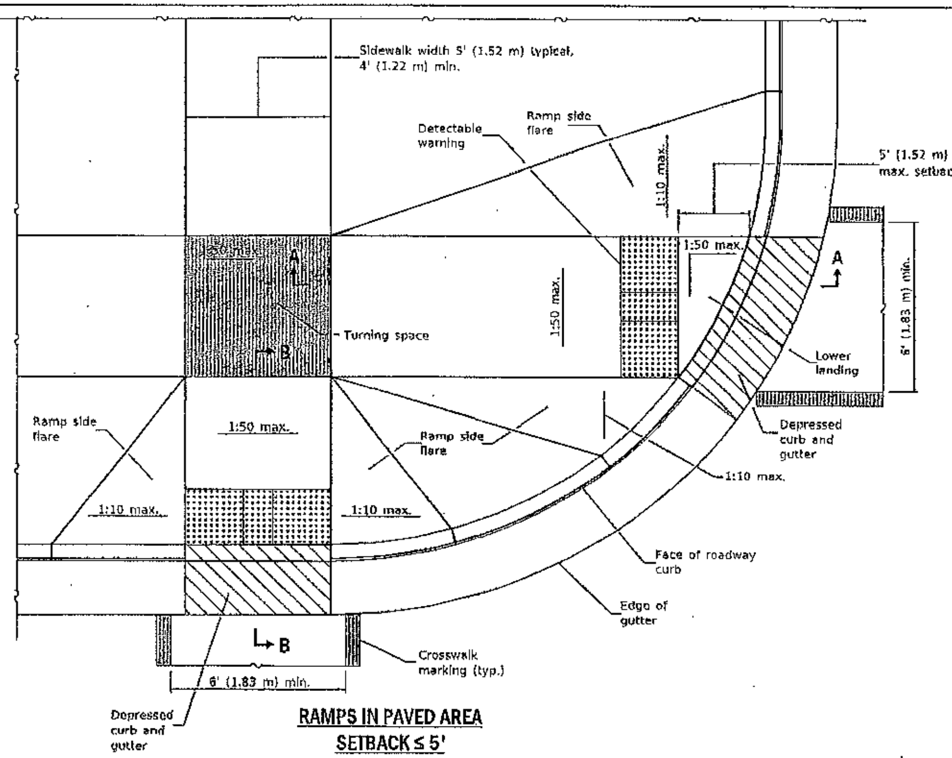
CONCRETE CURB TYPE B AND COMBINATION CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER

(Sheet 2 of 2)

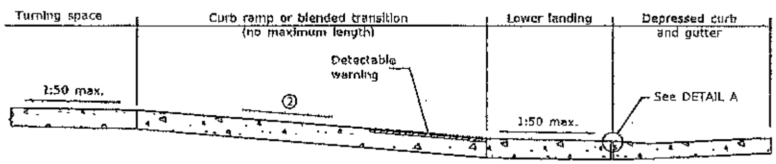
B.L.R. 28



RAMPS IN LANDSCAPED AREA
SETBACK ≤ 5'

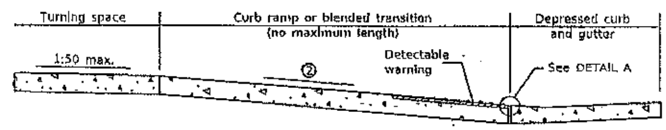


RAMPS IN PAVED AREA
SETBACK ≤ 5'



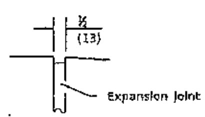
SECTION A-A

② The running slope of a curb ramp shall be 1:20 min. and 1:12 max. The running slope of a blended transition shall be 1:20 max.

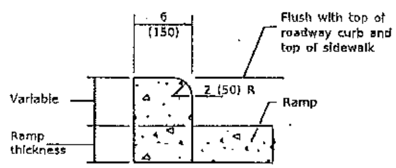


SECTION B-B

② The running slope of a curb ramp shall be 1:20 min. and 1:12 max. The running slope of a blended transition shall be 1:20 max.



DETAIL A



SIDE CURB DETAIL

See Sheet 2 for GENERAL NOTES.

DATE	REVISIONS
1-1-19	Removed "15-foot rule", added "Blended transitions" and placement tolerances for detectable warnings.
1-1-18	Omitted diagonal slope at turning spaces and lower landings.

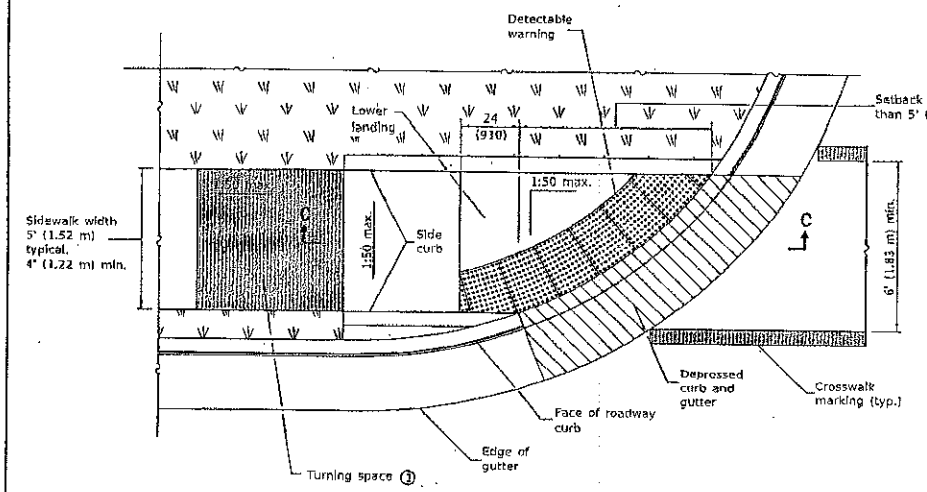
Illinois Department of Transportation

PASSED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF POLICY AND PROCEDURES
APPROVED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT
ISSUED 1-1-97

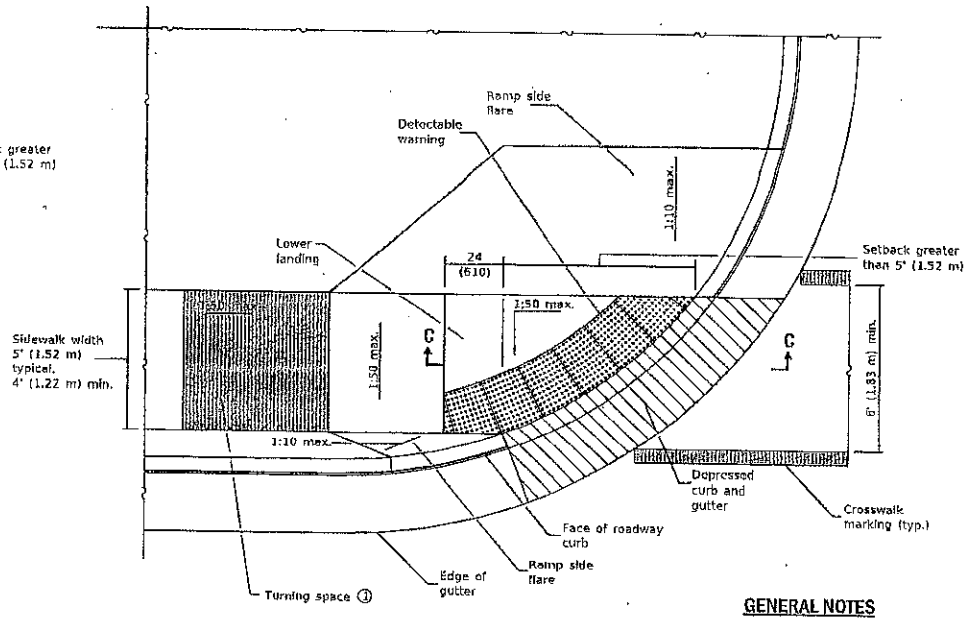
PERPENDICULAR CURB RAMPS FOR SIDEWALKS

(Sheet 1 of 2)

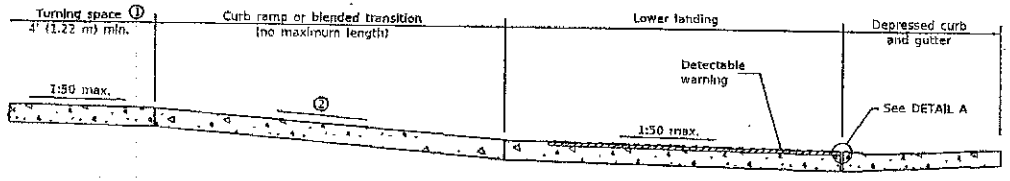
STANDARD 424001-11



RAMP IN LANDSCAPED AREA
SETBACK > 5'



RAMP IN PAVED AREA
SETBACK > 5'



SECTION C-C

① This turning space not required for blended transitions.

② The running slope of a curb ramp shall be 1:20 min. and 1:12 max. The running slope of a blended transition shall be 1:20 max.

GENERAL NOTES

All slope ratios are expressed as units of vertical displacement to units of horizontal displacement (V:H).

Where the turning space is constrained on a side opposite a ramp, the minimum length of the turning space in the direction of the ramp-run shall be 5' (1.52 m).

Where 1:50 maximum slope is shown, 1:64 is preferred.

Detectable warnings are shown in their ideal locations but the following placement tolerances are allowed.

Side Border - Detectable warnings should extend the full width of the walking surface (excluding flared sides) but a border along each side up to 2 in. (50 mm) in width is allowed.

Curb Set-Back - Detectable warnings located at the back of curb should closely align with the curb but a gap up to 6 in. (150 mm) behind the curb is allowed.

See Standard 606001 for details of depressed curb adjacent to curb ramp.

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise shown.

Illinois Department of Transportation

PASSED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF POLICY AND PROCEDURES

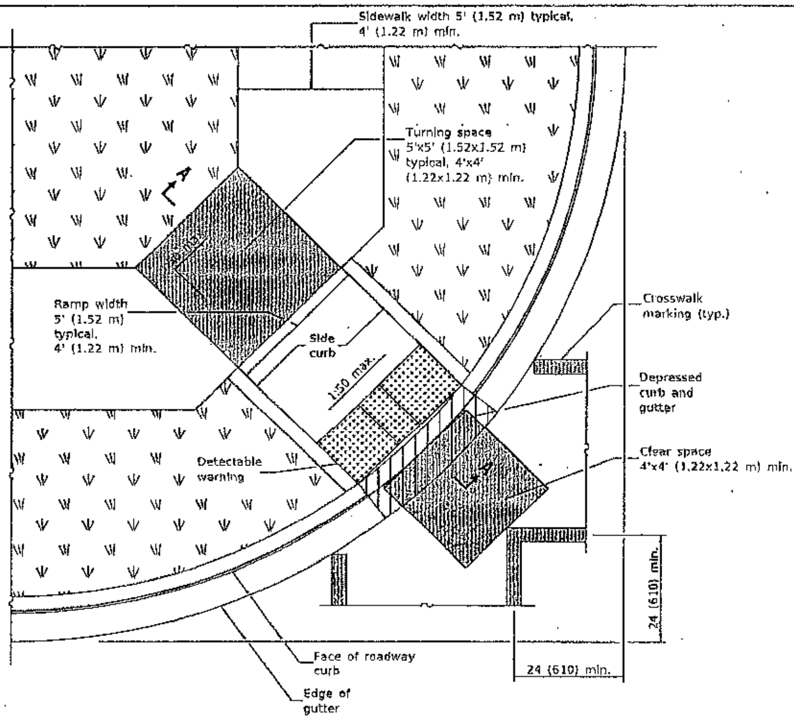
APPROVED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT

BDE 606

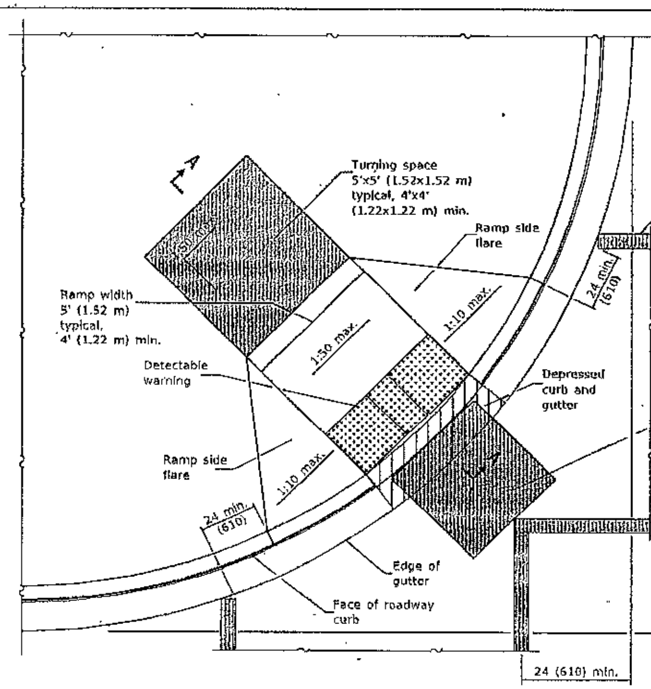
PERPENDICULAR CURB RAMPS FOR SIDEWALKS

(Sheet 2 of 2)

STANDARD 424001-11



RAMP IN LANDSCAPED AREA



RAMP IN PAVED AREA

GENERAL NOTES

This Standard shall only be used for curb radii of 20 ft. (6.1 m) or greater.

Where the turning space is constrained on a side opposite a ramp, the minimum length of the turning space in the direction of the ramp-run shall be 5' (1.52 m).

Where 1:50 maximum slope is shown, 1:64 is preferred.

Detectable warnings are shown in their ideal locations but the following placement tolerances are allowed.

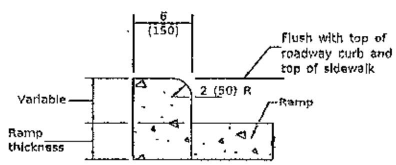
Side Border - Detectable warnings should extend the full width of the walking surface (excluding flared sides) but a border along each side up to 2 in. (50 mm) in width is allowed.

Curb Set-Back - Detectable warnings located at the back of curb should closely align with the curb but a gap up to 6 in. (150 mm) behind the curb is allowed.

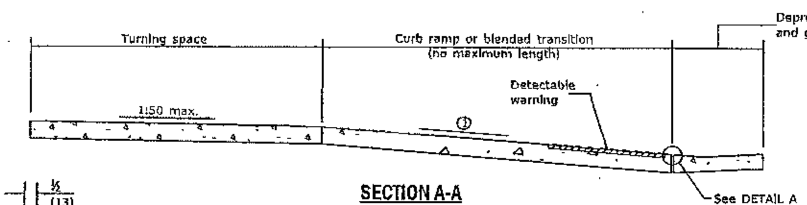
All slope ratios are expressed as units of vertical displacement to units of horizontal displacement (V:H).

See Standard 606001 for details of depressed curb adjacent to curb ramp.

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise shown.

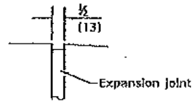


SIDE CURB DETAIL



SECTION A-A

① The running slope of a curb ramp shall be 1:20 min. and 1:12 max. The running slope of a blended transition shall be 1:20 max.



DETAIL A

DATE	REVISIONS
1-1-19	Removed "15-foot rule", added "blended transitions" and placement tolerances for detectable warnings.
1-1-18	Omitted diagonal slope at turning spaces.

DIAGONAL CURB RAMPS FOR SIDEWALKS

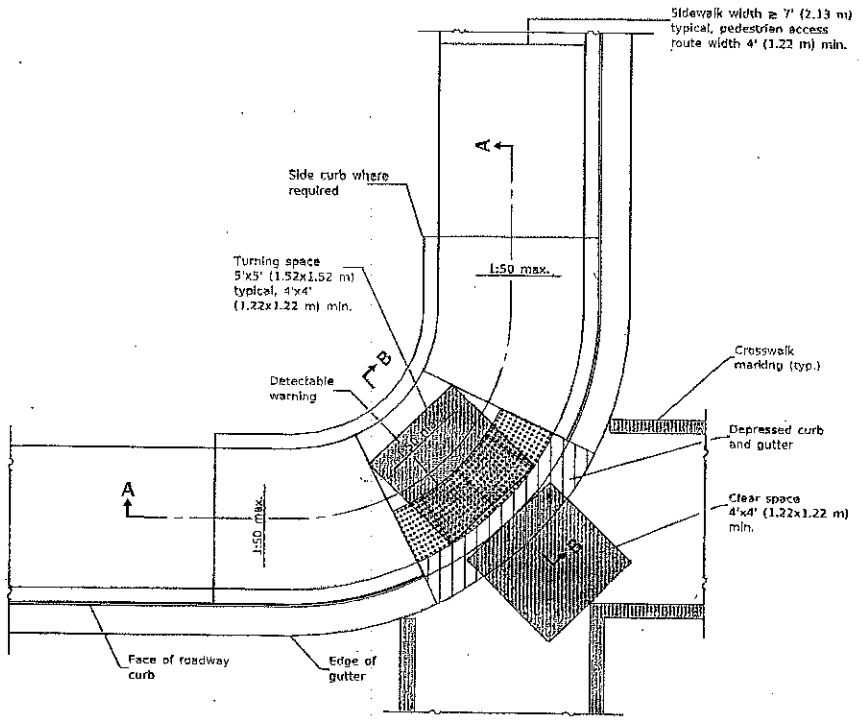
STANDARD 424006-04

Illinois Department of Transportation

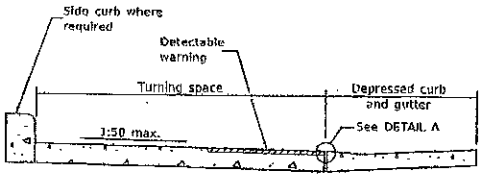
PASSED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF POLICY AND PROCEDURES

APPROVED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT

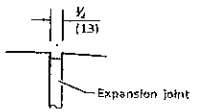
ISSUED 1-1-12



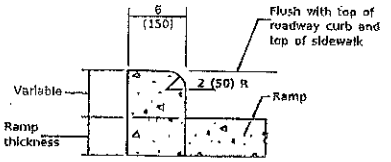
CORNER PARALLEL CURB RAMP



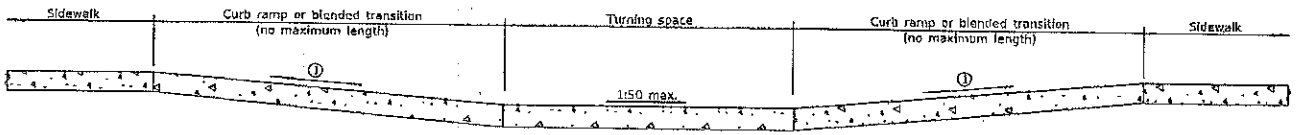
SECTION B-B



DETAIL A



SIDE CURB DETAIL



SECTION A-A

① The running slope of a curb ramp shall be 1:20 min. and 1:12 max. The running slope of a blended transition shall be 1:20 max.

GENERAL NOTES

All slope ratios are expressed as units of vertical displacement to units of horizontal displacement (V:H).

Where the turning space is constrained on a side opposite a ramp, the minimum length of the turning space in the direction of the ramp-run shall be 5' (1.52 m).

Where 1:50 maximum slope is shown, 1:64 is preferred.

Detectable warnings are shown in their ideal locations but the following placement tolerances are allowed.

Side Border - Detectable warnings should extend the full width of the walking surface (excluding flared sides) but a border along each side up to 2 in. (50 mm) in width is allowed.

Curb Set-Back - Detectable warnings located at the back of curb should closely align with the curb but a gap up to 6 in. (150 mm) behind the curb is allowed.

See Standard 606001 for details of depressed curb adjacent to curb ramp.

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise shown.

Illinois Department of Transportation

PASSED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF POLICY AND PROCEDURES

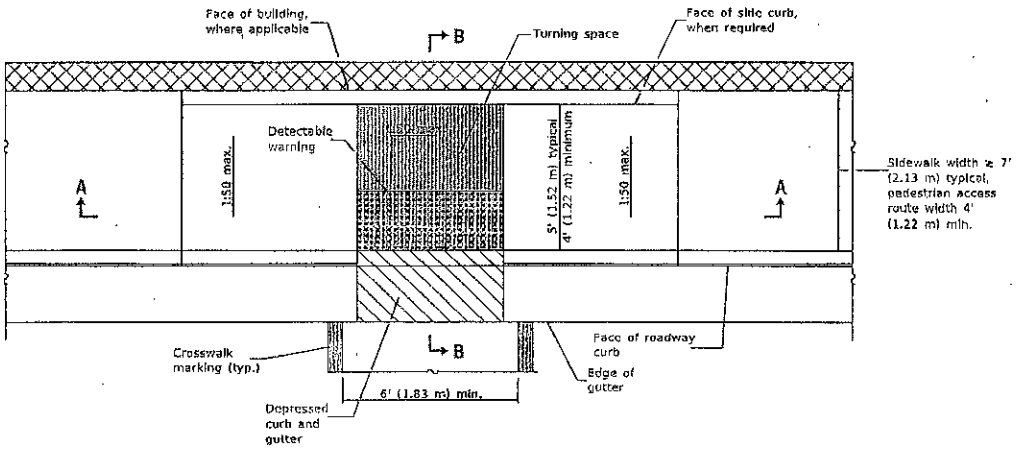
APPROVED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT

ISSUED 1-1-19

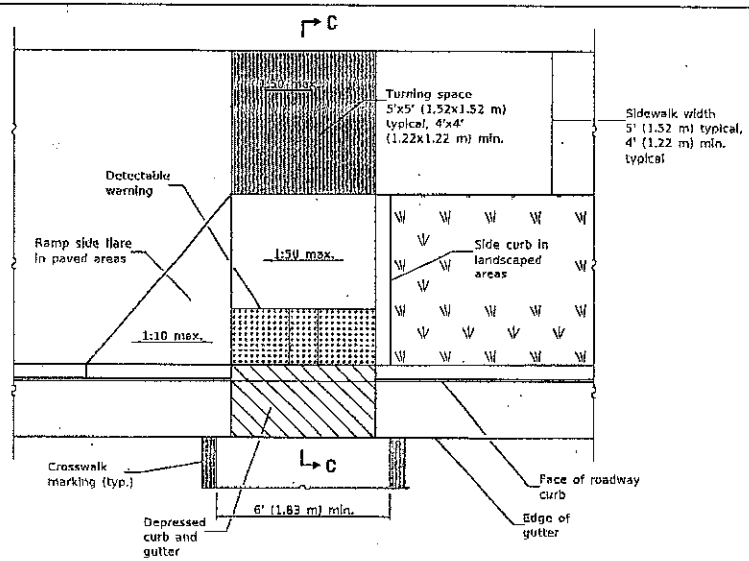
DATE	REVISIONS
1-1-19	Removed upper landing, added blended transition and detectable warning tolerances.
1-1-17	Revised sidewalk width to include 24 (610) buffer behind curb.

CORNER PARALLEL CURB RAMPS FOR SIDEWALKS

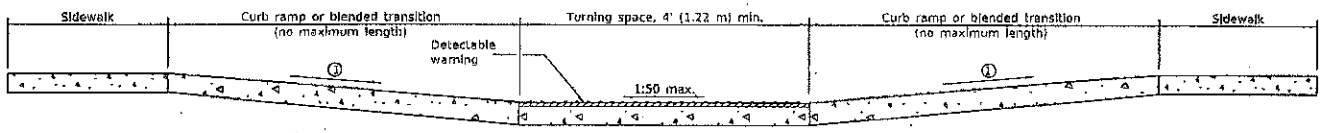
STANDARD 424011-04



PARALLEL MID-BLOCK CURB RAMP

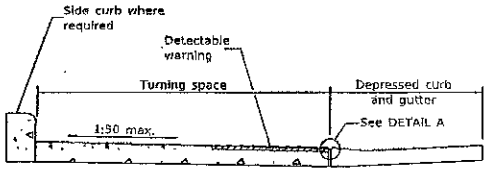


PERPENDICULAR MID-BLOCK CURB RAMP

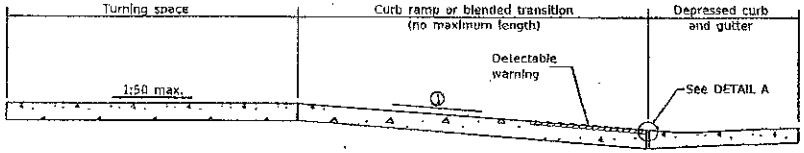


SECTION A-A

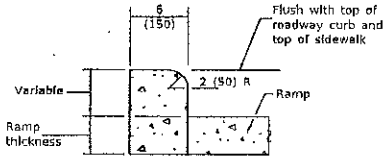
① The running slope of a curb ramp shall be 1:20 min. and 1:12 max. The running slope of a blended transition shall be 1:20 max.



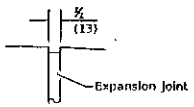
SECTION B-B



SECTION C-C



SIDE CURB DETAIL



DETAIL A

GENERAL NOTES

All slope ratios are expressed as units of vertical displacement to units of horizontal displacement (V:H).

Where the turning space is constrained on a side opposite a ramp, the minimum length of the turning space in the direction of the ramp-run shall be 5' (1.52 m).

Where 1:50 maximum slope is shown, 1:64 is preferred.

Detectable warnings are shown in their ideal locations but the following placement tolerances are allowed.

Side Border - Detectable warnings should extend the full width of the walking surface (excluding flared sides) but a border along each side up to 2 in. (50 mm) in. width is allowed.

Curb Set-Back - Detectable warnings located at the back of curb should closely align with the curb but a gap up to 6 in. (150 mm) behind the curb is allowed.

See Standard 606001 for details of depressed curb adjacent to curb ramp.

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise shown.

Illinois Department of Transportation

PASSED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF POLICY AND PROCEDURES

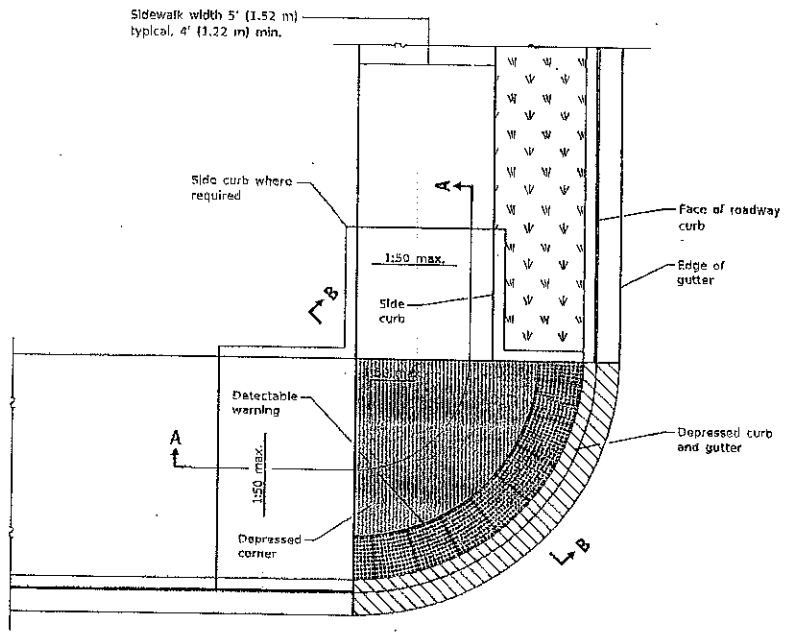
APPROVED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT

424016

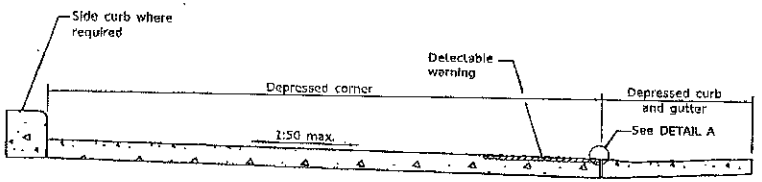
DATE	REVISIONS
1-1-19	Removed upper landing, added
	blended transitions and detectable
	warning tolerances.
1-1-18	Omitted diagonal slope at
	turning spaces and upper
	landings.

MID-BLOCK CURB RAMPS FOR SIDEWALKS

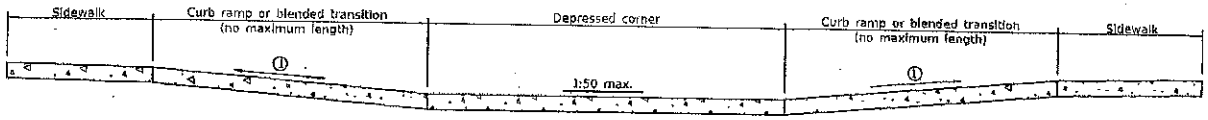
STANDARD 424016-05



DEPRESSED CORNER

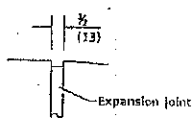


SECTION B-B

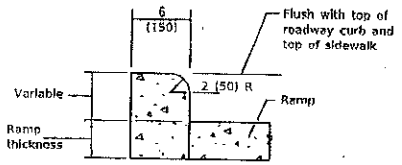


SECTION A-A

① The running slope of a curb ramp shall be 1:20 min. and 1:12 max. The running slope of a blended transition shall be 1:20 max.



DETAIL A



SIDE CURB DETAIL

GENERAL NOTES

This standard shall only be used for curb radii of 6 ft. (1.83 m) or greater.

All slope ratios are expressed as units of vertical displacement to units of horizontal displacement (V:H).

Where 1:50 maximum slope is shown, 1:64 is preferred.

Detectable warnings are shown in their ideal tolerances but the following placement tolerances are allowed.

Side Border - Detectable warnings should extend the full width of the walking surface (excluding flared sides) but a border along each side up to 2 in. (50 mm) in. width is allowed.

Curb Set-Back - Detectable warnings located at the back of curb should closely align with the curb but a gap up to 6 in. (150 mm) behind the curb is allowed.

See Standard 606001 for details of depressed curb adjacent to curb ramp.

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise shown.

Illinois Department of Transportation

PASSED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF POLICY AND PROCEDURES

APPROVED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT

BSDSD 1-1-19

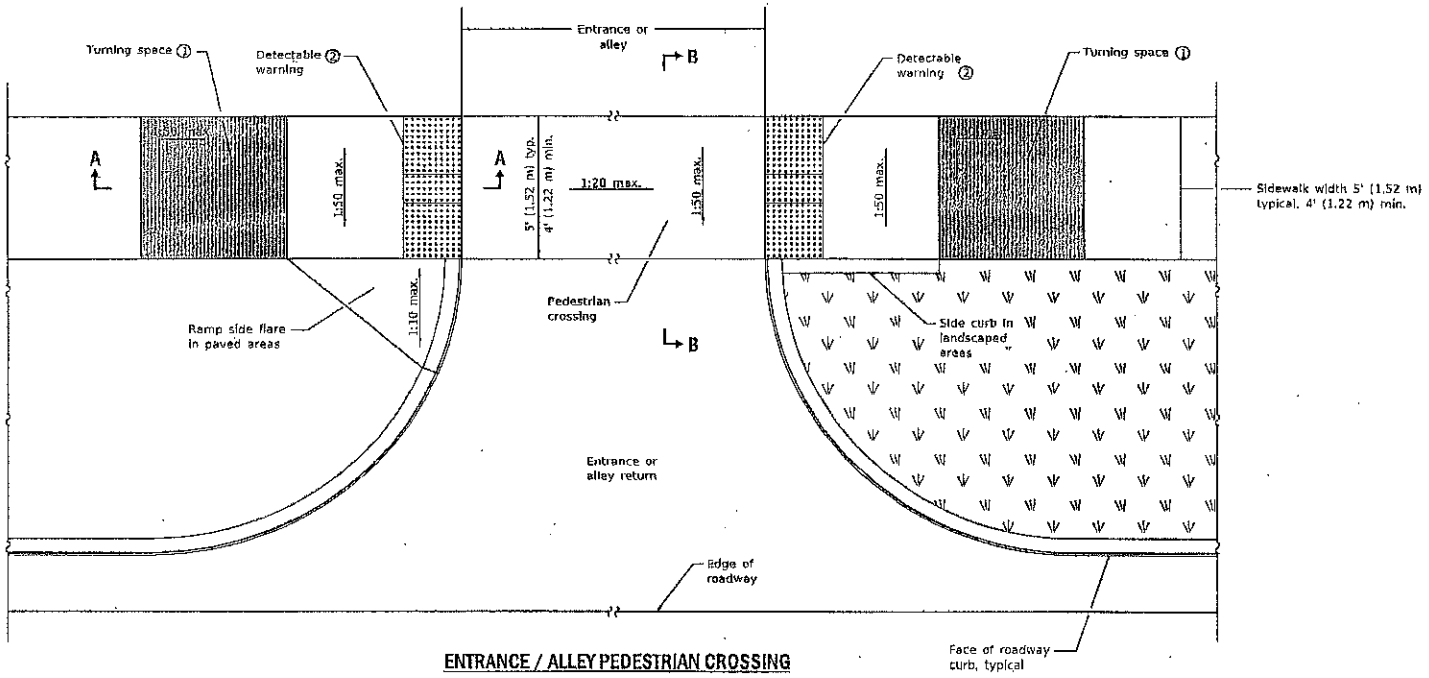
DATE	REVISIONS
1-1-19	Removed upper landings, added
	blended transition and detectable
	warning tolerances.
1-1-18	Omitted diagonal slope at
	turning spaces and upper
	landings.

DEPRESSED CORNER FOR SIDEWALKS

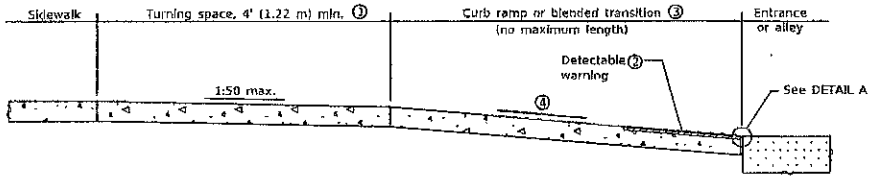
STANDARD 424021-05

⑦ Detectable warning shall only be installed at entrances/alleys with permanent traffic control devices (i.e. stop signs, signals).

③ Where possible, maintain the grade of the sidewalk across the entrance/alley to avoid the need for ramps and turning spaces.



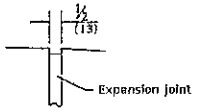
ENTRANCE / ALLEY PEDESTRIAN CROSSING



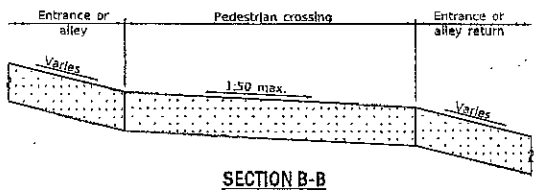
SECTION A-A

① Turning space not required for blended transitions.

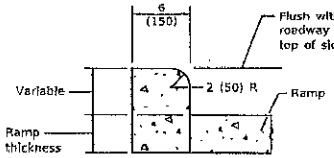
④ The running slope of a curb ramp shall be 1:20 min and 1:12 max. The running slope of a blended transition shall be 1:20 max.



DETAIL A



SECTION B-B



SIDE CURB DETAIL

GENERAL NOTES

All slope ratios are expressed as units of vertical displacement to units of horizontal displacement (V:H).

Where 1:50 maximum slope is shown, 1:64 is preferred.

Detectable warnings are shown in their ideal locations but the following placement tolerances are allowed.

Side Border - Detectable warnings should extend the full width of the walking surface (excluding flared sides) but a border along each side up to 2 in. (50 mm) in width is allowed.

Curb Set-Back - Detectable warnings located at the back of curb should closely align with the curb but a gap up to 6 in. (150 mm) behind the curb is allowed.

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise shown.

Illinois Department of Transportation

PASSED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF POLICY AND PROCEDURES

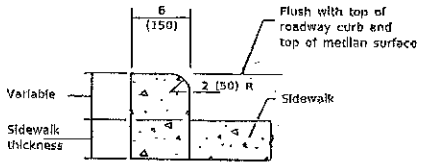
APPROVED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT

ISSUED 19-01

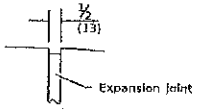
DATE	REVISIONS
1-1-19	Added blended transitions and placement tolerances for detectable warnings.
1-1-18	Omitted diagonal slope at upper landings.

ENTRANCE / ALLEY PEDESTRIAN CROSSINGS

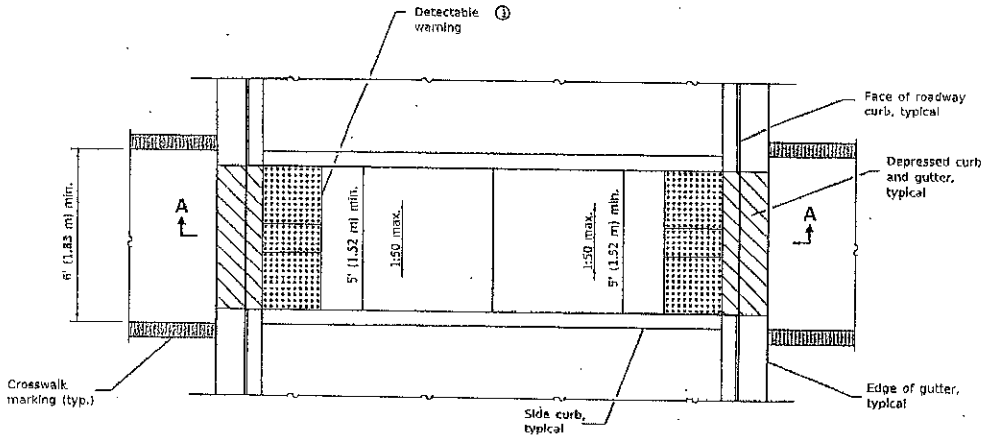
STANDARD 424026-03



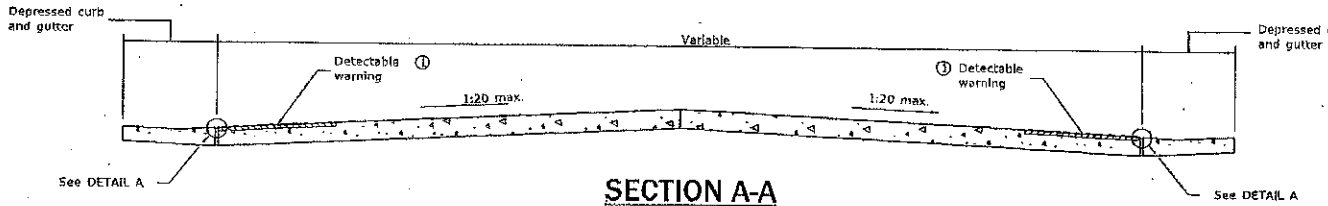
SIDE CURB DETAIL



DETAIL A



MEDIAN PEDESTRIAN CROSSING



SECTION A-A

① Omit detectable warnings when distance between back of curbs is less than 6' (1.83 m).

GENERAL NOTES

All slope ratios are expressed as units of vertical displacement to units of horizontal displacement (V:H).

Where 1:50 maximum slope is shown, 1:64 is preferred.

Detectable warnings are shown in their ideal locations but the following placement tolerances are allowed.

Side Border - Detectable warnings should extend the full width of the walking surface (excluding flared sides) but a border along each side up to 2 in. (50 mm) in width is allowed.

Curb Set-Back - Detectable warnings located at the back of curb should closely align with the curb but a gap up to 6 in. (150 mm) behind the curb is allowed.

See Standard 606001 for details of depressed curb adjacent to curb ramp.

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise shown.

Illinois Department of Transportation

PASSED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF POLICY AND PROCEDURES

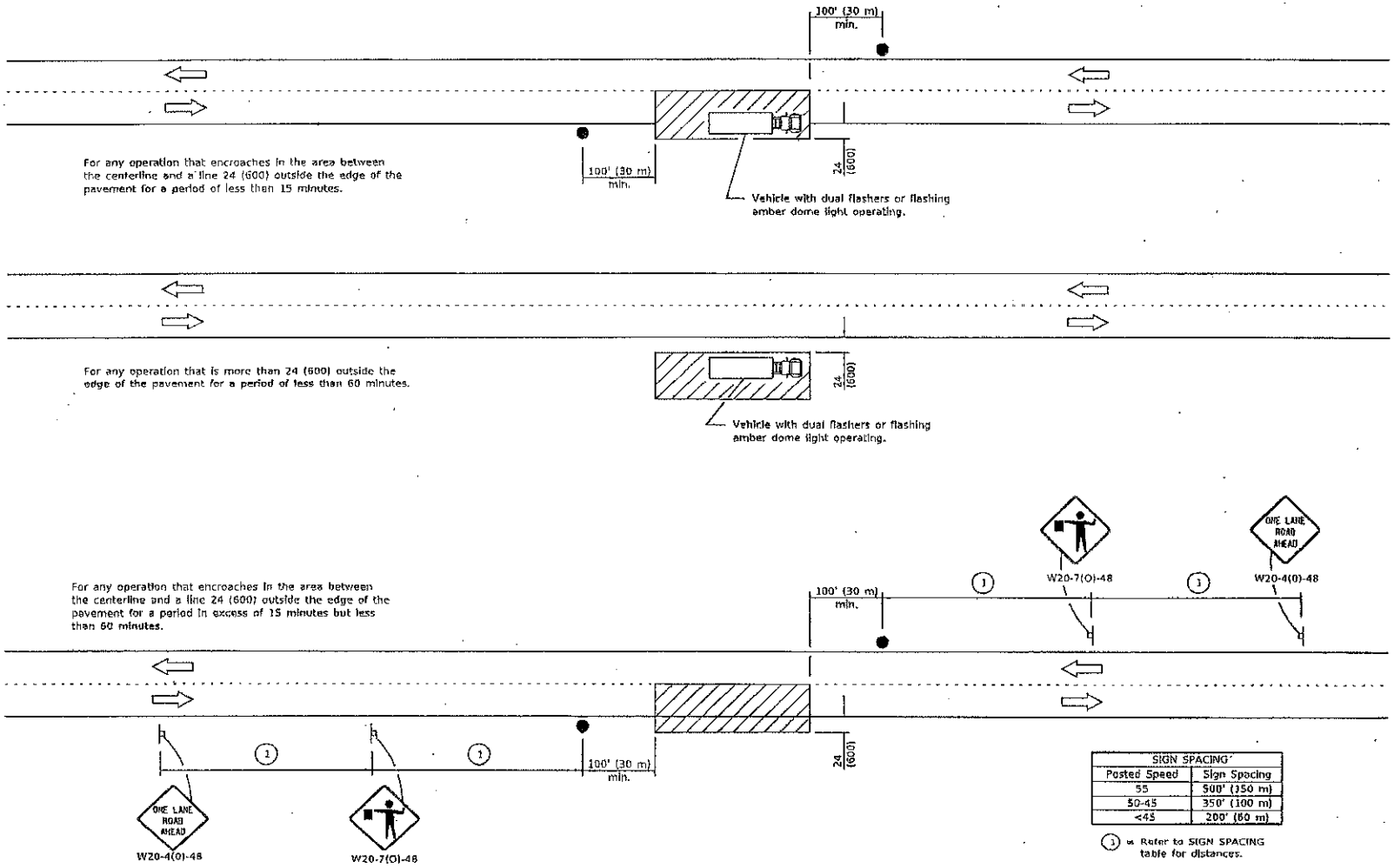
APPROVED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT

01-01-19 CURRENT

DATE	REVISIONS
1-1-19	Added placement tolerances for
	detectable warnings.
1-1-12	Widened crosswalk to 6'
	(1.83 m) min. inside dimension.
	Revised General Notes.

MEDIAN PEDESTRIAN CROSSINGS

STANDARD 424031-02



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Marking patches
Field survey
String line
Utility operations
Cleaning up debris on pavement

SYMBOLS

Work area
Sign on portable or permanent support
Flagger with traffic control sign

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise shown.

Illinois Department of Transportation

PASSED January 1 2011
ENGINEER OF SAFETY ENGINEERING

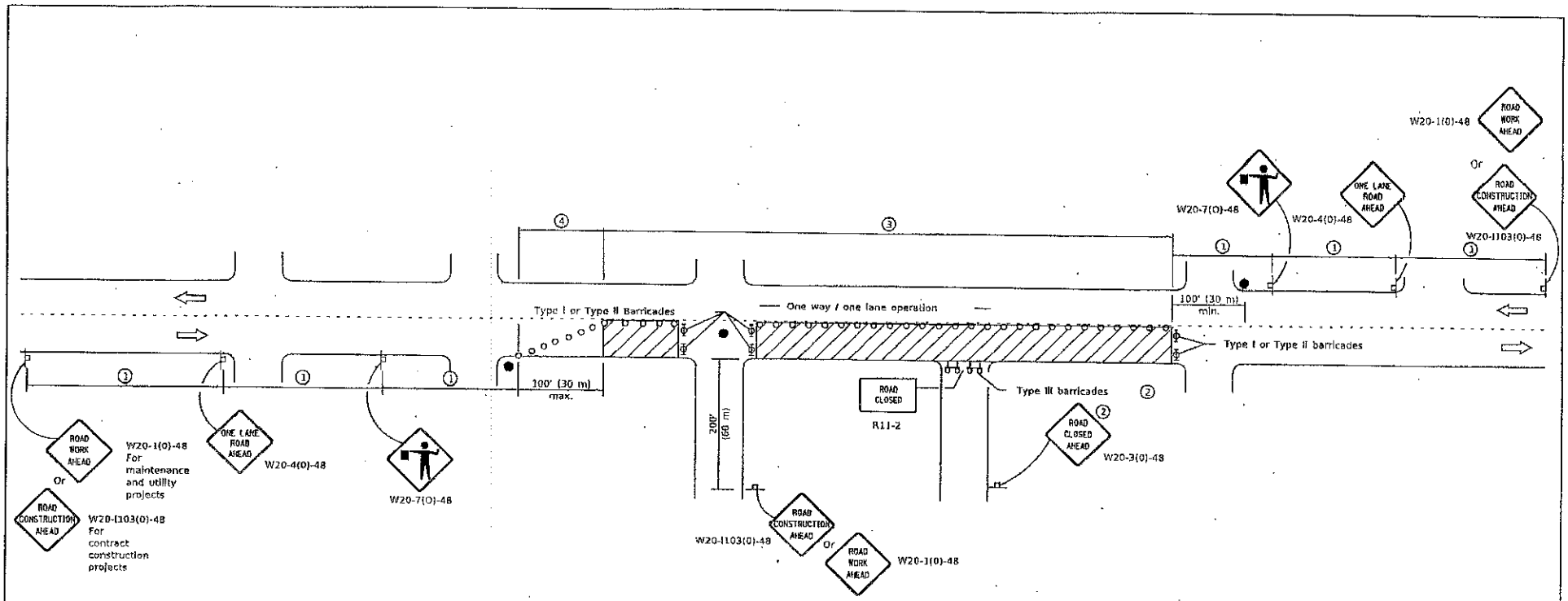
APPROVED January 1 2011
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT

ISSUED 1-1-11

DATE	REVISIONS
1-1-11	Revised flagger sign.
1-1-09	Switched units to
	English (metric).

LANE CLOSURE, 2L, 2W, SHORT TIME OPERATIONS

STANDARD 701301-04



SIGN SPACING	
Posted Speed	Sign Spacing
55	500' (150 m)
50-45	350' (100 m)
<45	200' (60 m)

SYMBOLS

- Work area
- Cone, drum or barricade (not required for moving operations)
- Sign on portable or permanent support
- Flagger with traffic control sign
- Barricade or drum with flashing light
- Type III barricade with flashing lights

1. Refer to SIGN SPACING TABLE for distances.
2. For approved sideroad closures.
3. Cones at 25' (8 m) centers for 250' (75 m). Additional cones may be placed at 50' (15 m) centers. When drums or Type I or Type II barricades are used, the interval between devices may be doubled.
4. Cones, drums or barricades at 20' (6 m) centers.

GENERAL NOTES

This Standard is used where at any time, day or night, any vehicle, equipment, workers or their activities encroach on the pavement requiring the closure of one traffic lane in an urban area.

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise shown.

Illinois Department of Transportation

PASSED January 1, 2011
ENGINEER OF SAFETY ENGINEERING

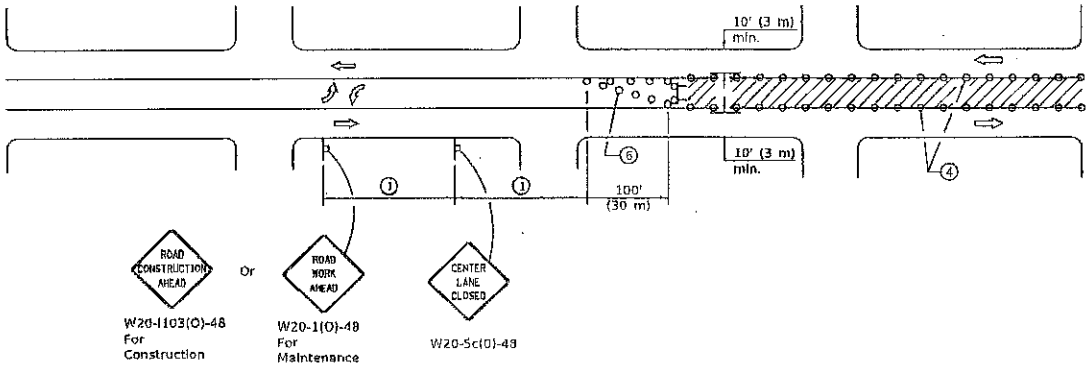
APPROVED January 1, 2011
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT

ISSUED 1-1-11

DATE	REVISIONS
1-1-11	Revised flagger sign.
1-1-09	Switched units to
	English (metric).
	Corrected sign No.'s.

URBAN LANE CLOSURE, 2L, 2W, UNDIVIDED

STANDARD 701501-06



CASE I

(Signs required for both directions)

SIGN SPACING	
Posted Speed	Sign Spacing
55	500' (150 m)
50-45	350' (100 m)
≤45	200' (60 m)

SYMBOLS

- Work area
- Barricade or drum with flashing light
- Flagger with traffic control sign
- Cone, drum or barricade
- Sign on portable or permanent support
- Type III barricade with flashing lights

1. Refer to SIGN SPACING TABLE for distances.
2. Required for speeds > 40 mph (70 km/h).
3. Required if work exceeds 500' (164 m) or 1 block.
4. Cones at 25' (8 m) centers for 250' (75 m) on approach. Additional cones may be placed at 50' (15 m) centers. When drums or type I or II barricades are used, the interval between devices may be doubled.
5. For approved sideroad closures.
6. Cones, drums or barricades at 20' (6 m) centers in taper.
7. Use flagger sign only when flagger is present.

GENERAL NOTES

This Standard is used to close one lane of an urban, two lane, two way roadway with a bidirectional turn lane.

Case I applies when no workers are present. When workers are present, two lanes shall be closed and traffic control shall be according to Standard 701501.

Calculate L as follows:

SPEED LIMIT	FORMULAS English	(Metric)
40 mph (70 km/h) or less:	$L=\frac{WS^2}{60}$	$L=\frac{WS^2}{150}$
45 mph (80 km/h) or greater:	L=(W)(S)	L=0.65(W)(S)

W = Width of offset in feet (meters).

S = Normal posted speed mph (km/h).

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise shown.

Illinois Department of Transportation

APPROVED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF SAFETY PROG. AND ENGINEERING

APPROVED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT

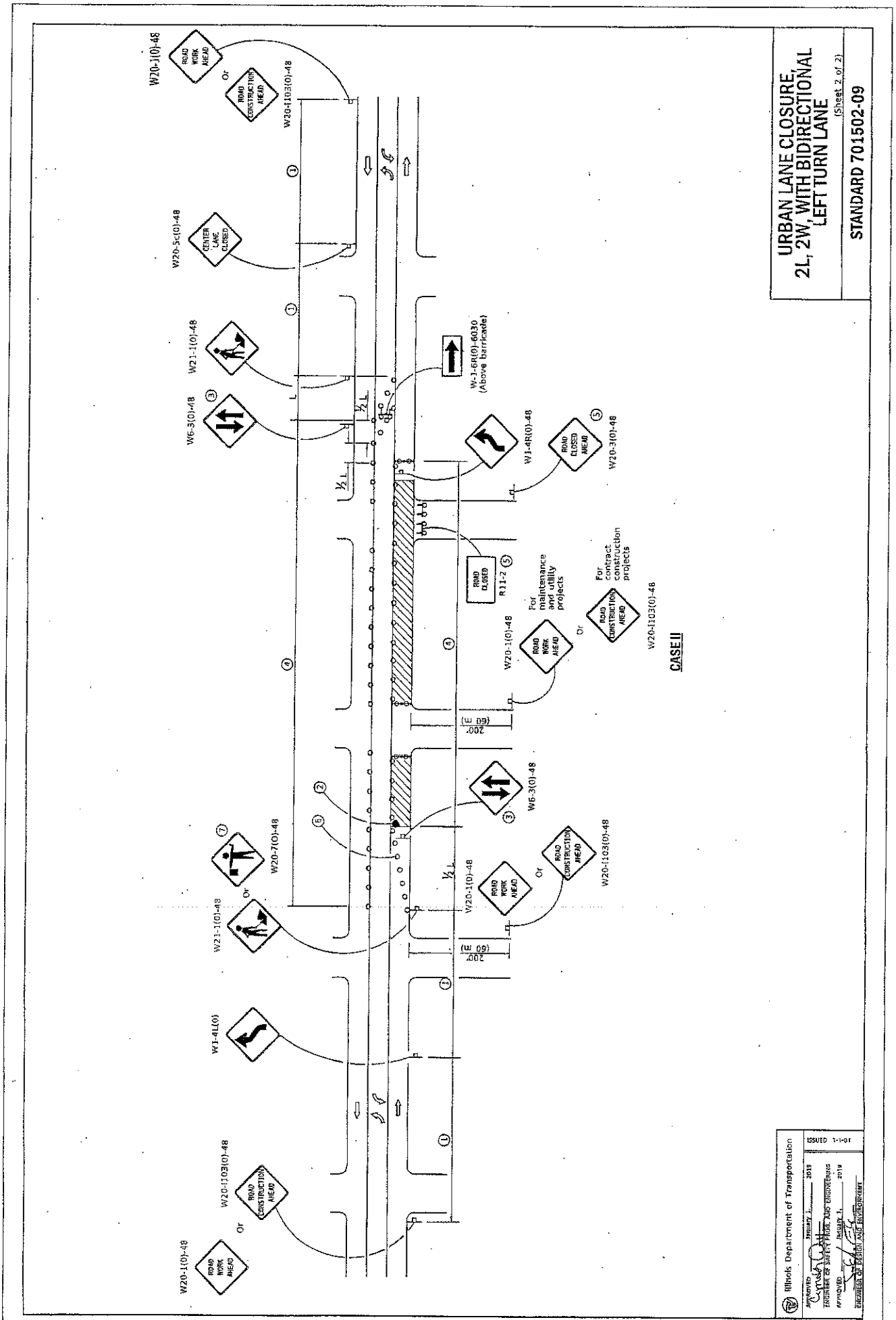
ISSUED 1-1-19

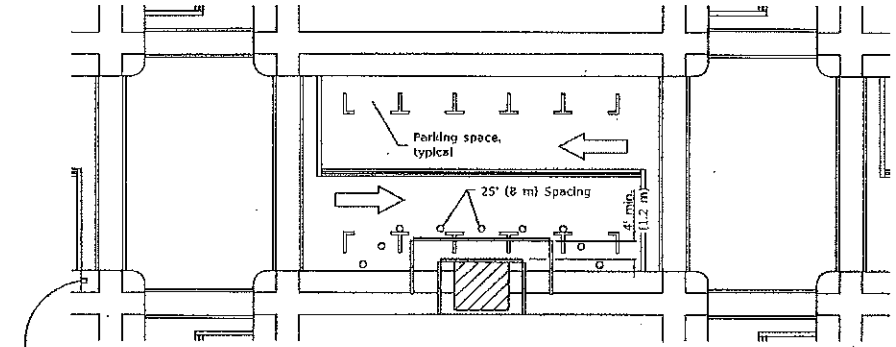
DATE	REVISIONS
1-1-19	Revised to allow cones at night.
1-1-18	Corrected sign number for
	TWO WAY TRAFFIC sign for
	CASE II.

URBAN LANE CLOSURE, 2L, 2W, WITH BIDIRECTIONAL LEFT TURN LANE

(Sheet 1 of 2)

STANDARD 701502-09


URBAN LANE CLOSURE,
2L, 2W, WITH BIDIRECTIONAL
LEFT TURN LANE
(Sheet 2 of 2)
STANDARD 701502-09
Illinois Department of Transportation
ISSUED 1-1-09
W20-1(0)-48
ROAD WORK AHEAD
Or
W20-1103(0)-48
ROAD CONSTRUCTION AHEAD
W20-5c(0)-48
CENTER LANE CLOSED
W21-1(0)-48
W6-3(0)-48
W1-6R(0)-6030
(Above barricade)
W1-4R(0)-48
ROAD CLOSED AHEAD
W20-3(0)-48
ROAD CLOSED
R11-2
For maintenance and utility projects
For contract construction projects
CASE II
W20-7(0)-48
W1-4L(0)
200'
(60 m)
½ L
L

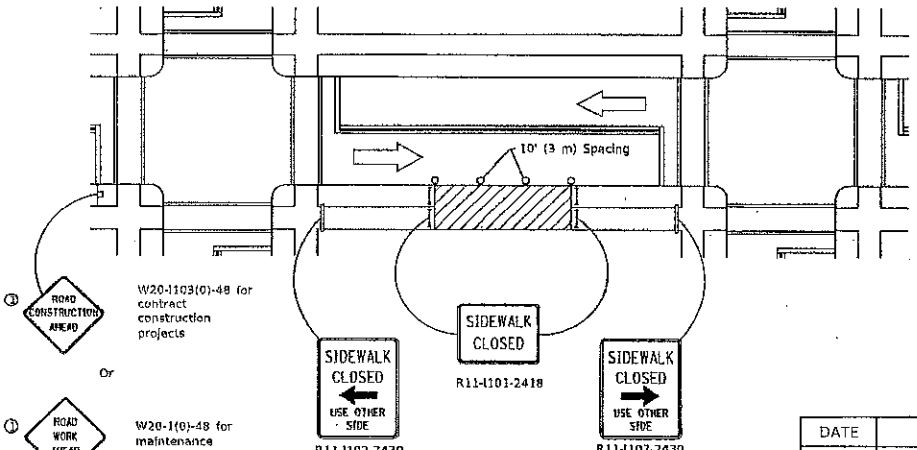


③ ROAD CONSTRUCTION AHEAD — W20-1103(0)-48 for contract construction projects

Or

③ ROAD WORK AHEAD — W20-1(0)-48 for maintenance and utility projects

SIDEWALK DIVERSION



③ ROAD CONSTRUCTION AHEAD — W20-1103(0)-48 for contract construction projects

Or

③ ROAD WORK AHEAD — W20-1(0)-48 for maintenance and utility projects

SIDEWALK CLOSURE

SYMBOLS

- Work area
- Sign on portable or permanent support
- Barricade or drum
- Cone, drum or barricade.
- Type III barricade
- Detectable pedestrian channelizing barricade

③ Omit whenever duplicated by road work traffic control.

GENERAL NOTES

This Standard is used where, at any time, pedestrian traffic must be rerouted due to work being performed.

This Standard must be used in conjunction with other Traffic Control & Protection Standards when roadway traffic is affected.

Temporary facilities shall be detectable and accessible.

The temporary pedestrian facilities shall be provided on the same side of the closed facilities whenever possible.

The SIDEWALK CLOSED / USE OTHER SIDE sign shall be placed at the nearest crosswalk or intersection to each end of the closure. Where the closure occurs at a corner, the signs shall be erected on the corners across the street from the closure. The SIDEWALK CLOSED signs shall be used at the ends of the actual closures.

Type III barricades and R11-2-4830 signs shall be positioned as shown in "ROAD CLOSED TO ALL TRAFFIC" detail on Standard 701901.

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise shown.

Illinois Department of Transportation

PASSED April 1, 2016
ENGINEER OF SAFETY ENGINEERING

APPROVED April 1, 2016
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT

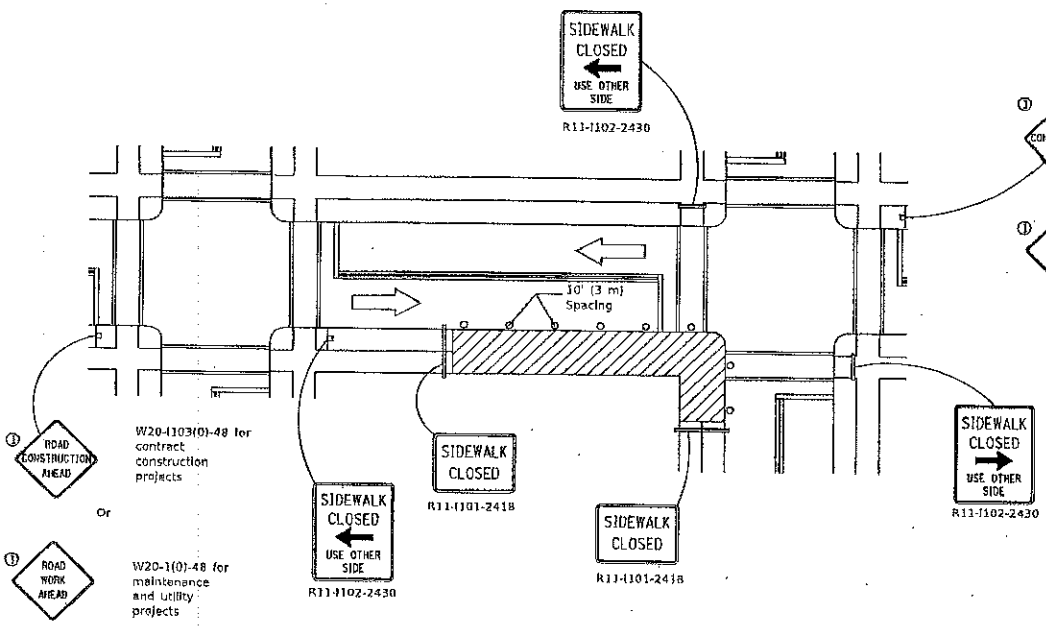
ISSUED 1-1-97

DATE	REVISIONS
4-1-16	Omitted orange safety fence
	from standard as this is
	covered in the std. spec.
1-1-12	Added SIDEWALK DIVERSION.
	Modified appearance of
	plan views. Renamed Std.

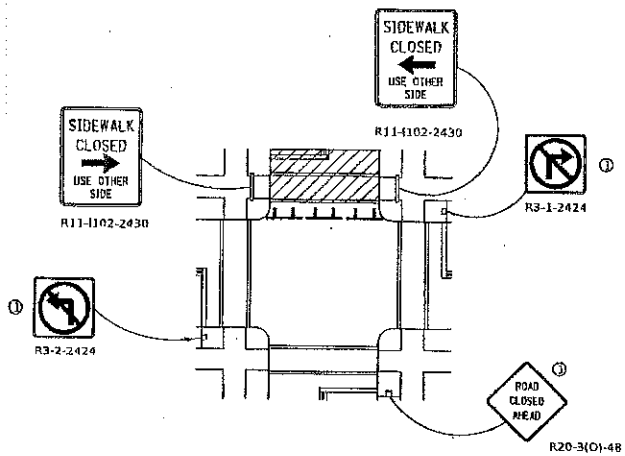
SIDEWALK, CORNER OR CROSSWALK CLOSURE

(Sheet 1 of 2)

STANDARD 701801-06



CORNER CLOSURE



CROSSWALK CLOSURE

Illinois Department of Transportation

PASSED April 1, 2016
ENGINEER OF SAFETY ENGINEERING

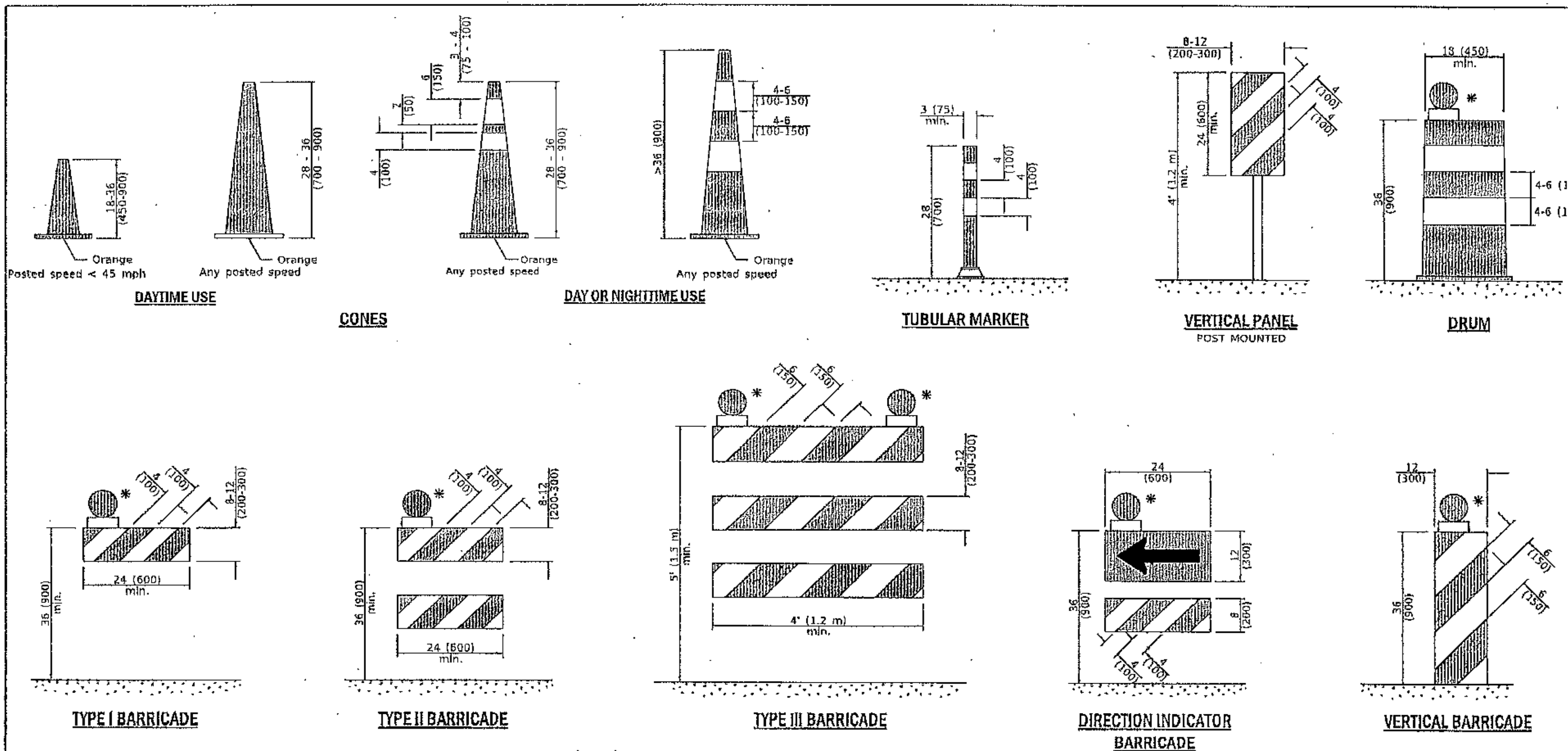
APPROVED April 1, 2016
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT

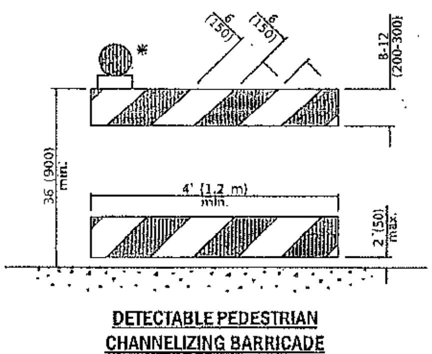
ISSUED 15-16

SIDEWALK, CORNER OR CROSSWALK CLOSURE

(Sheet 2 of 2)

STANDARD 701801-06





* Warning lights (if required)

GENERAL NOTES

All heights shown shall be measured above the pavement surface.

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise shown.

DATE	REVISIONS
1-1-18	Revised cone usage and added cones >36" (900 m) height.
1-1-18	Revised END WORK ZONE SPEED LIMIT sign from orange to white background.

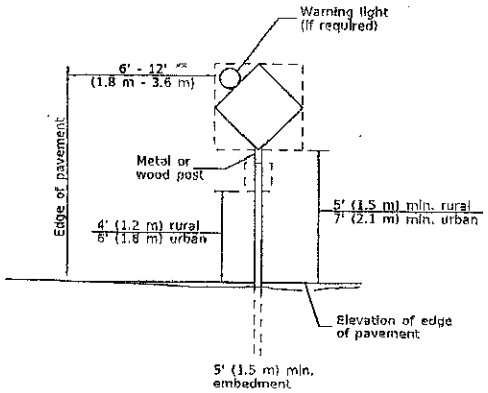
TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

(Sheet 1 of 3)

STANDARD 701901-08

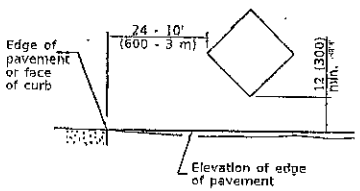
Illinois Department of Transportation

APPROVED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF SAFETY PROG. AND ENGINEERING
APPROVED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT
ISSUED 1-1-13



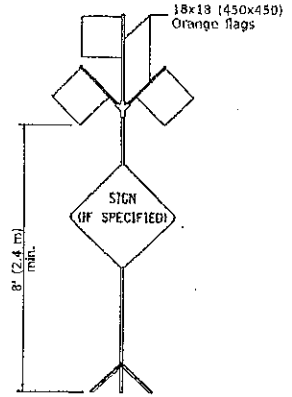
POST MOUNTED SIGNS

* When curb or paved shoulder are present this dimension shall be 24 (600) to the face of curb or 6' (1.8 m) to the outside edge of the paved shoulder.

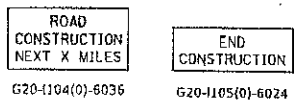


SIGNS ON TEMPORARY SUPPORTS

*** When work operations exceed four days, this dimension shall be 5' (1.5 m) min. If located behind other devices, the height shall be sufficient to be seen completely above the devices.



HIGH LEVEL WARNING DEVICE



G20-I104(0)-6036 G20-I105(0)-6024

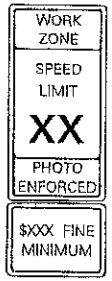
This signing is required for all projects 2 miles (3200 m) or more in length.

ROAD CONSTRUCTION NEXT X MILES sign shall be placed 500' (150 m) in advance of project limits.

END CONSTRUCTION sign shall be erected at the end of the job unless another job is within 2 miles (3200 m).

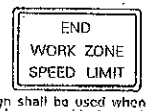
Dual sign displays shall be utilized on multi-lane highways.

WORK LIMIT SIGNING



W21-I115(0)-3618
R2-1-3648
R10-I108p-3618 ****
R2-I106p-3618

Sign assembly as shown on Standards or as allowed by District Operations.



G20-I103-6036

This sign shall be used when the above sign assembly is used.

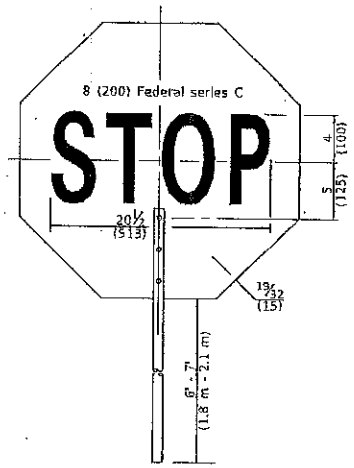
HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION SPEED ZONE SIGNS

**** R10-I108p shall only be used along roadways under the jurisdiction of the State.

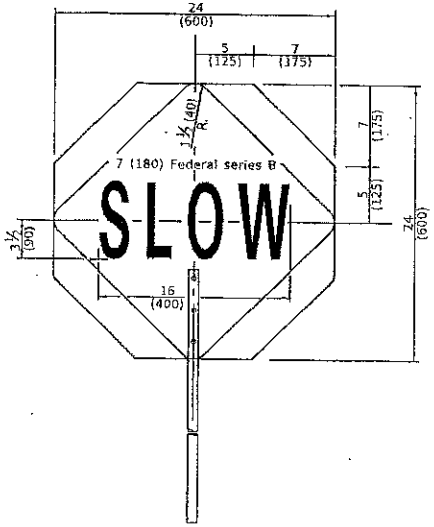
W12-I103-4848

WIDTH RESTRICTION SIGN

XX'-XX" width and X miles are variable.



FRONT SIDE



REVERSE SIDE

FLAGGER TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGN

Illinois Department of Transportation

APPROVED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF SAFETY PROG. AND ENGINEERING

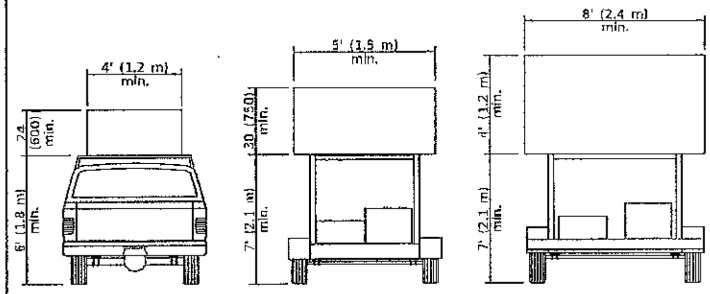
APPROVED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT

ISSUED 1-1-19

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

(Sheet 2 of 3)

STANDARD 701901-08

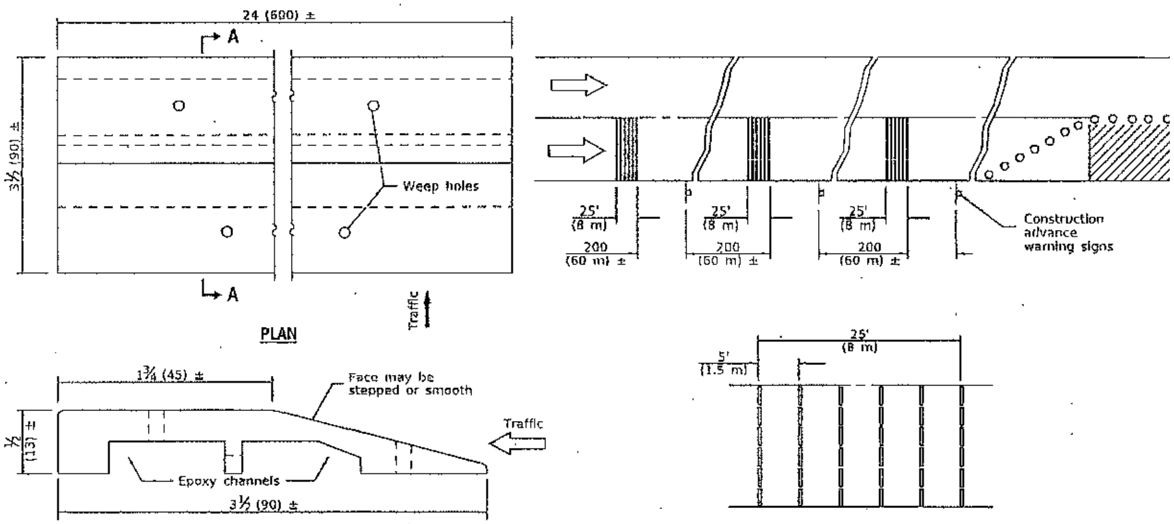


TYPE A ROOF MOUNTED

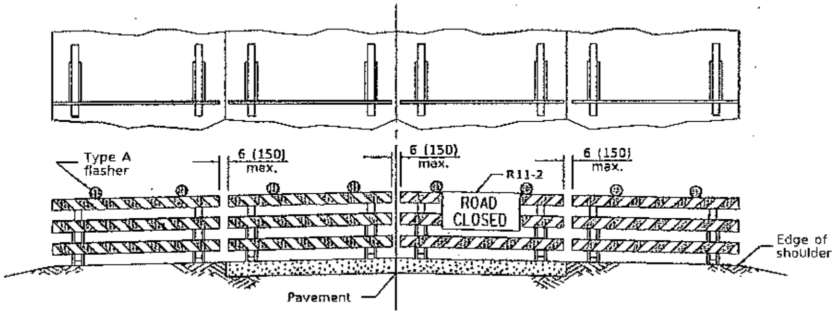
TYPE B ROOF OR TRAILER MOUNTED

TYPE C TRAILER MOUNTED

ARROW BOARDS

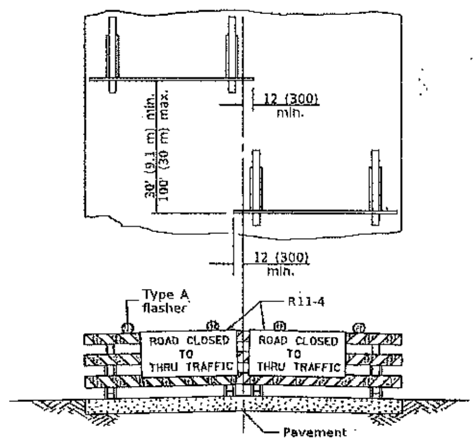


TEMPORARY RUMBLE STRIPS



ROAD CLOSED TO ALL TRAFFIC

Reflectorized striping may be omitted on the back side of the barricades.
If a Type III barricade with an attached sign panel which meets NCHRP 350 is not available, the sign may be mounted on an NCHRP 350 temporary sign support directly in front of the barricade.



ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC

Reflectorized striping shall appear on both sides of the barricades. If a Type III barricade with an attached sign panel which meets NCHRP 350 is not available, the signs may be mounted on NCHRP 350 temporary sign supports directly in front of the barricade.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS OF TYPE III BARRICADES CLOSING A ROAD

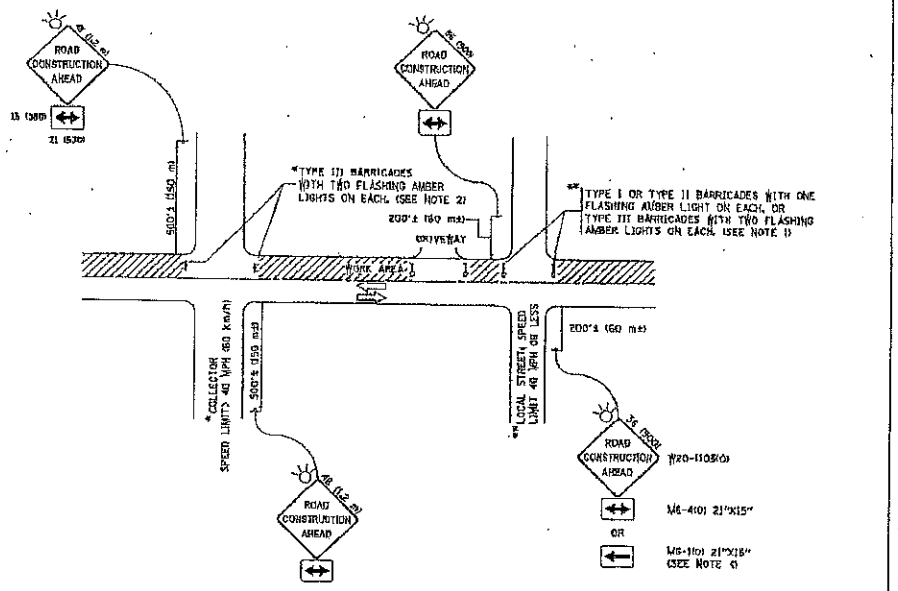
Illinois Department of Transportation

APPROVED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF SAFETY PROG. AND ENGINEERING
APPROVED January 1, 2019
ENGINEER OF DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENT

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

(Sheet 3 of 3)

STANDARD 701901-08



NOTES:

1. SIDE ROAD WITH A SPEED LIMIT OF 40 MPH (60 Km/h) OR LESS AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWING AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
   a) ONE "ROAD CONSTRUCTION AHEAD" SIGN 36 x 36 (900x900) WITH A FLASHER MOUNTED ON IT APPROXIMATELY 200' (60 m) IN ADVANCE OF THE MAIN ROUTE.
   b) THE CLOSED PORTION OF THE MAIN ROUTE SHALL BE PROTECTED BY BLOCKING WITH TYPE I, TYPE II OR TYPE III BARRICADES. 1/3 OF THE CROSS SECTION OF THE CLOSED PORTION.
2. SIDE ROAD WITH A SPEED LIMIT GREATER THAN 40 MPH (60 Km/h) AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWING AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
   a) ONE "ROAD CONSTRUCTION AHEAD" SIGN 48 x 48 (1.2 m x 1.2 m) WITH A FLASHER MOUNTED ON IT APPROXIMATELY 500' (150 m) IN ADVANCE OF THE MAIN ROUTE.
   b) THE CLOSED PORTION OF THE MAIN ROUTE SHALL BE PROTECTED BY BLOCKING WITH TYPE III BARRICADES. 1/2 OF THE CROSS SECTION OF THE CLOSED PORTION.
3. CONES MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR BARRICADES OR DRUMS AT HALF THE SPACING DURING DAY OPERATIONS. CONES SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 28 (710) IN HEIGHT.
4. WHEN THE SIDE ROAD LIES BETWEEN THE BEGINNING OF THE WARNING SIGNING AND THE WORK ZONE, A SINGLE HEADED ARROW M6-3 SHALL BE USED IN LIEU OF THE DOUBLE HEADED ARROW M6-4).
5. WHEN WORK IS BEING PERFORMED ON A SIDE ROAD OR DRIVEWAY, FOLLOW THE APPLICABLE STANDARDS. THE DIRECTIONAL ARROW M6-1 OR M6-4) SHALL BE COVERED OR REMOVED WHEN NO LONGER CONSISTENT WITH THE TRAFFIC CONTROL SET-UP.
6. ADVANCE WARNING SIGNS ARE TO BE OMITTED ON DRIVEWAYS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS OR BY THE ENGINEER.
7. THE TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION FOR SIDE ROADS, INTERSECTIONS, AND DRIVEWAYS SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE COST OF SPECIFIED TRAFFIC CONTROL STANDARDS OR ITEMS.

All dimensions are in inches unless otherwise shown.

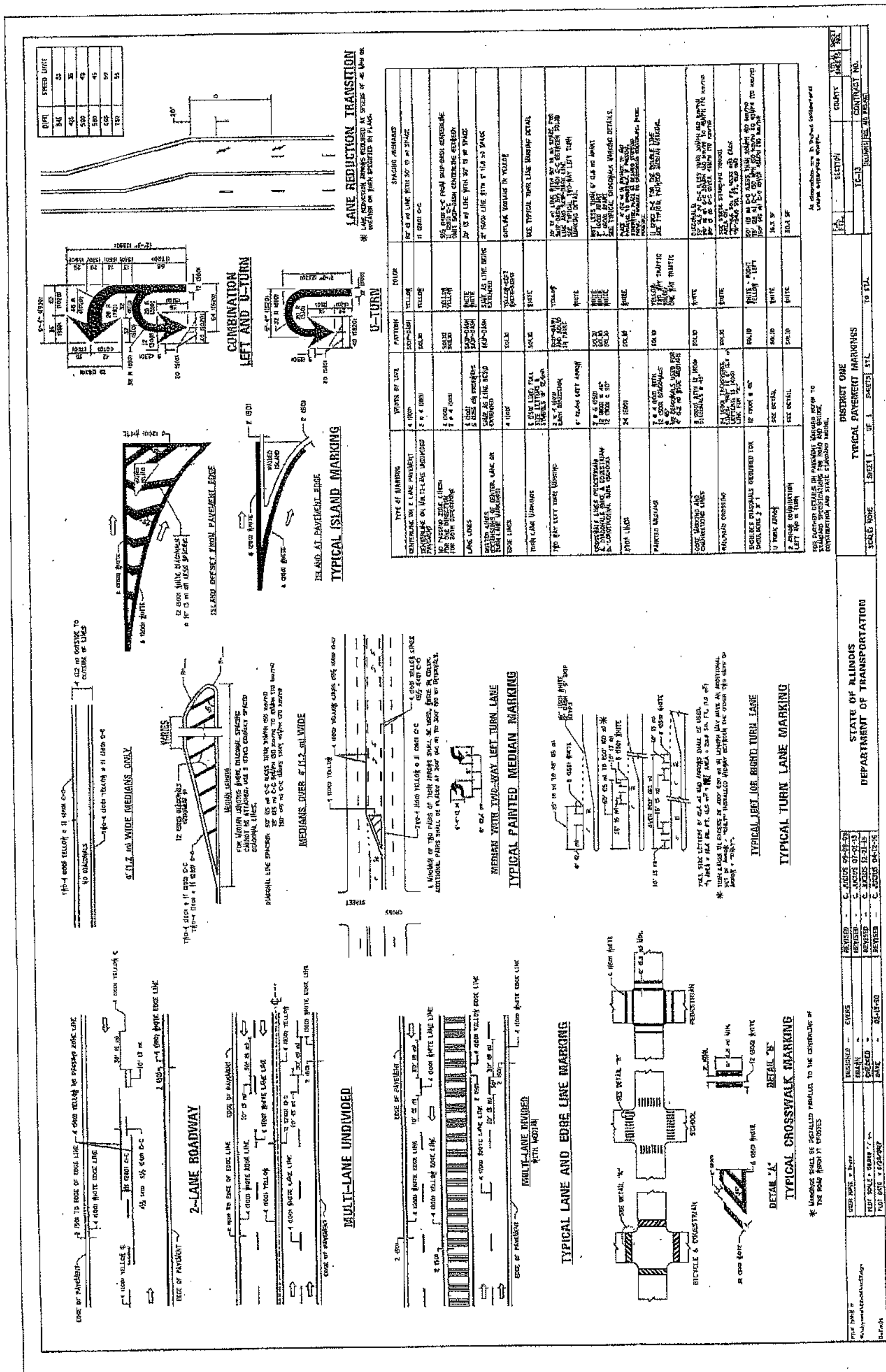
FILE NAME =	USER NAME = fosterej	DESIGNED - LAA	REVISED - A. HOUSER 10-15-04
Default	PLOT SCALE = 99.000 ' / in.	CHECKED -	REVISED - A. SCHUETZE 07-01-15
	PLOT DATE = 4/15/2016	DATE - 06-99	REVISED - A. SCHUETZE 09-15-16

STATE OF ILLINOIS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

TRAFFIC CONTROL AND PROTECTION FOR SIDE ROADS, INTERSECTIONS, AND DRIVEWAYS

SCALE: NONE | SHEET 1 OF 1 SHEETS | STA. | TO STA.

F.A. RTE.	SECTION	COUNTY	TOTAL SHEETS	SHEET NO.
	TC-10			
		CONTRACT NO.		
		ILLINOIS FED. AID PROJECT		


2-LANE ROADWAY
MULTI-LANE UNDIVIDED
MULTI-LANE DIVIDED WITH MEDIAN
TYPICAL LANE AND EDGE LINE MARKING
DETAIL "A"
DETAIL "B"
TYPICAL CROSSWALK MARKING
4' (1.2 m) WIDE MEDIANS ONLY
MEDIANS OVER 4' (1.2 m) WIDE
MEDIAN WITH TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE
TYPICAL PAINTED MEDIAN MARKING
TYPICAL LEFT (OR RIGHT) TURN LANE
TYPICAL TURN LANE MARKING
ISLAND AT PAVEMENT EDGE
TYPICAL ISLAND MARKING
COMBINATION LEFT AND U-TURN
U-TURN
LANE REDUCTION TRANSITION
STATE OF ILLINOIS
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DISTRICT ONE
TYPICAL PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Village of Downers Grove
Contractor Evaluation

Contractor: Lorusso Cement Contractors

Projects: 2019 Sidewalk Replacement Project (S-006)

Primary Contact: Norf Lorusso Phone: (630) 231-9009

Time Period: July 2019 to September 2019

On Schedule (allowing for uncontrollable circumstances) ☒ Yes ☐ No

Provide details if early or late completion:

Change Orders (attach information if needed):

Difficulties / Positives: No notable difficulties. Contractor was easy to work with and flexible. Communication was clear and consistent throughout project. Employees were approachable and courteous with residents when they were asked questions.

Interaction with public:

☒ Excellent ☐ Good ☐ Average ☐ Poor

(Attach information on any complaints or compliments)

No formal written compliments. Forwarded resident calls were complimentary of employees.

General Level of Satisfaction with work:

☒ Well Satisfied ☐ Satisfied ☐ Not Satisfied

Reviewer: Matt Stern

Date: 2/21/20